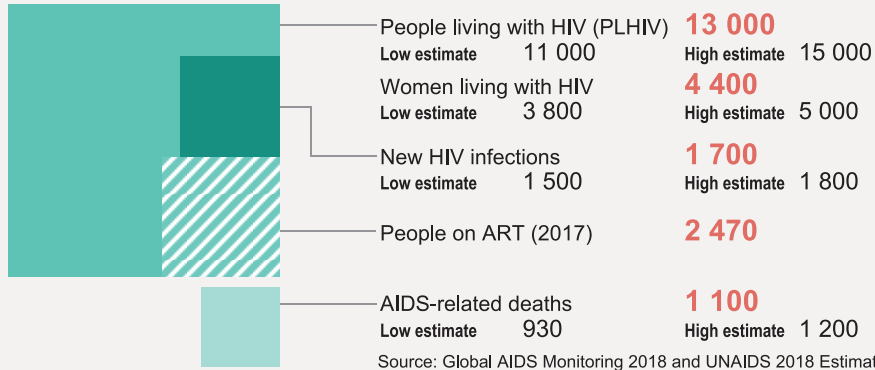




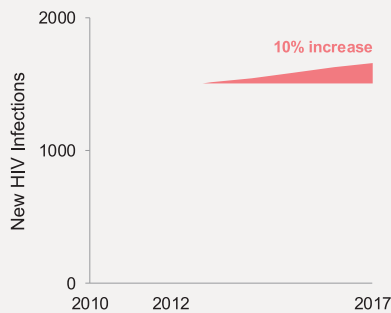
BANGLADESH

COUNTRY SNAPSHOT, 2018

EPIDEMIC SNAPSHOT 2018 | BANGLADESH



NEW HIV INFECTIONS TREND

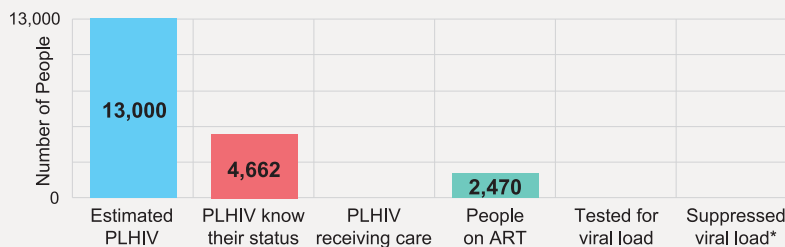


HIV PREVALENCE (%)

TRANSGENDER PEOPLE (2015)	National	1.4
	Dhaka	0.9
MEN WHO HAVE SEX WITH MEN (2015)	National	0.2
	Dhaka	0.3
PEOPLE WHO INJECT DRUGS (2016)	National	18.1
	Dhaka A1	27.3
FEMALE SEX WORKERS (2016)	National	0.2
	Street-based FSW, Hili	0.5

Source: Serological surveys and Global AIDS Monitoring 2017

TREATMENT CASCADE, 2017

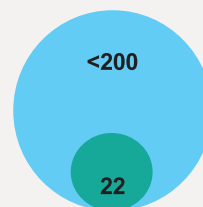


* Number of people on ART who received a viral load test in the past year and have viral load of <1000 copies/ml
Source: Global AIDS Monitoring 2018 and UNAIDS 2018 Estimates

PREVENTION OF MOTHER-TO-CHILD TRANSMISSION (PMTCT), 2017

- Estimated pregnant women living with HIV
- Pregnant women living with HIV who received ARVs for PMTCT

Source: Global AIDS Monitoring 2018 and UNAIDS 2018 Estimates



KEY POPULATIONS

	MEN WHO HAVE SEX WITH MEN	PEOPLE WHO INJECT DRUGS	FEMALE SEX WORKERS	TRANSGENDER PEOPLE
SIZE ESTIMATES:	101,695	33,067	102,260	10,199
BEHAVIOUR AND RESPONSE:				
Condom use at last sex (%)	46	35	74	41*
Safe injection practice (%)		84		
HIV testing coverage (%)	11	27	30	35*

* Dhaka

Source: Global AIDS Response Progress Reporting and Global AIDS Monitoring 2018

STIGMA INDEX

Percent of PLHIV respondents who avoided going to a local clinic when needed because of HIV status **n/a**

PUNITIVE LAWS

Criminalization of same-sex sexual activities

YES

Compulsory detention centres for people who use drugs

NO

Criminalization of sex work

YES

Criminalization of HIV transmission or exposure

NO

HIV related restrictions on entry, stay and residence

NO