

COVID-19: The Authoritative Chronology, December 2019–March 2020

Background paper 2a
The Independent Panel for Pandemic Preparedness and Response
May 2021







Glossary and abbreviations

AFCOR—Africa Task Force for Novel Coronavirus

AFR-WHO African Region

AMR-WHO Region of the Americas

AP—Associated Press

Article 6—International Health Regulations section regarding Member State notifications to the World Health Organization about a potential international health threat

Article 10—International Health Regulations section regarding Member State verification of emerging disease threat information

AU—African Union

CCDC—Chinese Center for Disease Control

COVID-19—the disease caused by SARS-CoV-2

DG—WHO Director-General

Dispersion factor k—describes how a disease clusters

EB-WHO Executive Board

ECDC—European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control

ED—Executive Director

EEA—European Economic Area

EMR- WHO Eastern Mediterranean Region

EU—European Union

EUR—WHO European Region

G7–Group of Seven

G20-Group of Twenty

GOARN—WHO Global Outbreak Alert and Response Network

HCWs-health care workers

h-to-h—human-to-human

HQ—headquarters

IASC-Inter-agency Standing Committee

IDVI—Infectious Disease Vulnerability Index

IFRC—International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies

IHR—International Health Regulations

ILO—International Labour Organization

Mean serial interval—indicates the length of time between symptom onset of an initial case and any subsequent cases

nCoV—novel coronavirus

PCR—polymerase chain reaction

R&D—research and development

PHEIC—Public Health Emergency of International Concern

PPE—personal protective equipment

ProMED—Program for Monitoring Emerging Diseases

PUO—pneumonia of unknown origin

R0—R naught, basic reproduction number, estimates how many other cases one infected individual is likely to cause prior to institution of public health measures or development of immunity

Rt and Re—R at time t, effective reproduction number, estimates how many other cases one infected individual is likely to cause at a specific time, considering immunity and public health measures

RaTG13—a type of bat coronavirus

RCCE—Risk Communication and Community Engagement

SARS—severe acute respiratory syndrome

SARS-CoV-2—severe acute respiratory syndrome-coronavirus-2, the virus that causes COVID-19 disease

SCMP—South China Morning Post

SEAR-WHO South-East Asian Region

STAG-IH—WHO Strategic and Technical Advisory Group for Infectious Hazards

UN—United Nations

UNHCR—UN High Commissioner for Refugees

UK—United Kingdom

US—United States

US CDC—United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

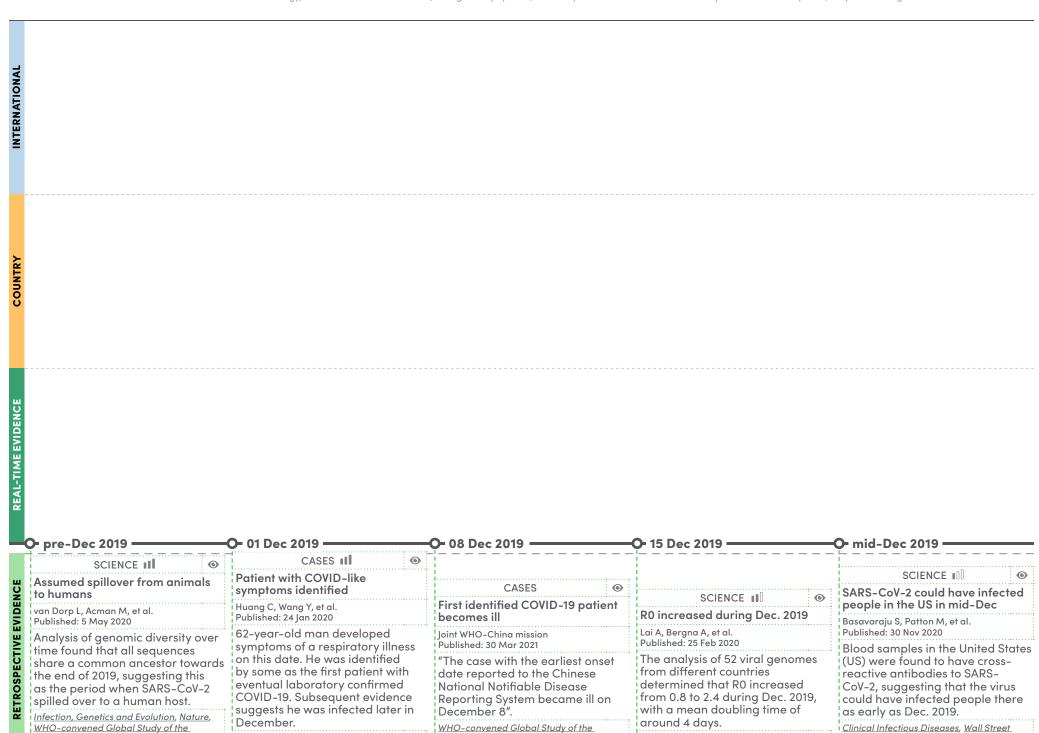
WASH-Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene

WHO-World Health Organization

WPRO-WHO Western Pacific Regional Office

2019-nCoV—novel coronavirus 2019

CHRONOLOGY LEGEND SUB-CATEGORY Headline Author/Actor Published: <<Date>> Caption Links to other sources e.g. news release Time zones CST - China Standard Time CET – Central European Time International actions Country actions Real-time evidence Retrospective evidence **Annotations** Key events Private document Public document WHO action Strength of research 1 - low quality pre-print 2 - medium peer reviewed 3 - high quality top tier journal



Origins of SARS CoV-2

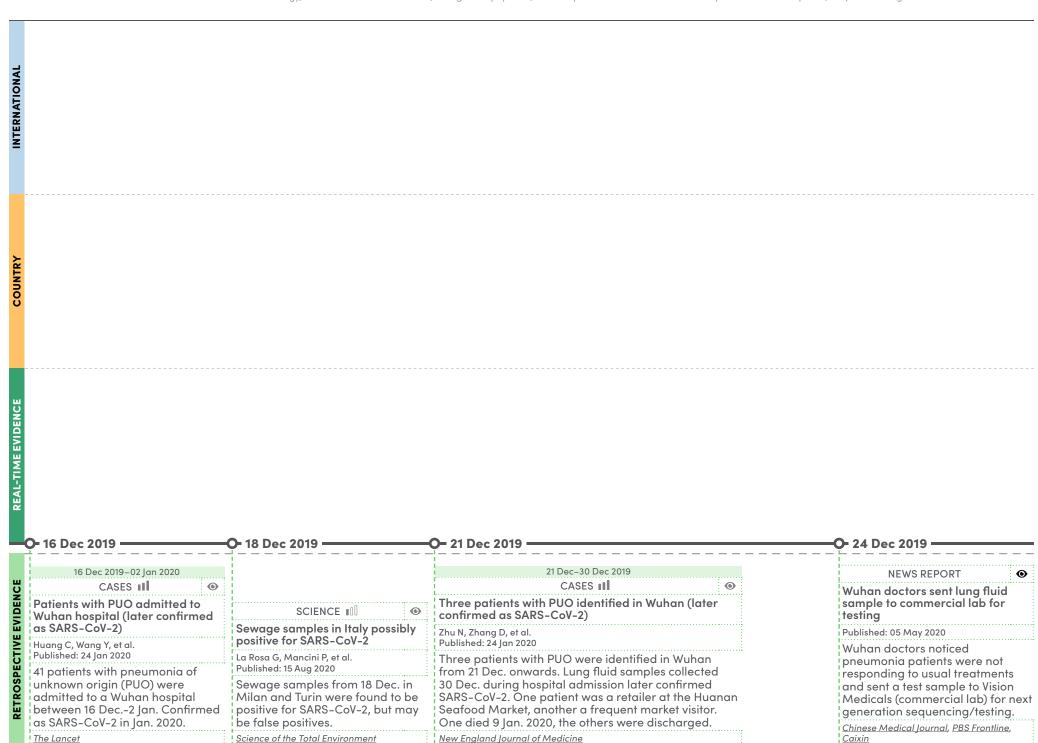
Journal of Medical Virology

Journal

Origins of SARS-CoV-2

The Lancet, WHO, WHO-convened Global

Study of the Origins of SARS-CoV-2



intensive care unit with influenza-like illness in Dec.

was found to be positive for SARS-CoV-2.

International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents, Reuters

2019. The sample from a patient admitted on 27 Dec.

NEWS REPORT

of aenome

Published: 26 Feb 2020

Private lab in China pieced most

Private lab shared next generation

sequence data of potential new

virus with homology to SARS-like

coronavirus with Wuhan officials

Medical Sciences. First reported

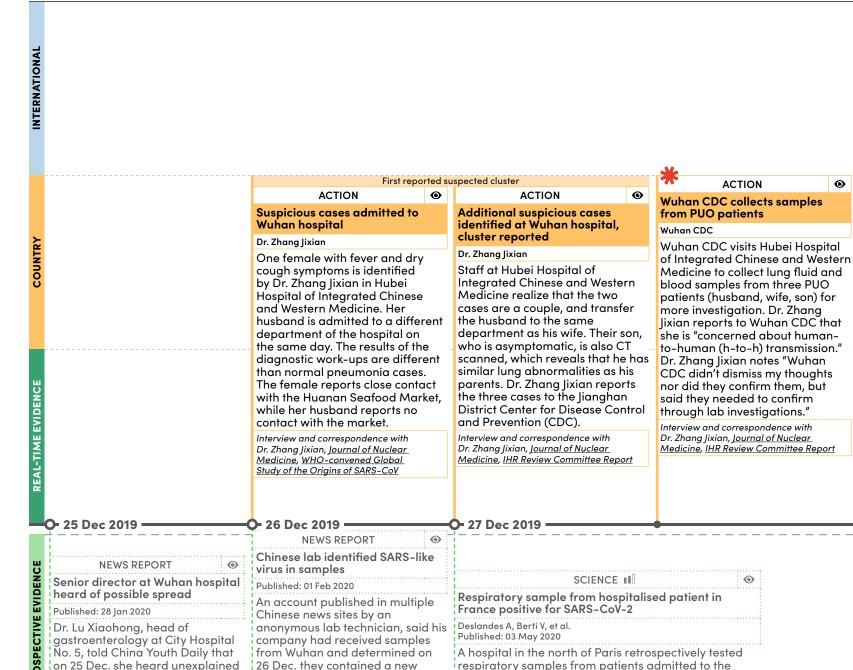
Caixin; independently confirmed

by Chinese finance publication

and the Chinese Academy of

by the Associated Press (AP)

Caixin, Associated Press



coronavirus with 87% similarity

to Severe Acute Respiratory

Syndrome (SARS).

Washington Post, Caixin

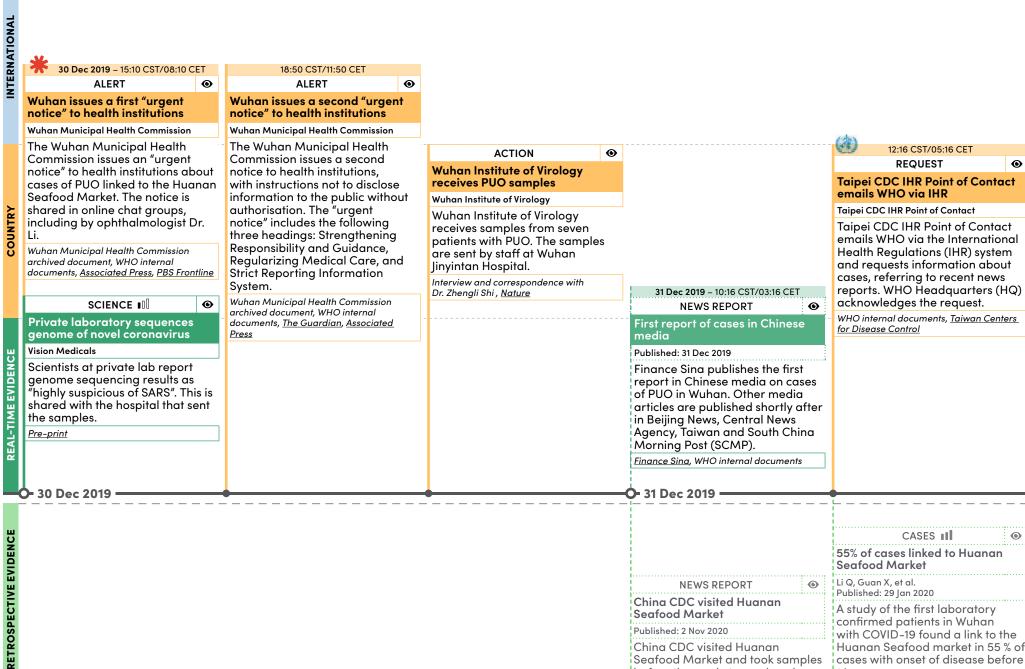
viral pneumonia was spreading

among health care workers

China Youth Daily, NY Times

(HCWs).





Published: 2 Nov 2020

NY Times

China CDC visited Huanan

before the market was closed.

Seafood Market and took samples

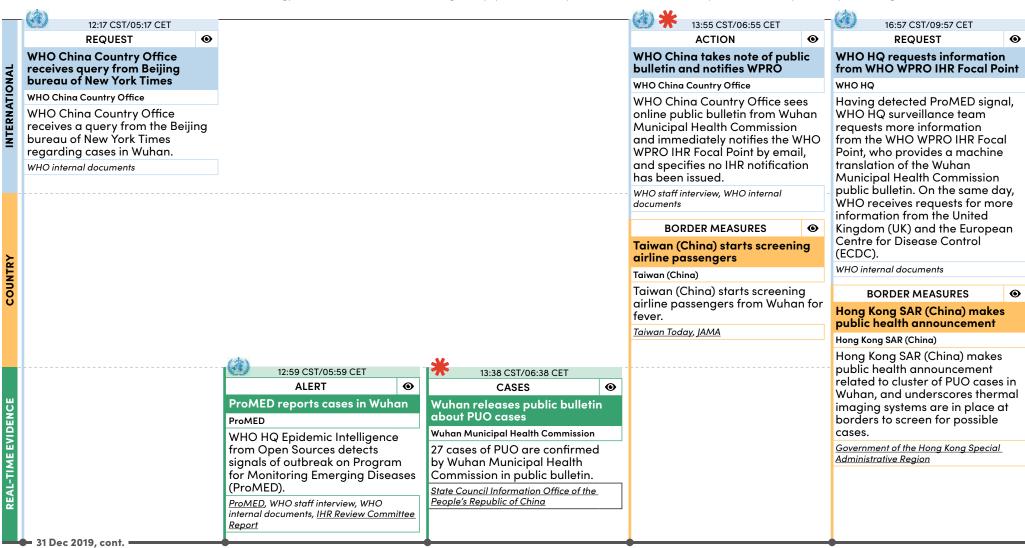
confirmed patients in Wuhan

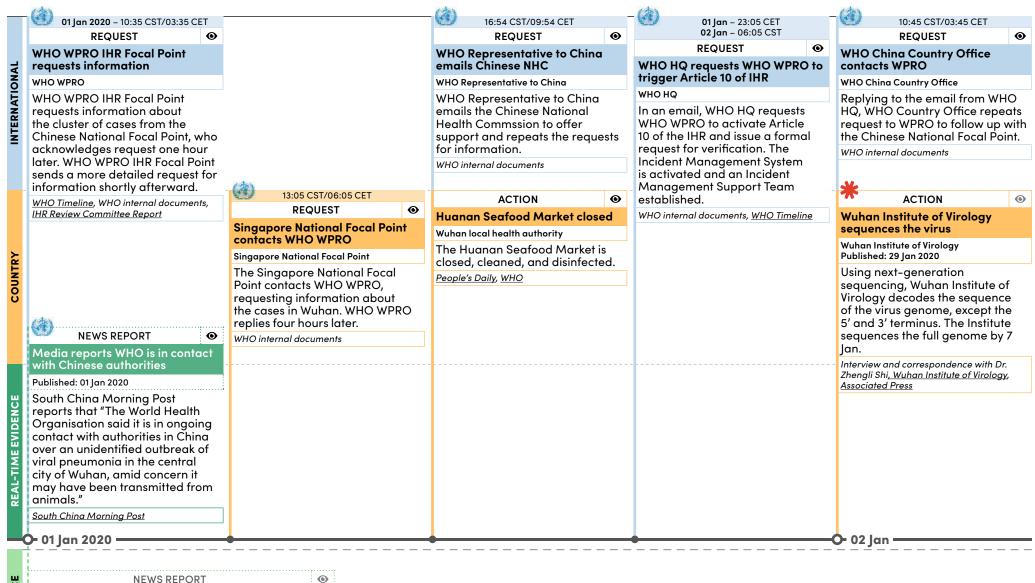
New England Journal of Medicine

with COVID-19 found a link to the

Huanan Seafood market in 55 % of

cases with onset of disease before





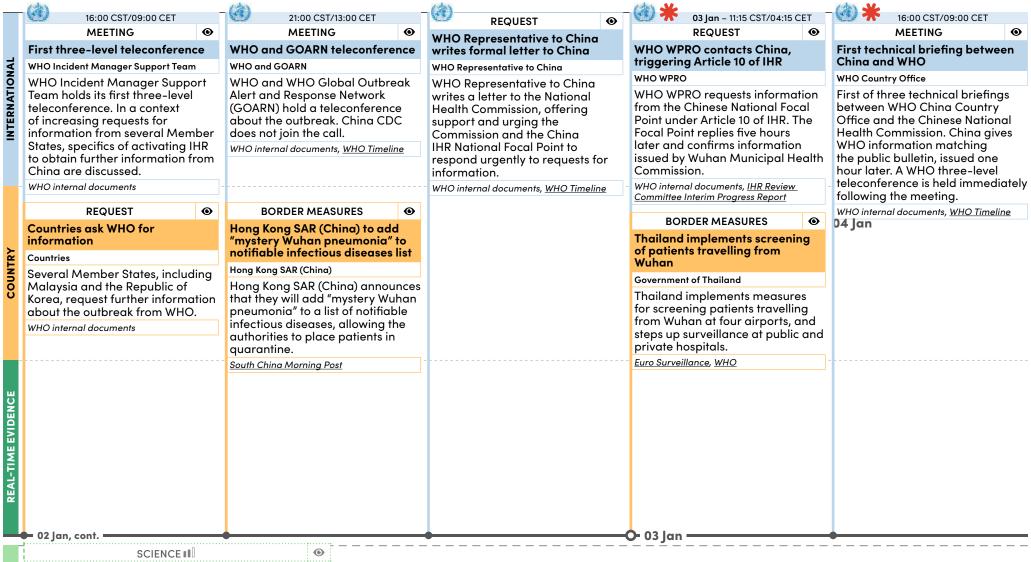


The doctors questioned include ophthalmologist Li Wenliang, who had sent a private chat message to colleagues about a new SARS-like virus. The incidents were reported on the Chinese newscast "Xinwen Lianbo", watched by millions. The police followed up with a warning in the Xinhua News Agency and "call on all netizens to not fabricate rumors, not spread or believe rumors."

Eight doctors questioned by Wuhan police

Washington Post, The Lancet

Published: 01 Feb 2020

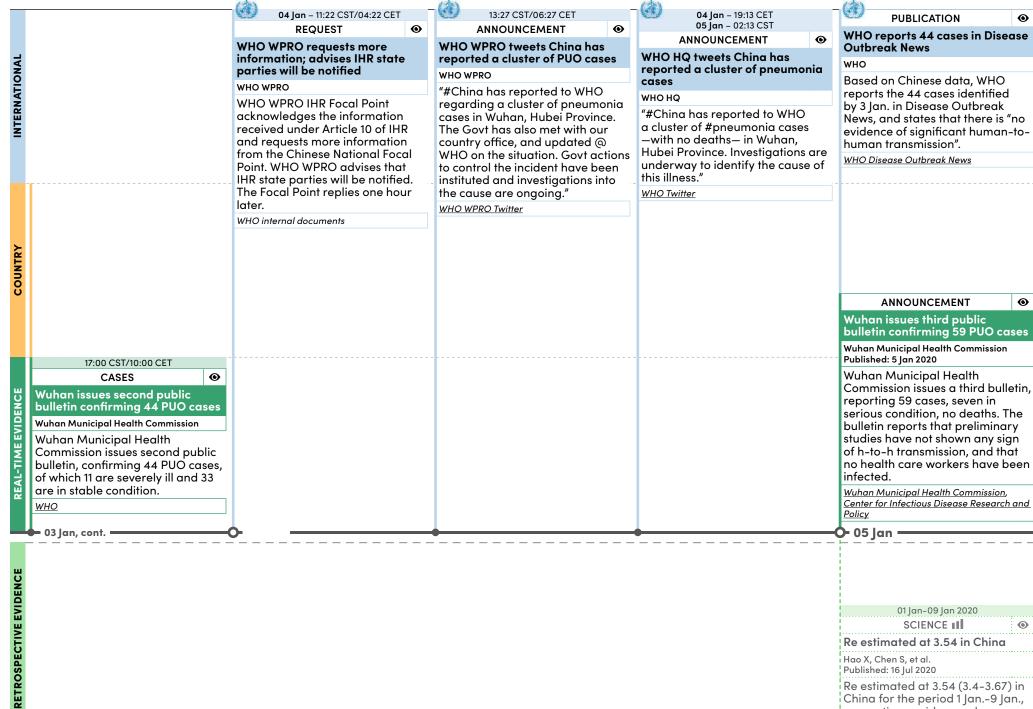


Sampling at Huanan Seafood Market showed the virus was present in the environment, not in animals

loint WHO-China mission Published: 31 Jul 2020

Of 336 samples collected from animals at Huanan Seafood Market, none was positive by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) for SARS-CoV-2. 69 out of 842 environmental samples were positive by PCR for SARS-CoV-2. Three genetic sequences of SARS-CoV-2 from environmental samples at Huanan Seafood Market eventually were published on the Global Initiative on Sharing All Influenza Data.

WHO-Convened Global Study of the Origins of SARS-CoV-2



Re estimated at 3.54 (3.4-3.67) in China for the period 1 Jan.-9 Jan., suggesting rapid spread. <u>Nature</u>

Associated Press

<u>BBC</u>

IHR

WHO

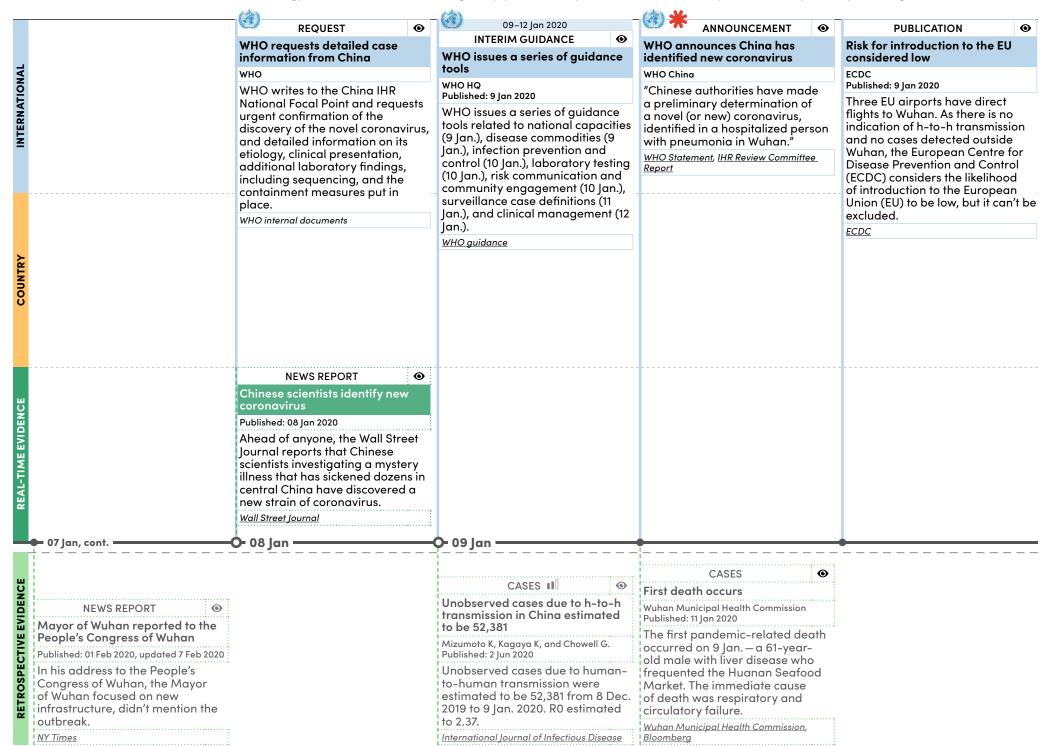
<u>Report</u>

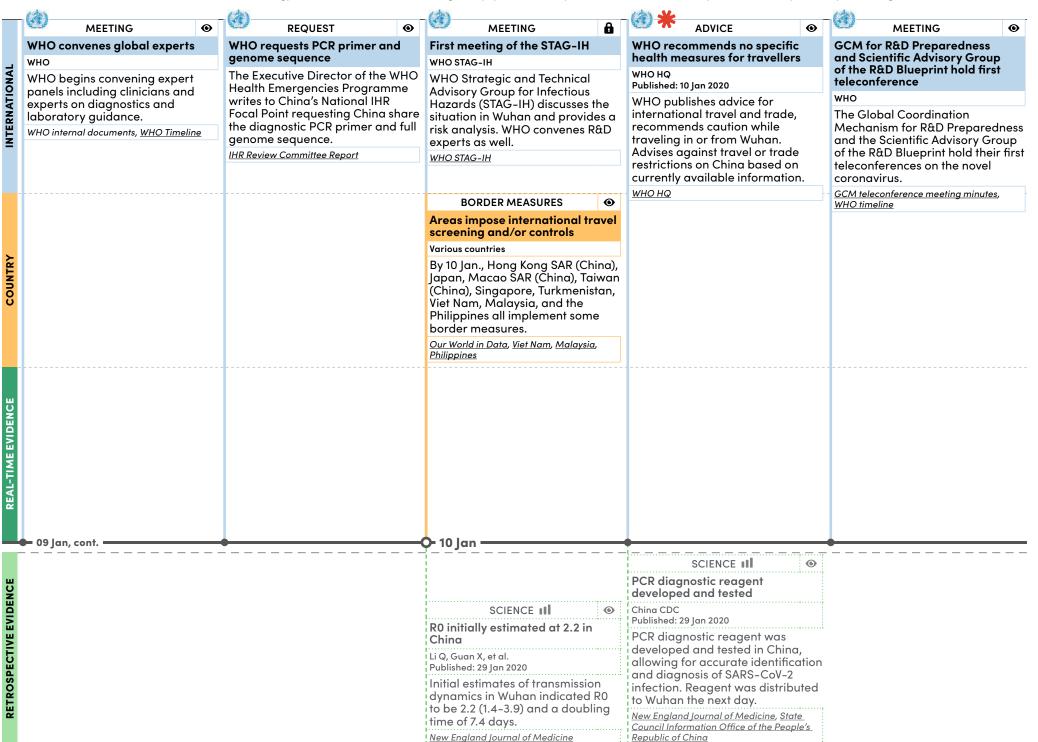
REAL-TIME EVIDENCE

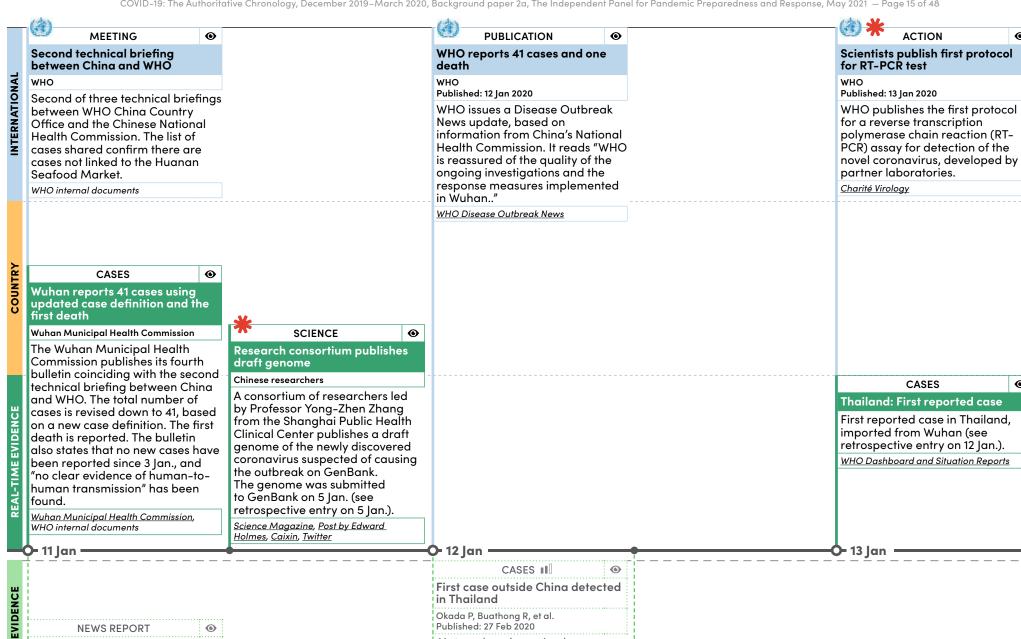
Interview and correspondence with Dr. Zhengli Shi, Wuhan Institute of Virology

GenBank submission, Nature

Associated Press







Crowds gather at Wuhan events

Published: 01 Feb 2020

Holiday shopping fairs and other events continued. Without clear government warnings, people kept travelling within and beyond

Washington Post

Air traveler who arrived from Wuhan on 8 Jan. was identified through airport thermosurveillance and was diagnosed in hospital on 12 Jan. Virus was genetically identical to

Euro Surveillance, IHR Review Committee Report

30 Dec. strains in Wuhan.

China: 1.723 estimated cases

Estimated cases of COVID-19 were 1,723 based on data looking at probability of exportation.

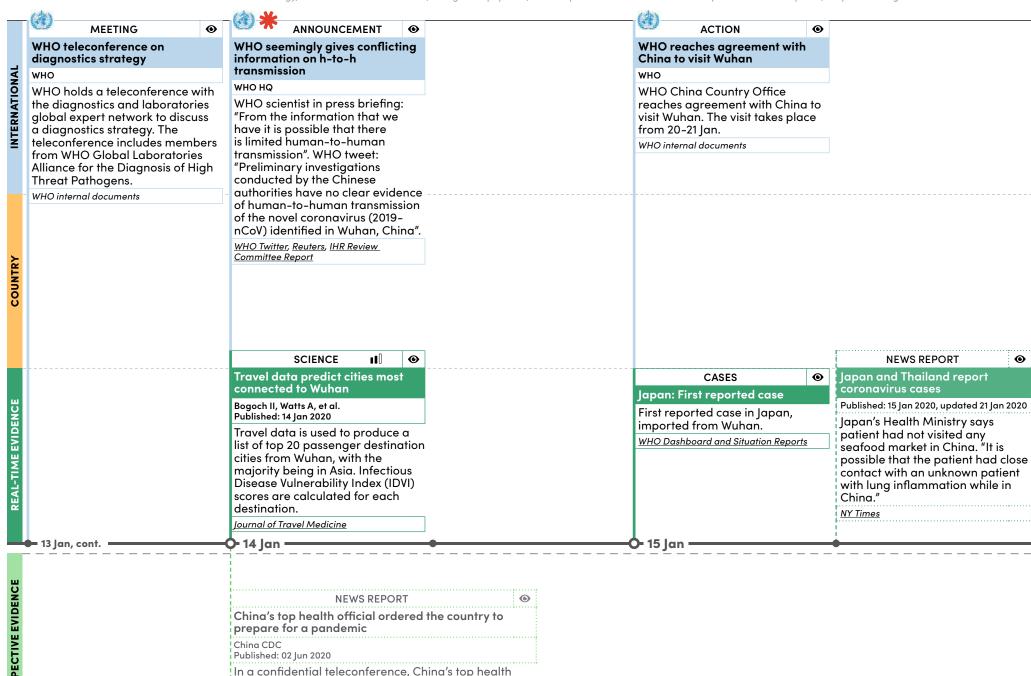
Imperial College

CASES III

ACTION

CASES

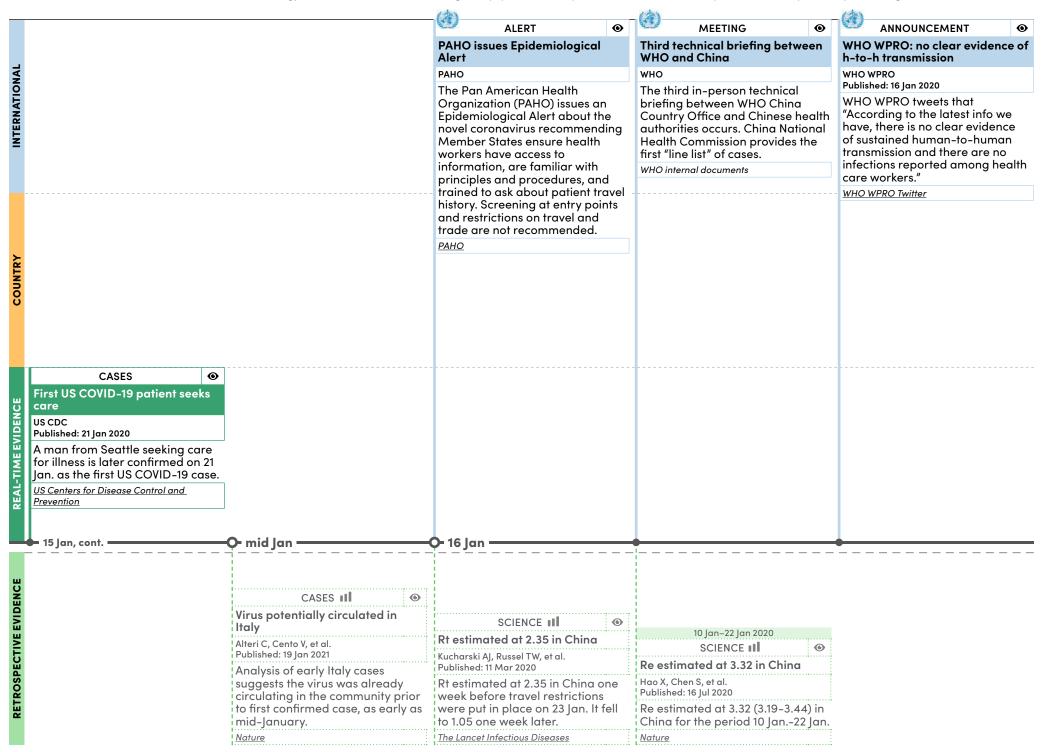
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official ordered the country to prepare for a pandemic. China CDC internally declared level one emergency. Chinese officials still said that the chance of sustained

h-to-h transmission was low.

Associated Press, PBS Frontline



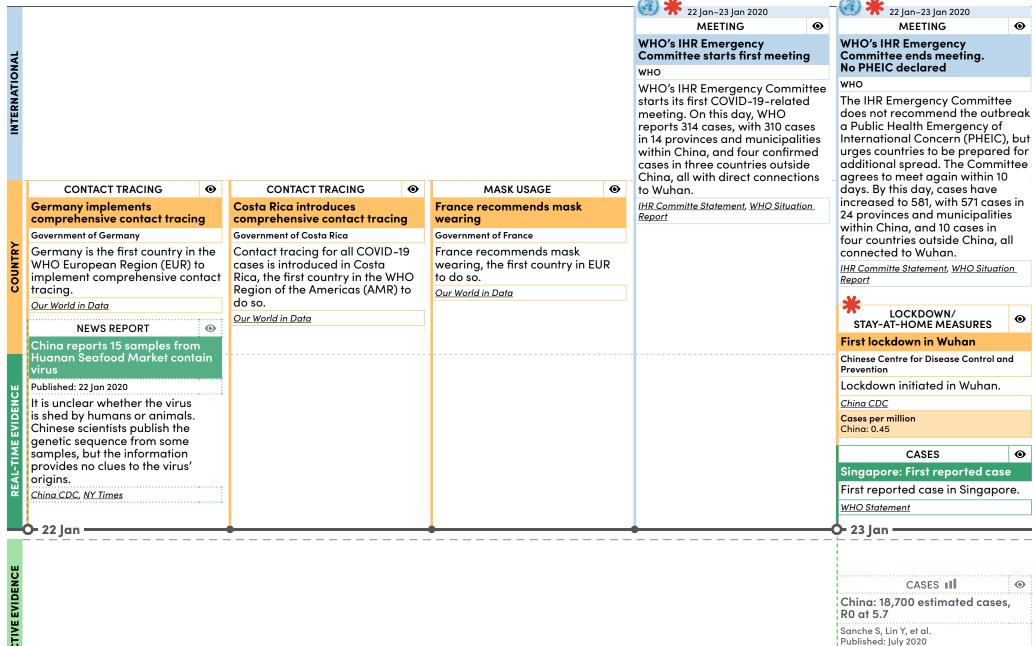
Report: Prof. Nanshan Zhong 10 Nov 2020

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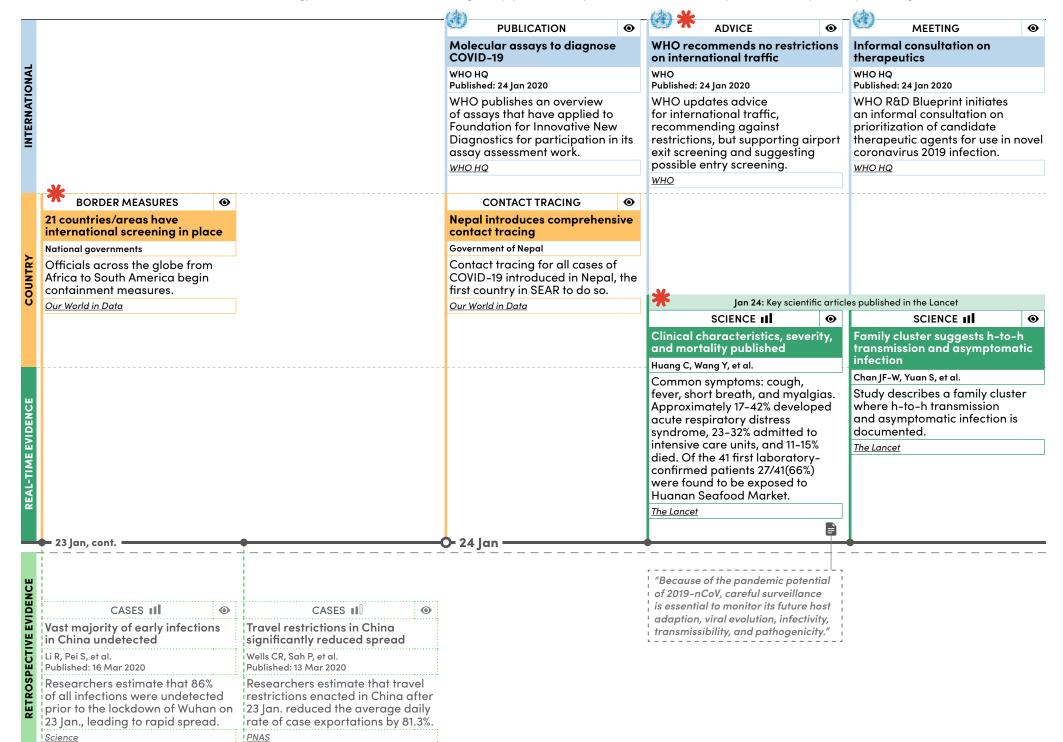
O- 17 Jan

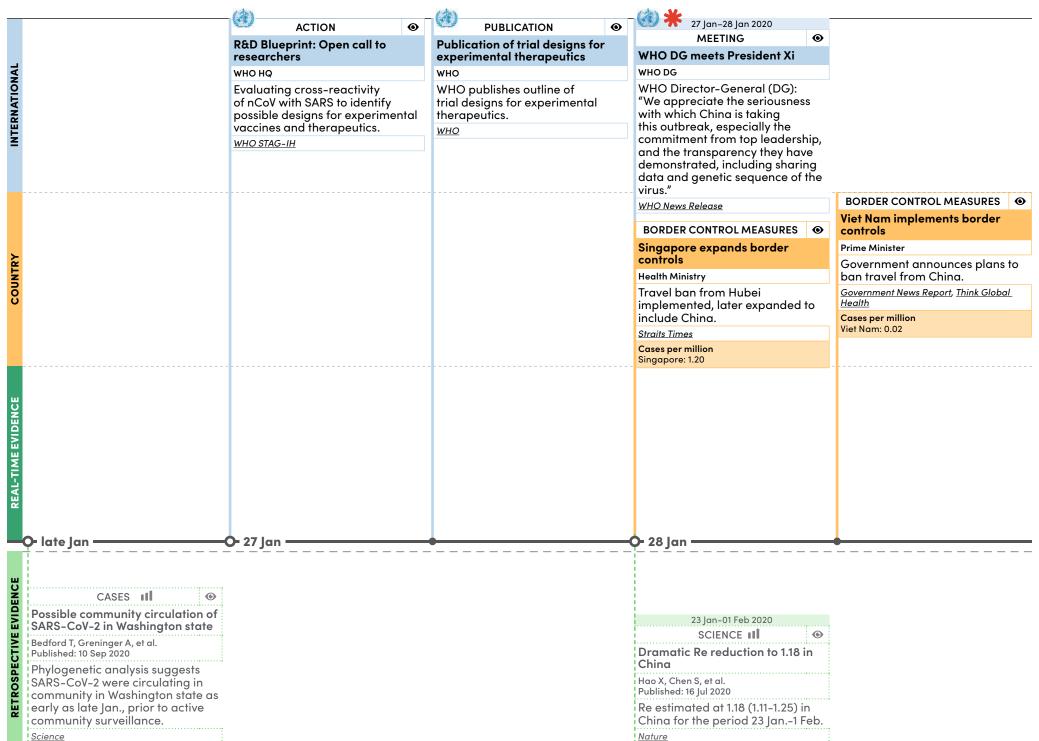
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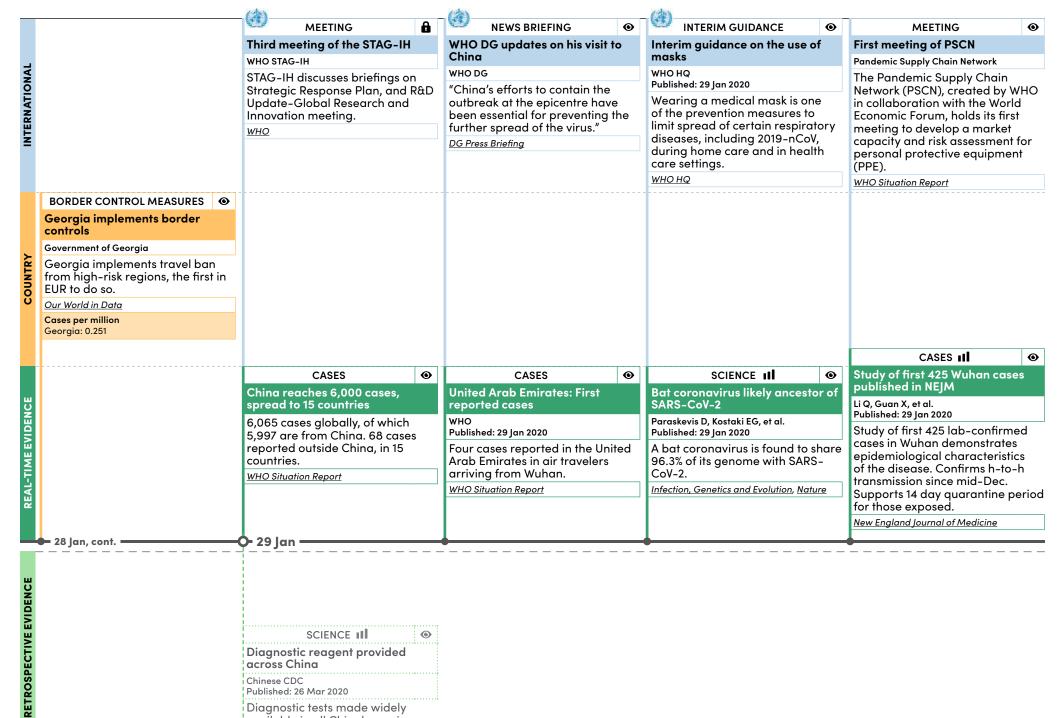


RETROSPECTIVE EVIDENCE

18,700 estimated cases in China. Transmission dynamics of early Wuhan spread were possibly as high as R0 5.7, with a doubling time of 2.3-3.3 days. Emerging Infectious Diseases

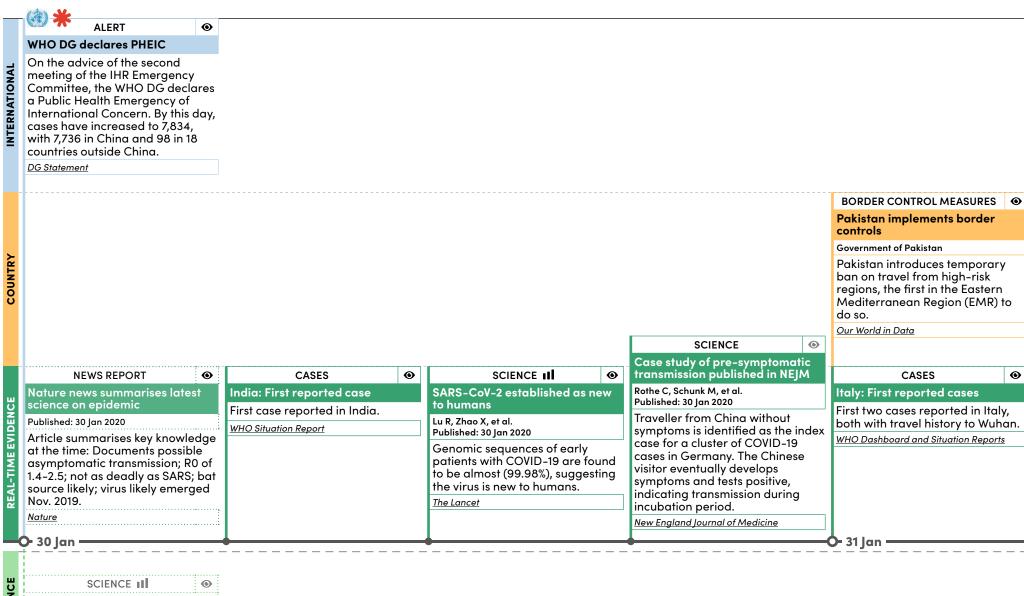






available in all China's provinces.

New England Journal of Medicine



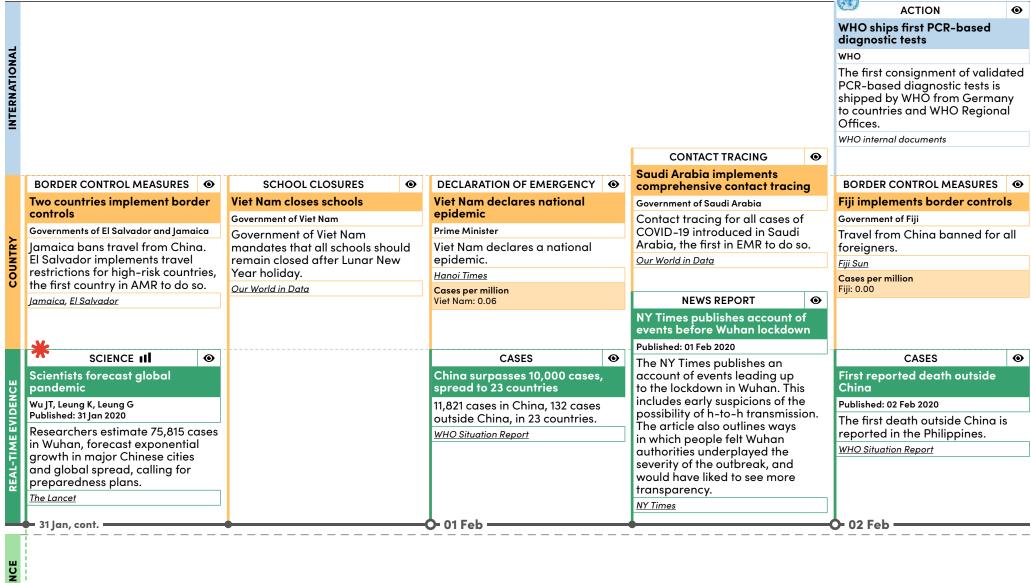
KEI KOSPECIIVE EVIDENCE

Rt <1 in 30 provinces outside
Hubei

Zhang J, Litvinova M, et al.
Published: 02 Apr 2020

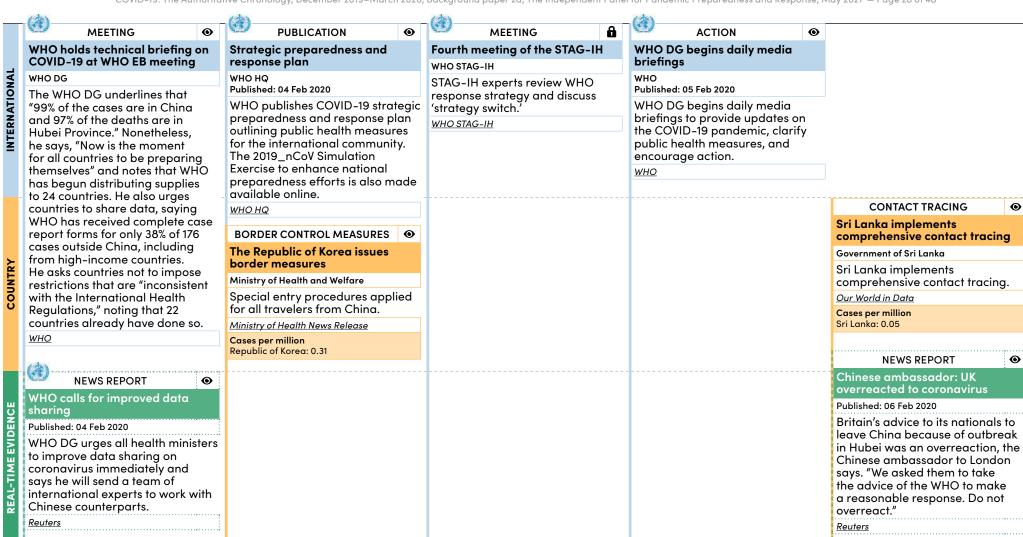
Rt estimated to be below the
epidemic threshold (<1) in 30
provinces outside Hubei after
30 Jan., suggesting containment
measures rapidly lowered

transmission.





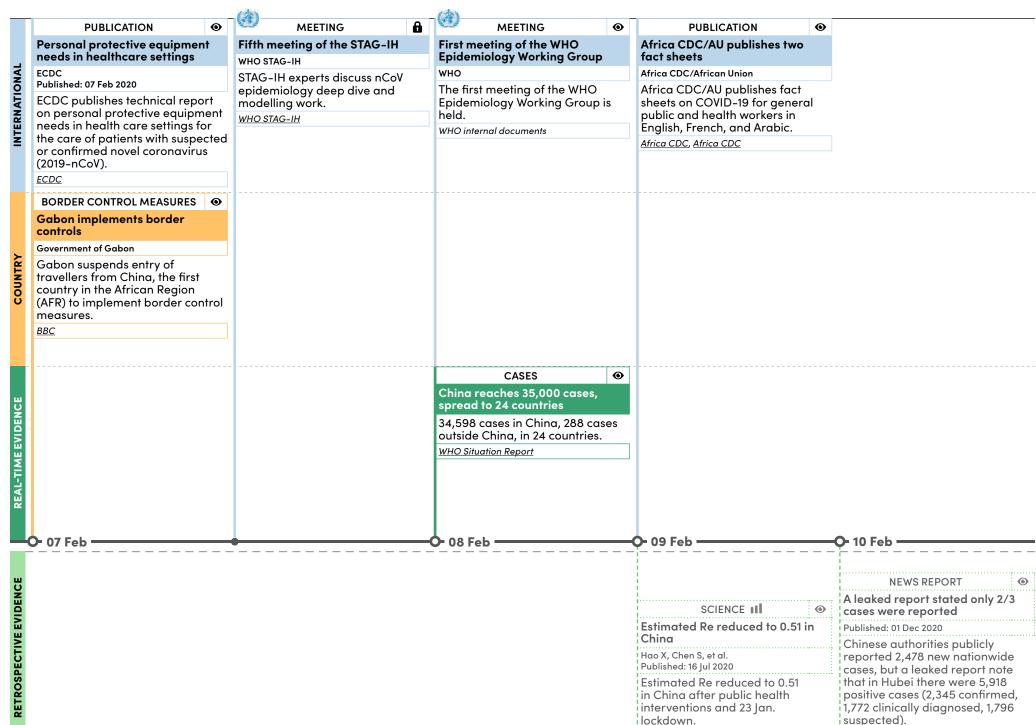
NEWS REPORT WHO Representative to China holds video briefina with diplomats Published: 02 Apr 20 On the video briefing, WHO's representative to China "praised the Chinese...response. Then he went a step further, calling on other countries not to step out of line with the WHO recommendations..."



0- 06 Feb

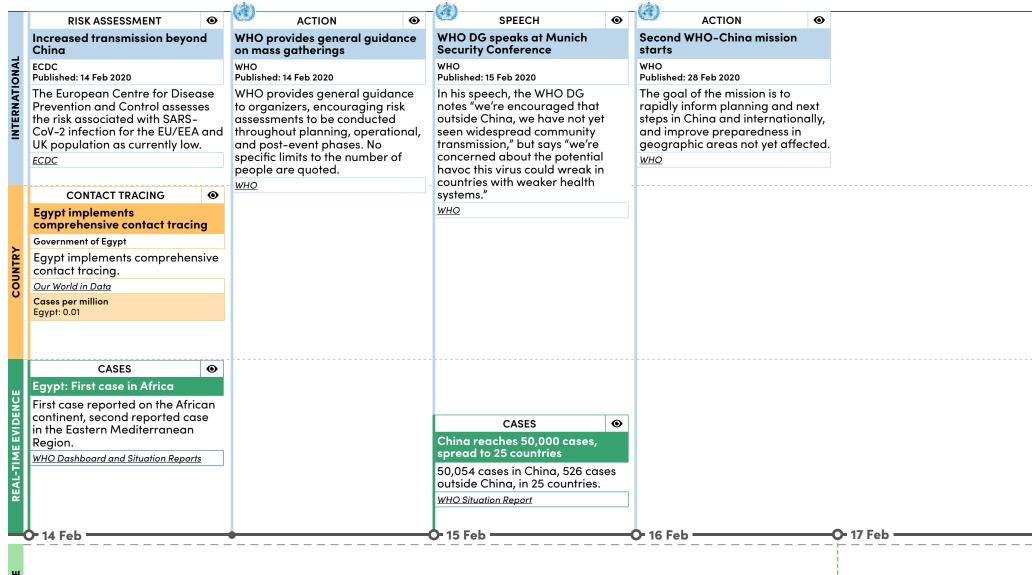
O= 05 Feb

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<u>Nature</u>

suspected).



RETROSPECTIVE EVIDENCE

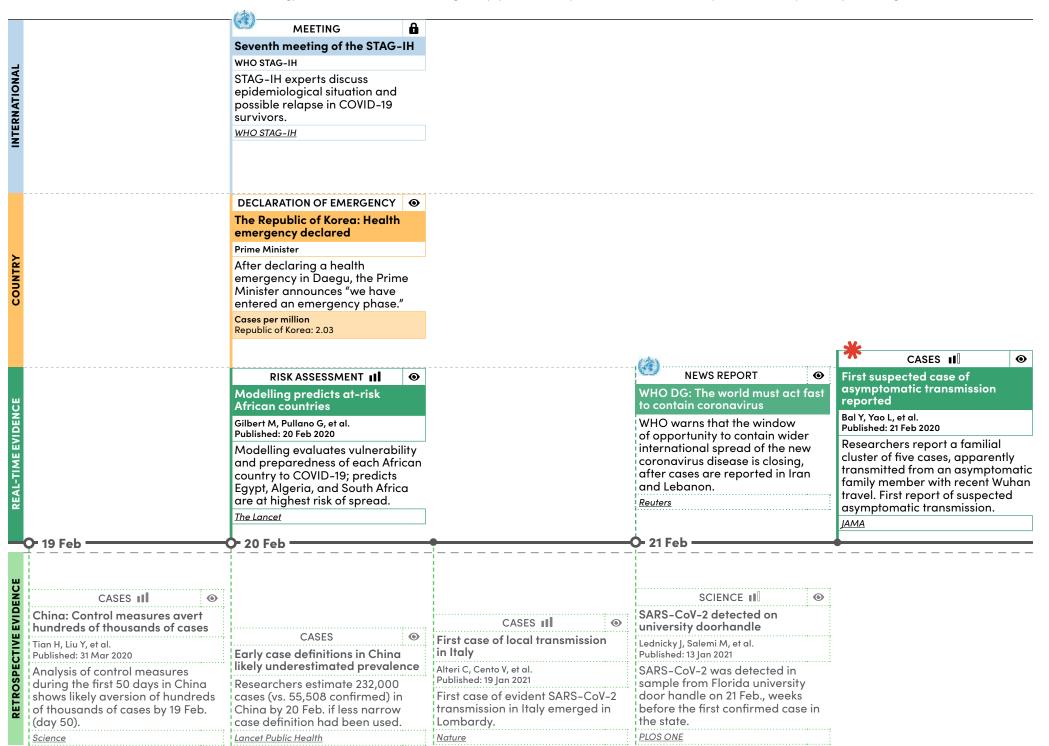
NEWS REPORT

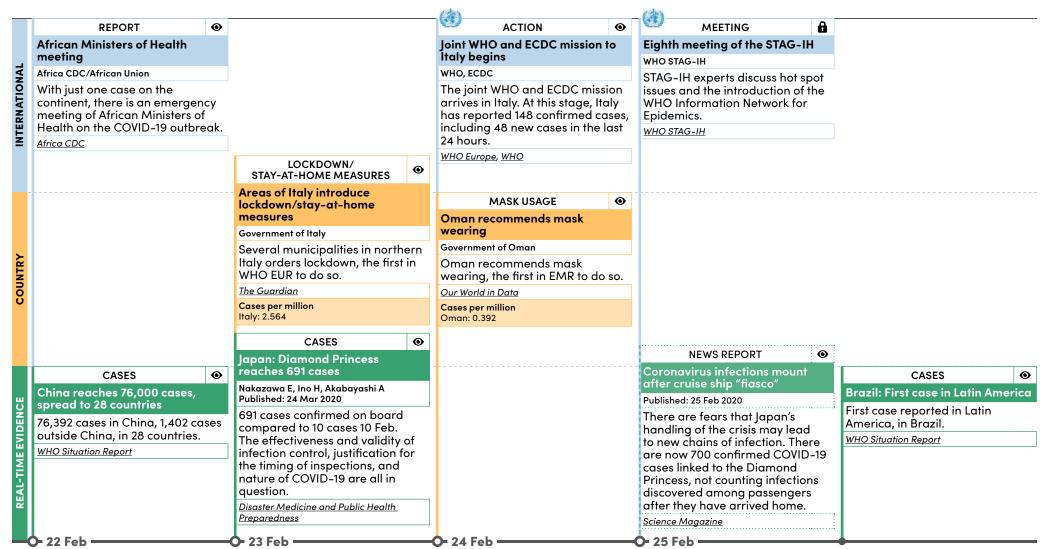
Leaked report: Fewer than half of new deaths in China reported

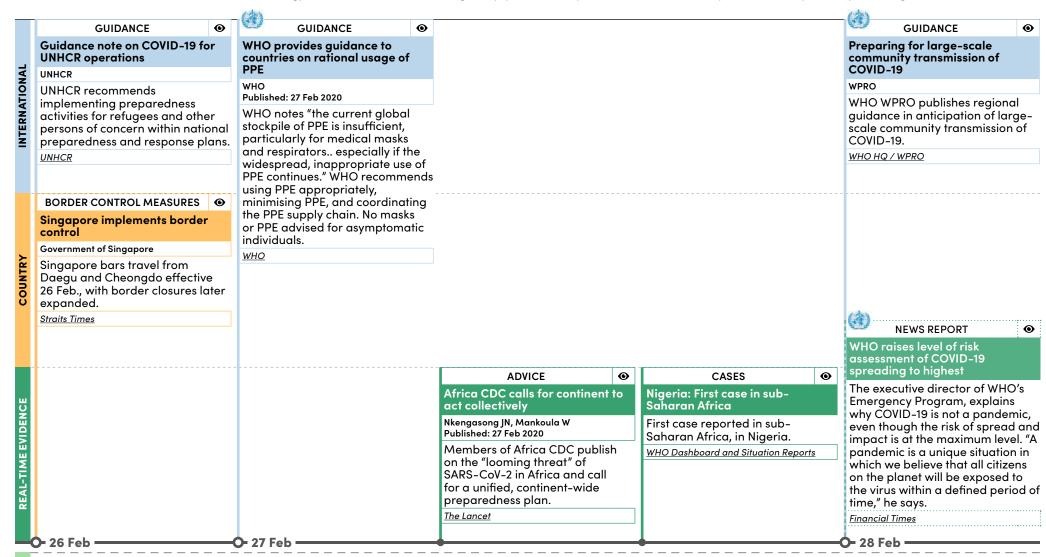
Published: 01 Dec 2020

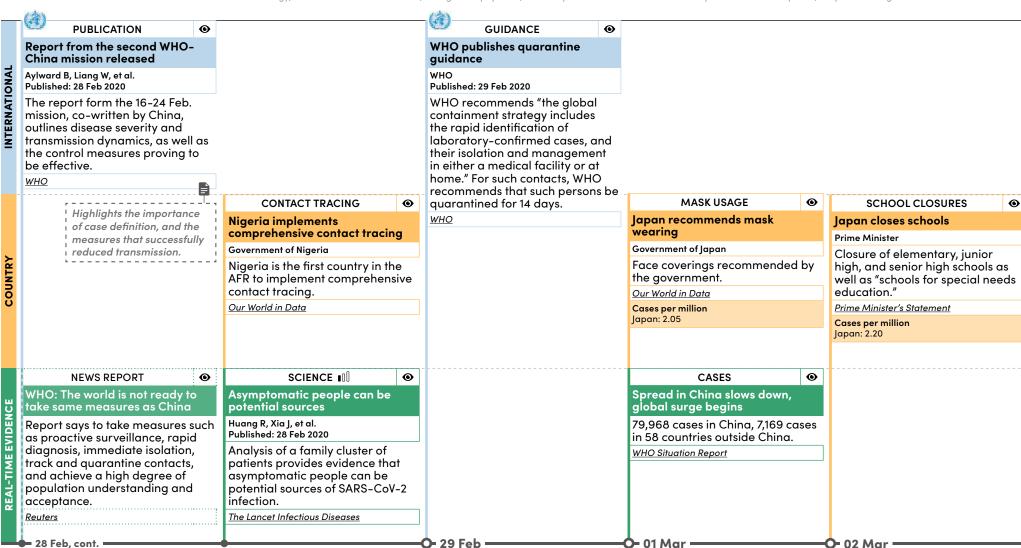
196 deaths recorded in Hubei, but publicly only 93 reported.

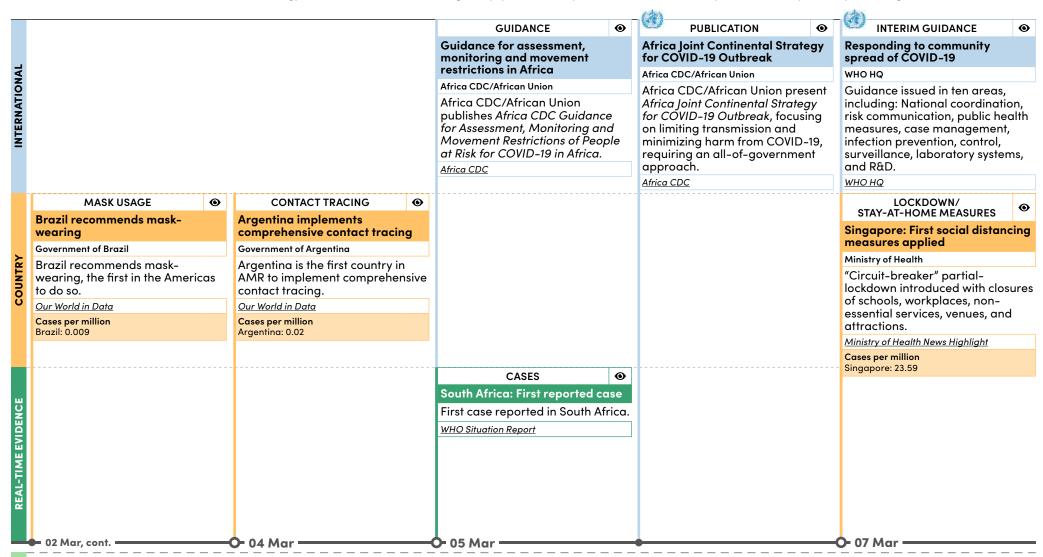
CNN

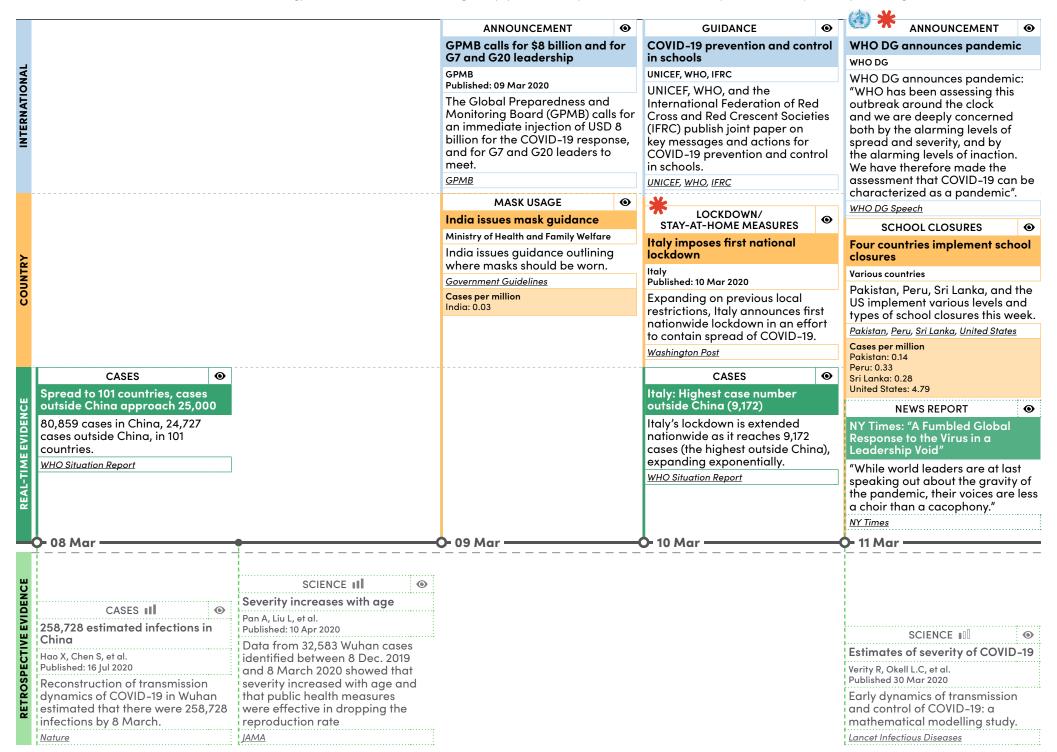


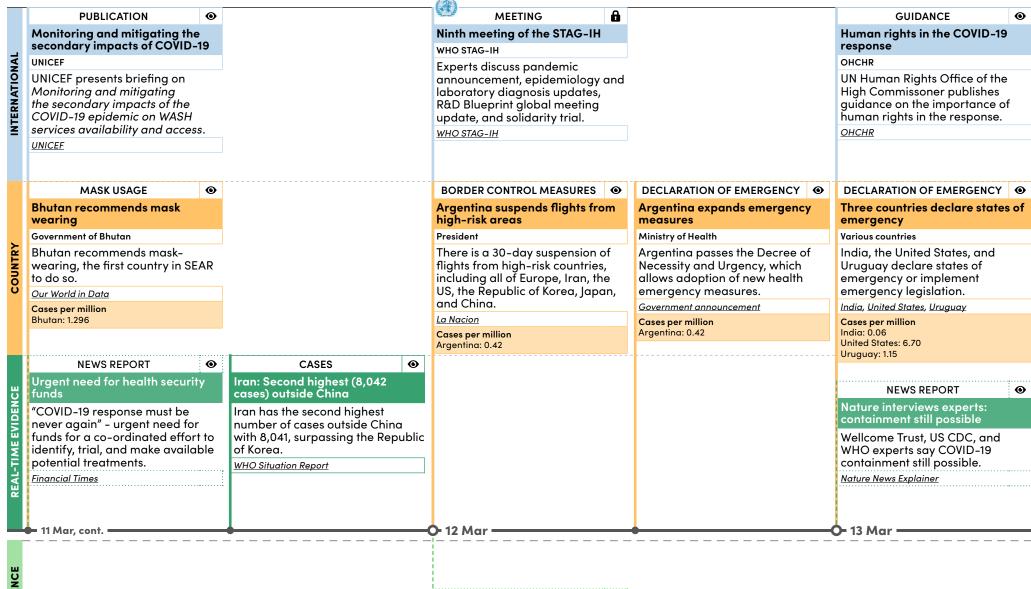








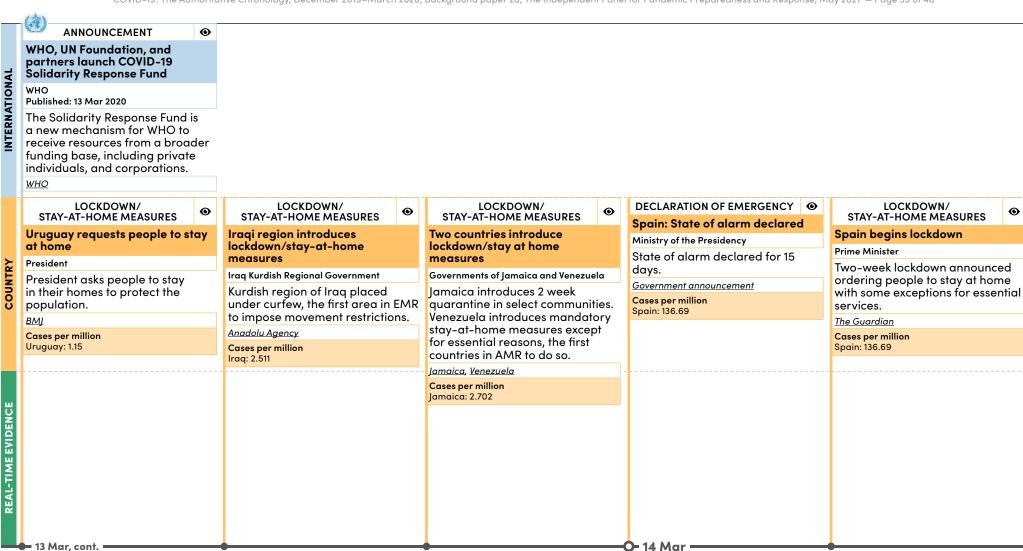


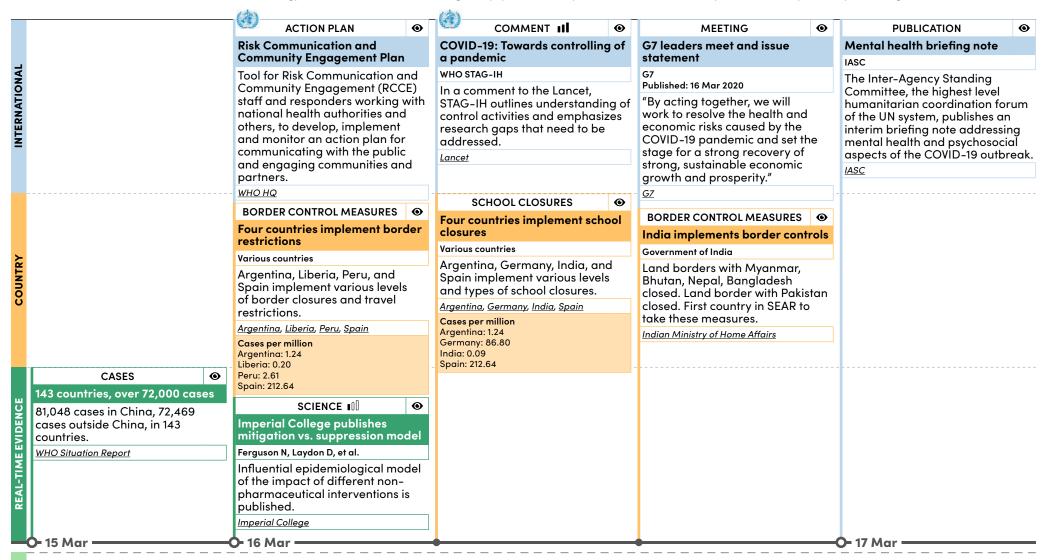


RETROSPECTIVE EVIDENCE

CASES 11 00 108,689 estimated US infections Perkins TA, Cavany SM, et al. Published: 21 Aug 2020 Modelling study finds that fewer than 10% of cases were detected due to lack of testing; likely 108,689 infections in the US by 12 March.

PNAS





MASK USAGE

Various countries

Cases per million

Argentina: 1.00

Viet Nam: 0.63

China: 56.32

Argentina, China, Viet Nam

this week.

Three countries introduce mask

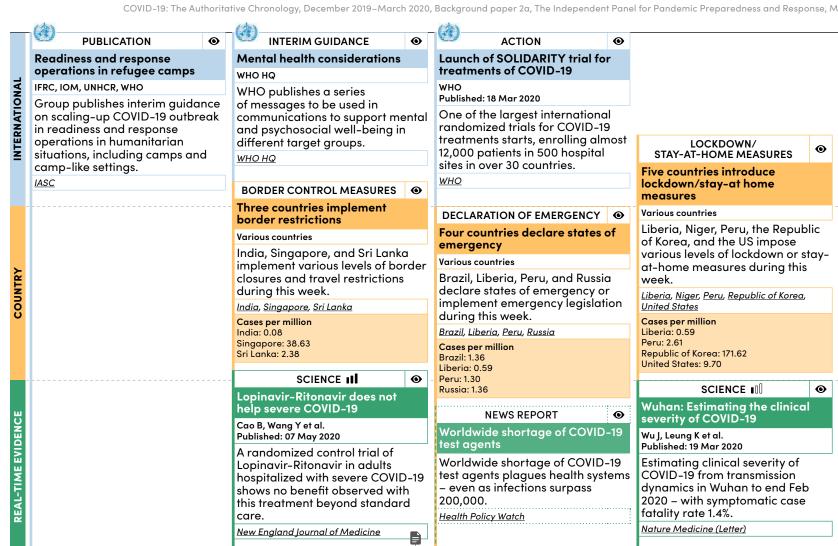
usage recommendations/orders

Argenting, Ching, and Viet Nam

introduce recommendations or

orders around mask usage during

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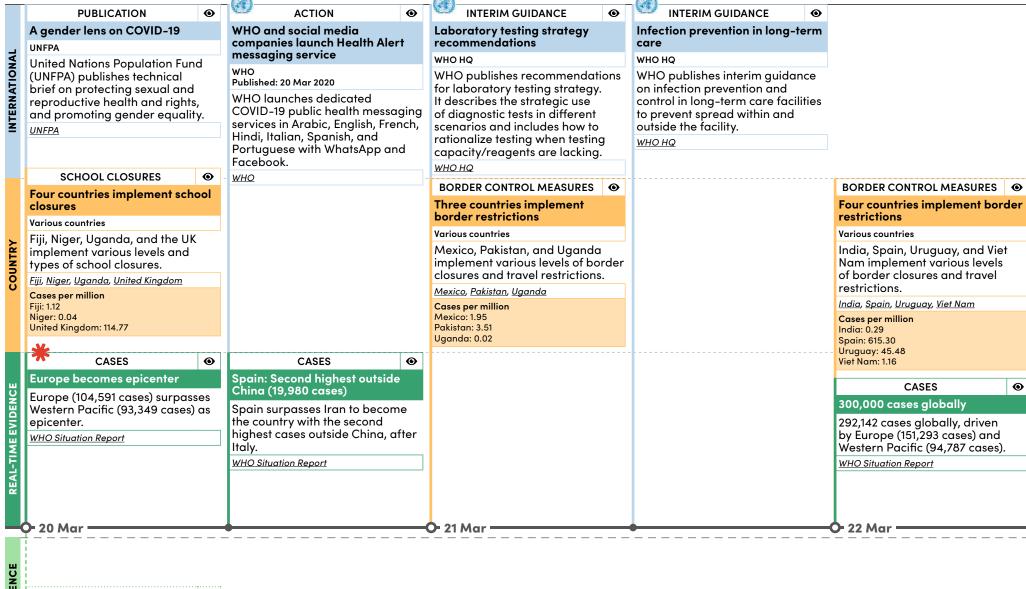


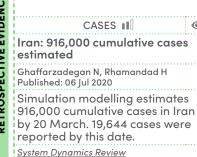
Pre-print published 18 March, final version published 7 May.

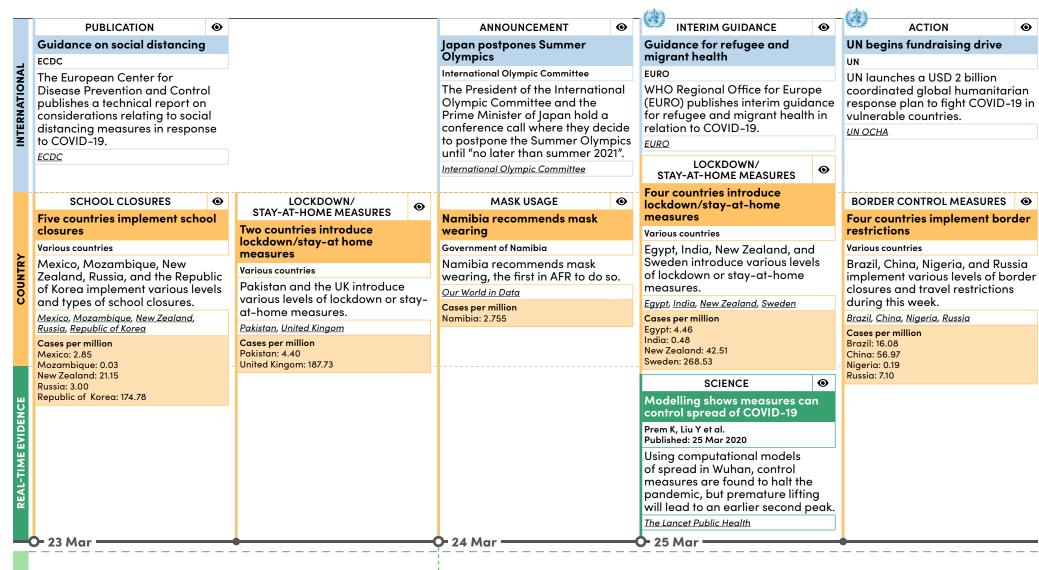
18 Mar

17 Mar, cont.

RETROSPECTIVE EVIDENCE





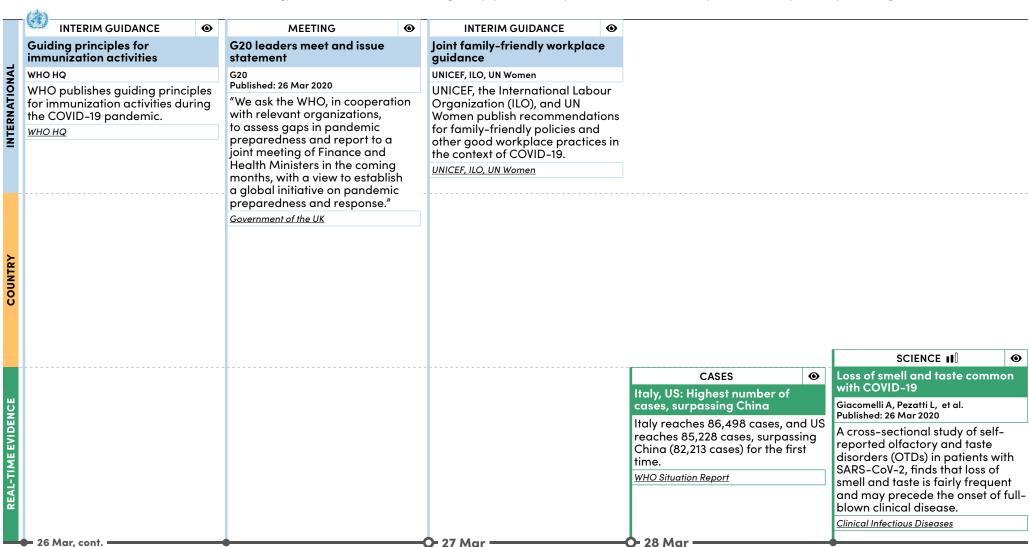


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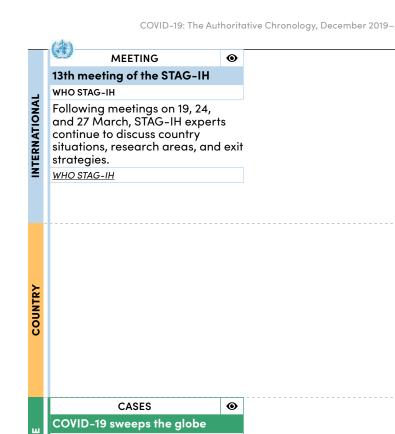
Seroprevalence in Wuhan and outside approximately 3% Xu X, Sun J, et al. Published: 05 Jun 2020

SCIENCE III

Seroprevalence in Wuhan ranged from 3.2% and 3.8% during 9 March-10 April, and anywhere from 1.3% and 3.6% in two cities outside Wuhan but within Hubei.



experienced adults were estimated to be 2,139,300. Annals of Epidemiology



WHO

WHO reports 750,890 COVID-19 cases globally, including 57,610 in the previous 24 hours, along with 36,405 deaths. The US reports the highest number of cases with 140,640. Italy reports the highest number of deaths with 11,591.

WHO Situation Report

0- 31 Mar

CASES III

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Lockdown led to rapid reduction of transmission in New Zealand

Geoghegan JL, Ren X, et al. Published: 11 Dec 2020

Genomic epidemiology reveals rapid reduction of transmission within one week of lockdown in New Zealand. Re decreased from 7 to 0.2.

Nature Communications

RETROSPECTIVE EVIDENC