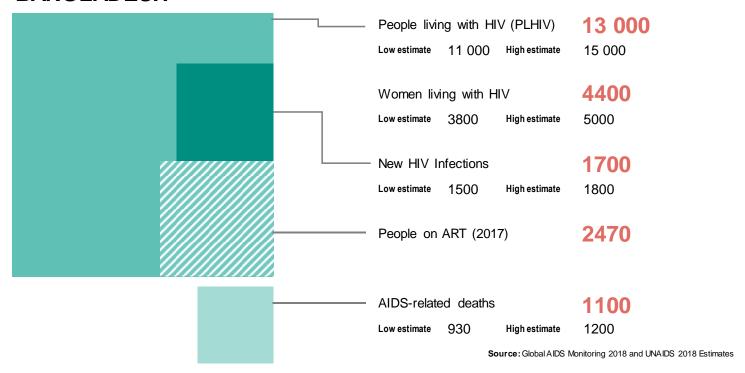
2018

BANGLADESH COUNTRY SNAPSHOT





BANGLADESH



New HIV infections trend

New HIX increase 10% increase

Source: UNAIDS 2018 HIV Estimates

HIV prevalence (%)

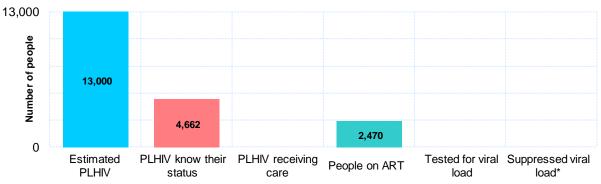
TRANSGENDER PEOPLE (2015)	National Dhaka	0.9	
MEN WHO HAVE SEX WITH MEN (2015)	National Dhaka	0.2	
PEOPLE WHO INJECT DRUGS (2016)	National Dhaka A1	1	27.3
FEMALE SEX WORKERS (2016)	National Street-based FSW, Hili	0.2	

Source: Serological surveys and Global AIDS Monitoring 2017

Treatment cascade, 2017

2012

2010



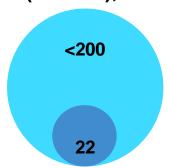
2017

^{*} Number of people on ART who received a viral load test in the past year and have viral load of <1000 copies/ml

Prevention of mother-to-child transmission (PMTCT), 2017

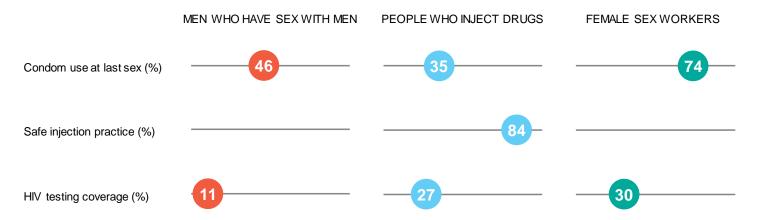
Estimated pregnant women living with HIV

Pregnant women living with HIV who received ARVs for PMTCT



Source: Global AIDS Monitoring 2018 and UNAIDS 2018 Estimates

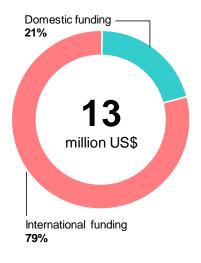
Behaviour and response



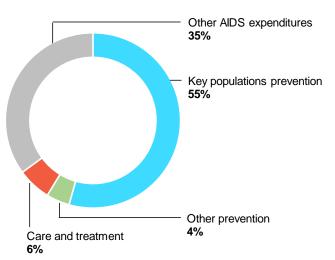
Source: Global AIDS Response Progress Reporting and Global AIDS Monitoring 2018

AIDS financing, 2015

AIDS spending by financing source



AIDS spending by service category



Source: Global AIDS Response Progress Reporting

Stigma index

Percent of PLHIV respondents who avoided going to a local clinic when needed because of HIV status



Punitive laws

Criminalization of same-sex sexual activities



Compulsory detention centres for people who use drugs

Criminalization of sex work



Criminalization of HIV transmission or exposure



HIV-related restrictions on entry, stay and residence

