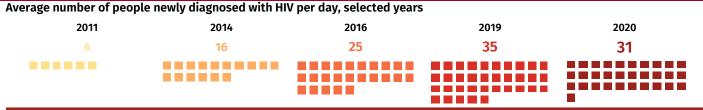
Department of Health | Epidemiology Bureau V/AIDS & ART REGISTRY OF THE PHILIPPINES

JANUARY - MARCH 2020



NEWLY DIAGNOSED HIV CASES

From January to March 2020, there were 2,818 newly confirmed HIV-positive individuals reported to the HIV/ AIDS & ART Registry of the Philippines (HARP) [Figure 1]. Seventeen percent (473) had clinical manifestations of advanced HIV infection^{*a*} at the time of testing [Table 1].

Ninety-four percent (2,658) of the newly diagnosed were male. The median age was 28 years old (age range: 1-78 years old). Almost half of the cases (48%, 1,359) were 25-34 years old and 30% (834) were 15-24 years old at the time of diagnosis.

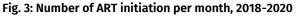
Table 1: Summary of HIV diagnoses and deaths

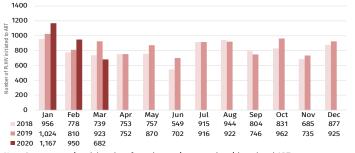
Demographic Data	Jan-Mar 2020	Jan 2015- Mar 2020	Jan 1984- Mar 2020
Total reported cases	2,818	55,171	77,625
With advanced HIV infection ^a	473	7,696	9,738
Male	2,658	52,514	72 , 855 ^b
Female	160	2,657	4,759 ^b
Age range	1-78	1 mo-79	1 mo-82 ^c
Median age	28	28	28
Age groups: <15 y/o	10	157	227°
15-24 y/o	834	16,458	22,326 ^c
25-34 y/o	1,359	28,070	39,357°
35-49 y/o	516	9,141	13,568°
50 y/o & above	99	1,345	2,074°
Reported Pregnant	35	379	425
Reported deaths ^d	197	2,864	3,925

Anti-retroviral Treatment (ART)

From January to March 2020, there were 2,799 patients who were initiated on ART [Figure 3]. The median CD4 of these patients upon enrollment was 186 cells/mm³.

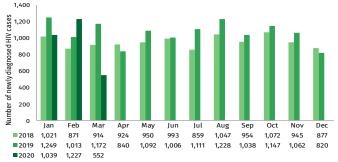
A total of 45,143 people living with HIV (PLHIV) were presently on ART as of March 2020. Most (96%) were males. The age of reported cases ranged from 1 to 81 years (median: 31 years old). Ninety-five percent were on first line regimen, 4% were on second line, and 1% were on other line of regimen.





Note: Due to reporting delay, data from the previous months with updated ART outcome were used for the following treatment facilities: Imus SHC, Bernardo SHC, Pasay SHC, Rizal Medical Center & Chong Hua Hospital – Mandaue SHC (Jan 2020); Mary Johnston Hospital, Project 7 SHC, K. Bernardo, San Juan SHC, Bataan General Hospital, Cebu SHC, Cebu Provincial Hospital – Carcar (Feb 2020).

Fig. 1: Number of newly diagnosed cases per month, 2018-2020

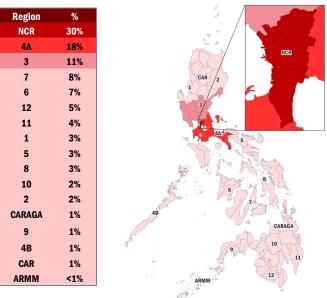


Almost a third (30%, 852) were from the National Capital Region (NCR). Region 4A (18%, 517), Region 3 (11%, 304), Region 7 (8%, 212), and Region 6 (7%, 201) comprised the top five regions with the most number of newly diagnosed cases for this reporting period, together accounting for 74% of the total cases [Figure 2].

Sexual contact remained as the predominant mode of transmission (98%, 2,749). Among the newly diagnosed, 63% (1,768) reported transmission through male to male sex, 22% (612) through males who have sex with both males and females, and 13% (369) were through male to female sex. Other modes of transmission were sharing of infected needles (1%, 32) and mother-to-child transmission (<1%, 6). Thirty-one cases (1%) had no data on mode of transmission.

Among the newly diagnosed females this reporting period, 35 were pregnant at the time of diagnosis. Eleven cases were from NCR, six cases from Region 4A; five cases from Region 3; four cases from Region 7; two cases each from Regions 12 and 5; and one case each from Regions _ 1, 2, 6, 8 and 10.

Fig. 2: Proportion of newly diagnosed cases by region of residence, Jan-Mar 2020 (N=2,818)

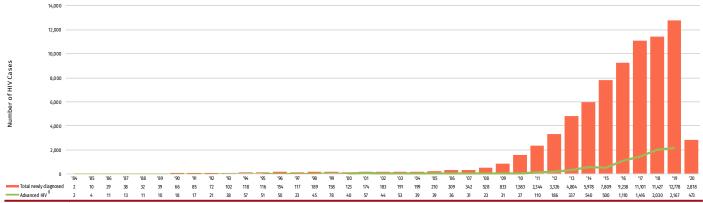


⁹ WHO clinical stage 3 or 4 No data on sex for 11 cases No data on age for 73 cases ¹ Reported deaths due to any cause and not necessarily AIDS-related

HIV/AIDS EPIDEMIC TRENDS IN THE PHILIPPINES (January 1984 - March 2020)

The first case of HIV infection in the Philippines was reported in 1984. Since then, there have been 77,625 confirmed HIV cases reported to the HARP. Ninety-four percent (72,855) of those diagnosed were male^e and 6% (4,759) were female^e. At the time of diagnosis, more than half (51%, 39,357) were 25-34 years old^f while 22,326 (29%) were youth 15-24 years old⁷. The median age was 28 years old (age range: 1 month - 82 years). Seventy-one percent (55,171) of the total diagnosed cases in the Philippines were reported from January 2015 to March 2020. Thirteen percent (9,738) of all reported cases had clinical manifestations of advanced infection^{*g*} at the time of reporting [Figure 4].

Fig. 4: Number of HIV cases and advanced infections reported in the Philippines by year, Jan 1984 to Mar 2020 (N=77,625)



Age and Sex

In the early years of the epidemic (1984-1990), 62% (133 of 216 cases) of those diagnosed were female. However, since 1991 the proportion of diagnosed males has been greater than that of females each year. From 1991 to present, males comprised 94% (72,772) of the 77,409^e diagnosed cases in the Philippines. In addition, from January 2018 to March 2020, three percent (784) of 25,602 diagnosed cases who were assigned male at birth reported their self-identity^h as female (transgender women).

The number of diagnosed HIV infections among females has also been increasing [Figure 5]. From January to March 2020, 160 females were diagnosed with HIV, which was double the number of female cases (80) of the same period in 2015. Ninety-two percent (4,400) of all female cases since 1984 were in the reproductive age group (15-49 years old) at the time of testing.

The predominant age group among those diagnosed has shifted to 25-34 years old starting 2006 from 35-49 years old in 2001 to 2005 [Figure 6]. Further, the proportion of HIV positive cases in the 15-24 year age group nearly doubled in the past ten years, from 17% in 2000 to 2009 to 30% in 2010 to 2019.

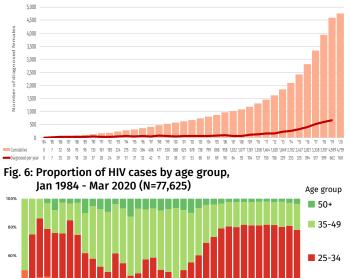
Geographic distribution

From January 1984 to March 2020, the regions with the Table 2: Number of HIV cases diagnosed by region of residence most number of reported cases were NCR with 29,425 (38%) cases, Region 4A with 11,850(15%) cases, Region 3 with 7,418 (10%) cases, Region 7 with 6,798 (9%) cases, and Region 11 with 4,291 (6%) cases. Twenty-one percent (16,705) of the cases came from the rest of the country while 1,138 (1%) did not report region of residence [Table 2].

Of the 4,759 females reported with HIV, 1,249 (26%) were from NCR, 713 (15%) were from Region 3, 585 (12%) were from Region 7, 565 (12%) were from Region 4A and 1,344 (28%) were from other regions; while 303 (7%) had no reported data on region of residence.

The regions with the most number of Overseas Filipino Workers (OFW) reported to HARP were from NCR with 2,339 (32%) cases, Region 4A with 1,272 (17%) cases, and Region 3 with 908 (12%) cases.

Fig. 5: Number of diagnosed females per year, Jan 1984 - Mar 2020 (N=4,759)



Region	Jan-Mar 2020 (N=2,818)	Jan 2015 - Mar 2020 (N=55,171) [/]	Jan 1984 - Mar 2020 (N=77,625) ^j
NCR	852 (30%)	19,367 (35%)	29,425 (38%)
4A	517 (18%)	8,996 (16%)	11,850 (15%)
3	304 (11%)	5,604 (10%)	7,418 (10%)
7	212 (8%)	4,774 (9%)	6,798 (9%)
11	109 (4%)	2,966 (5%)	4,291 (6%)
Rest of the country	824 (29%)	13,462 (25%)	16,705 (21%)

¹ Data on self-identity was included to HARP starting January 2018. No data on region of residence for 2 (<1%) cases No data on region of residence for 1,138 (1%) cases

15-24

<15

۱۱ cases had no data on sex ا

No data on age for 73 cases WHO clinical stage 3 or 4

Modes of transmission (MOT)

From January 1984 to March 2020, sexual contact among males who have sex with males [MSM] (85%, 62,286) was the predominant MOT, followed by male-female sex (11%, 7,691), and sharing of infected needles (3%, 2,196). More than half of MSM (52%, 32,548) were 25-34 years old at the time of testing, and 31% (19,301) were 15-24 years old. Among diagnosed females, male-female sex was the most common MOT (93%, 4,417) followed by sharing of infected needles (3%, 137) [Table 3].

A total of 196 children (less than 10 years old^n), eight adolescents (10-19 years old^n), and one adult foreigner (22 years old^n) were reported to have acquired HIV through mother-to-child transmission.

From 1984 to 2006, the predominant MOT was male-female sex. From 2007, the trend shifted to sexual contact among MSM as the predominant MOT and has remained as such to the present. From January 2015 to March 2020, 84% (46,287) out of the total (55,171) diagnosed cases were among MSM.

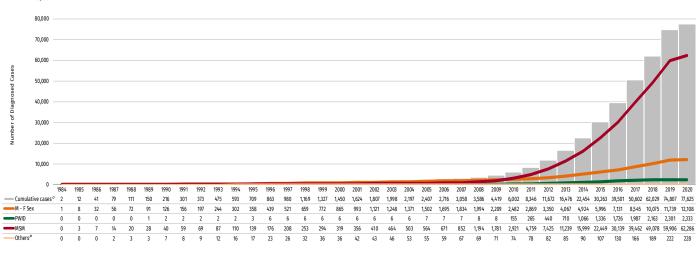
From 1984 to 2009, transmission through sharing of infected needles was less than one percent of the total cases reported. The proportion of HIV cases among people who inject drugs (PWID) increased sharply in 2010, at 9% (147) of the total cases reported that year. Further, the proportion of new cases among PWID remained at less than 6% of the total cases in the succeeding years (2011-2020).

Mode of Transmission	Jan-Mar 2020 (N=2,818)		Jan 2015- Mar 2020 (N=55,171)		Jan 1984- Mar 2020 (N=77,625) ⁽	
	M ^k	F ^k	м	F	М	F
Sexual contact	2,595	154	50,960	2,511	69,977	4,417
Male-female sex	215	154	4,673	2,511	7,691	4,417
Male-male sex	1,768	-	31,167	-	40,930	-
Sex w/ males & females ^m	612	-	15,120	-	21,356	-
Blood/blood products	0	0	0	0	5	15
Sharing of infected needles	30	2	1,202	65	2,196	137
Needlestick injury	0	0	0	0	2	1
Mother-to-child	3	3	72	66	108	97
No data	30	1	280	15	567	92

Table 3: Modes of HIV transmission

Regional patterns vary across different MOT. Forty-one percent of ever diagnosed males who have sex with males were from NCR; almost all (99%) reported cases among people who inject drugs were from Region 7; and 32% of females who engaged in transactional sex were from Region 3.

Fig. 7: Cumulative number of diagnosed per year by MOT, Jan 1984 - March 2020 (N=77,625)



SPECIFIC POPULATIONS

Youth (15-24 years old)

90.000

From January to March 2020, 834 (30%) cases were among youth 15-24 years old and 95% were male. Almost all (99%, 829) were infected through sexual contact (83 male-female sex, 578 male-male sex, 168 sex with both males & females^{*m*}). One case was infected through sharing of needles and four had no data on the MOT.

From January 1984 to March 2020, 22,326 (29%) of the reported cases were 15-24 years old. Ninety-seven percent (21,700) were infected through sexual contact (2,399 male-female sex, 13,137 male-male sex, 6,164 sex with both males & females^{*m*}), 479 (2%) were infected through sharing of needles, one (<1%) was infected through mother-to-child transmission, and 146 (1%) had no data on the MOT. Seventy-four percent (16,458 out of 22,326) of all those 15-24 years old at the time of testing were diagnosed from January 2015 to March 2020. Since 2004, more males were diagnosed from this age group. However, the number of diagnosed HIV cases among female youth had increased significantly in the past five years. The total diagnosed females aged 15-24 years old (45) in January to March 2020 tripled as compared with the same reporting period (14) in 2015.

^k Sex at birth; M= Male, F = Female
^l No data on MOT and sex for 11 cases
^m Among males only

[&]quot; Age was based at the time of testing

[°] Cumulative HIV cases include reported deaths and 670 cases with no data on MOT,

Jan 1984-Mar 2020 ^p Others include the following MOT: needle prick injury, blood/blood products, and mother-to-child transmission

Children (<10) & Adolescents (10-19)

From January to March 2020, there were 129 newly diagnosed adolescents. Of these, three were 10-14 years old, 23 were 15-17 years old and 103 were 18-19 years old. Ninety-six percent (124) were infected through sexual contact (23 male-female sex, 76 male-male sex, and 25 had sex with both males & females^{*q*}). Also, seven children were reported with HIV in this reporting period, six were infected through mother-to-child transmission and one child had no data on MOT.

Four percent (3,349) of all diagnosed cases from January 1984 to March 2020 were 19 years old and younger at the time of diagnosis. Of these, six percent (201) were children less than 10 years old. Among the children, 196 were infected through mother-to-child transmission; one through blood transfusion; and four had no data on MOT. Further, 94% (3,148) were adolescents. Twenty-six were 10-14 years old, 454 were 15-17 years old and 2,668 were 18-19 years old. Of the adolescents, 96% were infected through sexual contact (374 male-female sex, 1,942 malemale sex, and 705 sex with both males & females^q), 90 (3%) were infected through sharing of infected needles, eight (<1%) through mother-to-child transmission, and 29 (1%) had no data on MOT.

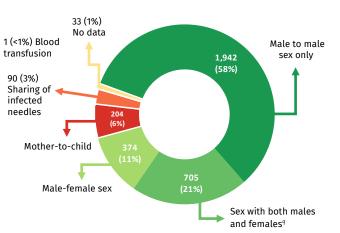
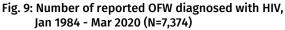


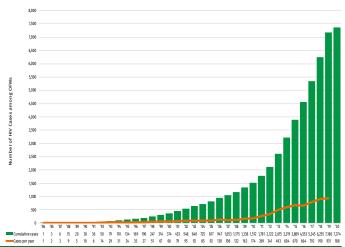
Fig. 8: MOT among children and adolescents, Jan 1984 - Mar 2020 (N=3,349)

Overseas Filipino Workers (OFW)

One hundred eighty-eight Filipinos who worked overseas within the past five years, whether on land or at sea, were diagnosed from January to March 2020. They comprised 7% of the total newly diagnosed cases for this period. Of these, 91% (171) were male. Further, 98% (168) of male cases were infected through sexual contact (22 malefemale sex, 100 male-male sex, and 46 sex with both males and females^{*q*}). The ages of male OFWs ranged from 18 to 70 years (median: 32 years). Thirteen were 15-24 years old, 102 were 25-34 years old, 45 were 35-49 years old, and 11 cases were 50 years & older. While among the 17 female OFWs, all where infected through male-female sex. Three were 25-34 years old, 12 were 35-49 years old and two were 50 years and older. The age range among diagnosed female OFWs were from 28 to 55 years (median: 39 years old).

From January 1984 to March 2020, ten percent (7,374) of the total cases were OFWs [Figure 9]. Of these, 6,403 (87%) were male. Almost all (99%, 6,326) of male cases were infected through sexual contact (1,613 male-female sex, 2,799 male-male sex and 1,914 sex with both males and females^{*q*}). The ages of male OFWs ranged from 16 to 80 years (median: 32 years). Among 971 female OFWs, 97% (944) were infected through male-female sexual contact. The ages of female OFWs ranged from 20 to 73 years (median: 34 years old).





People who engage in transactional sex

People who engage in transactional sex are those who Table 4: Age and sex of people diagnosed with HIV who reported that they either pay for sex, regularly accept payment for sex, or do both. Reporting of transactional sex was included in the HARP starting December 2012.

From January to March 2020, 14% (386) of the newly diagnosed engaged in transactional sex [Table 4]. Ninetynine percent (382) were male and aged from 17 to 77 years old (median: 31 years). Fifty-eight percent (222) of the males reported paying for sex only, 29% (110) reported accepting payment for sex only and 13% (50) engaged in both. Further, among the four female cases who engaged in transactional sex, all were reported to have accepted payment for sex only [Table 4].

A total of 8,121 cases reported to HARP from December 2012 to March 2020 were people who engaged in transactional sex. Ninety-six percent (7,823) were male. There were 4,353 (53%) who paid for sex, 2,575 (32%) who accepted payment for sex, and 1,193 (15%) who engaged in both [Table 4].

engaged in transactional sex

Type of Transactional Sex	Jan-Mar 2020 (N=386)	Dec 2012-Mar 2020 (N=8,121)
Accepted payment for sex only:	114 (30%)	2,575 (32%)
Male	110	2,390
Female	4	185
Age Range (Median)	16-46 (27)	12-68 (26)
Paid for sex only:	222 (57%)	4,353 (53%)
Male	222	4,328
Female	0	25
Age Range (Median)	18-77 (33)	13-79 (31)
Engaged in both:	50 (13%)	1,193 (15%)
Male	50	1,105
Female	0	88
Age Range (Median)	18-57 (30)	15-62 (29)

Pregnant women living with HIV

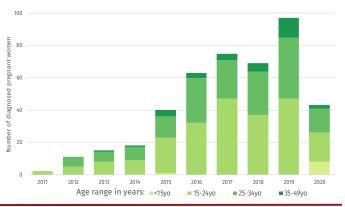
Reporting of pregnancy status at the time of diagnosis was Fig. 10: Number of HIV positive women who were pregnant at the included in the HARP starting year 2011.

From January to March 2020, 35 were pregnant at the time of diagnosis. Eleven cases were from NCR, six cases from Region 4A; five cases from Region 3; four cases from Region 7; two cases each from Regions 12 and 5; and one case each from Regions 1, 2, 6, 8 and 10. The age of diagnosis ranged from 15 to 35 (median age: 24).

Since 2011, a total of 425 diagnosed women were reported pregnant at the time of diagnosis. More than half (53%, 227) were 15-24 years old at the time of diagnosis, and 39% (165) were 25-34 years old [Figure 10]. The regions with highest number of diagnosed pregnant cases with HIV were NCR (45%, 193), Region 7 (21%, 88), Region 4A (10%, 43), and Region 3 (7%, 29).

DEATHS AMONG PEOPLE WITH HIV*

time of diagnosis by age group, Jan 2011 - Mar 2020 (N=425)



From January to March 2020, there were 197^r reported deaths due to any cause among people with HIV. Ninety-five percent (188) were males [Table 5]. One case (1%) was less than 15 years old at the time of death, 22 (11%) cases were 15-24 years old, 108 (55%) were 25-34 years old, 60 (30%) were 35-49 years old and six (3%) were 50 years and older. Ninety percent of the cases were reported to have acquired the infection through sexual contact (25 through male-female sex, 104 through male-male sex, and 49 through sex with both males and females^s), 7% (14) were infected through sharing of needle. While, five (3%) case had no data on the MOT.

A total of 3,925 deaths were reported from January 1984 to March 2020, and 92% (3,594) of whom were male. Twenty-six (1%) were less than 15 years old at the time of death, 588 (15%) were 15-24 years old, 1,969 (50%) were 25-34 years old, 1,106 (28%) were 35-49 years old, and 234 (6%) were 50 years and older [Table 5]^{*r*}.

Sexual contact (96%) was the most common mode of HIV transmission among reported deaths (796 through malefemale sex, 1,887 through male-male sex, 1,071 through sex with both males and females⁵). Other modes of transmission of reported deaths were sharing of infected needles (2%, 97), mother-to-child transmission (1%, 26), and blood transfusion (<1%, 9) [Figure 11]^{*u*}.

Table 5: Demographic data of reported deaths among people with HIV

Fig. 11: Proportion of reported deaths among people with HIV by mode of transmission

with the			~y			
Demographic Data	Jan-Mar 2020	Jan 1984 – Mar 2020				
Total reported deaths	197 ^r	3,925	Jan-Mar 2020	53% (104)	25% (49)	13% (25)
Male	188	3,594	2020	(104)	(42)	(23)
Female	9	331		Male-Male Sex Sex with bot	h Males & Females ^s	-Female Sex
Age group: <15 y/o	1	26 ^t				
15-24 y/o	22	588 ^t	Jan 1984 -	48%	27%	20%
25-34 y/o	108	1,9 69 ^t	Mar 2020	(1,887)	(1,071)	(796)
35-49 y/o	60	1,106 ^t				
50 y/o & above	6	234 ^t	0%	10% 20% 30% 40%	50% 60% 70% 80	% 90%

Based on reported date. Hence, actual date of death may not necessarily fall in this reporting period

Among males only

^tNo data available on age for 2 cases

No data available on mode of transmission for 39 (1%) cases *Due to database updates, figures in this section may vary from previous reports.

National HIV/AIDS & STI Surveillance and Strategic Information Unit (NHSSS)

Epidemiology Bureau, Department of Health, 2/F Bldg. 19, San Lazaro Compound, Sta. Cruz, Manila 1003 Philippines

T: +632 8651-7800 local 2952 F: +632 8495-0513 E: hivepicenter@gmail.com W: http://www.doh.gov.ph



@hivepicenter

(January - March 2020) **Editorial Team** 1 nze Joy R. Makanan, RMT Richard L. Lepardo, RN enior Health Program Offic Cla Assistant Surveillance Officer Jan Khrysna M. Velayo, RN Assistant Surveillance Officer Betting Kaye D. Castañeda, RN Surveillance Officer nta, RN, PHSAE Officer, NHSSS RN, MGM-ESP er, NHSSS

HIV/AIDS & ART Registry of the Philippines (HARP) Report

ra, MD, PHSAE Agn Chief, Surve

Magpantay, MD, PHSAE, CESO III Rio L or IV, Epide niology Bureau

HIV/AIDS & ART Registry of the Philippines (HARP)

The HIV/AIDS & ART Registry of the Philippines (HARP) is the official record of total number of diagnoses (laboratory-confirmed), ART outcome status and deaths among people with HIV in the Philippines.

All individuals in the registry are confirmed by the San Lazaro Hospital STD/AIDS Cooperative Central Laboratory (SACCL) which is the National Reference Laboratory (NRL) of the Department of Health (DOH) for HIV/AIDS. Confirmed HIV positive individuals were reported to the DOH-Epidemiology Bureau (EB) and recorded to HARP.

ART figures are counts of HIV positive adult and pediatric patients currently enrolled and accessing Antiretroviral (ARV) medication during the reporting period in 126 treatment hubs and primary HIV care treatment facilities that had reported in the HARP. This report did not include patients who have previously taken ARV but have died, left the country, have been lost to follow-up and/or opted not to take ARV. Lost to follow-up is considered once a person have failed to visit a treatment facility more than 3 months after the expected date of ARV refill.

HARP is a passive surveillance system. Except for HIV confirmation by the NRL, all other data submitted to the HARP are secondary and cannot be verified. Hence, HARP cannot determine if an individual's reported place of residence is where the person got infected, or where the person lived after being infected, or where the person is presently living. This limitation has major implications on data interpretation. Readers are advised to interpret the data with caution and consider other sources of information before arriving at conclusions. conclusions



DOH Designated HIV Treatment Hubs & Primary HIV Care Facilities**

Region	Name of Facility	Address	Contact numbers
	Ilocos Sur Provincial Hospital - Gabriela Silang	Quirino Blvd., Tamag Vigan Ilocos Sur	09272957363/09175641530
1	Ilocos Training and Regional Medical Center	Parian, San Fernando City, La Union	(072) 607-6418/ (072) 607-9912
•	Mariano Marcos Memorial Hospital and Medical Center	Barangay 6 San Julian, Batac, Ilocos Norte	(077) 600-8000
	Region 1 Medical Center (PINAS - Unit)	Arellano St. Dagupan City, Pangasinan 2400	(075) 515-8916/ 515-3030
2	Cagayan Valley Medical Center (Haven of Hope)	Dalan na Pagayaya, Carig Sur, Tuguegarao, Cagayan	(078) 304-1410 / (078) 304-18
2	Region II Trauma and Medical Center	Magsaysay, Bayombong, Nueva Vizcaya	(078) 805-3561 loc. 1225
	Allied Care Experts Medical Center (EmbrACE Unit) - Baliwag	Pinagbarilan, Baliuag, Bulacan	0933-873-7688 / (044) 816-10
	Apalit Doctors Hospital, Incorporated (ADHope Unit)	Gonzales Ave, San Juan, Apalit, Pampanga	09362724170/09432880323
	Bataan General Hospital (Bataan HAVEN)	Manahan St., Tenejero, Balanga City, Bataan	(047) 237-1274/ (047) 237-1275 103/ 09998844522
	Bulacan Medical Center (Luntiang Silong)	3rd Flr Pay 3 - Rm 301 Mojon, City of Malolos, Bulacan	09234051309 / 09155214322
	Concepcion District Hospital	St. Jude Village, Alfonso Concepcion, Tarlac	(045) 923 0852/ (045) 4913664 09107080130
	Dr. Paulino J. Garcia Memorial Research and Medical Center (Sanctuario De Paulino)	Mabini St., Cabanatuan City, Nueva Ecija	(044)463-8888 loc. 181 / 09177736638/ 09175716869
	Guimba Community Hospital (Balay Ti Namnama)	L. de Ocampo St. Saranay District, Guimba, Nueva Ecija	(044) 951-0485
	Jose B. Lingad Memorial Regional Hospital (Bahay LInGAD)	Brgy. San Dolores, San Fernando, Pampanga	(045) 435-6801 / 09336215028
	Jose C. Payumo Jr. Memorial Hospital (HEARTH Unit)	Tala St. San Ramon, Dinalupihan, Bataan 2110	09295852241/ 09156008004
3	James L. Gordon Memorial Hospital (L.E.A.D. Shelter)	#1 Perimeter Rd., New Asinan, Olongapo City	(047) 602-4052/ 09988627015
	Maria Aurora Community Hospital	Saturno St., Brgy. 01, Maria Aurora, Aurora	9075948798
	Mariveles Mental Wellness and General Hospital	P.Monroe St. Bayan ng Mariveles, 2105 Bataan	(047) 9354617/ 09454321785/ 09053155472/ 09398460637/ 09194974927
	Premiere Medical Center (TAHANAN sa Premiere)	Maharlika Highway, Daan Sarile, Cabanatuan City, Nueva Ecija	(044) 463-7845 to 49 loc. 2073 09322128175/ 09052944300/ 095968173441
	President Ramon Magsaysay Memorial Hospital (Balin Kalinga)	Zambales Medical Society Building (beside Eye Center Clinic) Palanginan,	09153966014/ 09192442299
	San Marcelino District Hospital Shelter of Holistic and Positive Embrace (HoPE)	Iba Zambales 1st/F Admin Bldg, Ntl. Rd. Sto. Domingo, San Marcelino, Zambales	09398630806
	Talavera General Hospital (Talevera's Hope)	Maestrang Kikay District, Talavera, Nueva Ecija	(044) 463-1166/ 09358124776
	Tarlac Provincial Hospital (TPH Cares)	San Vicente, Tarlac City	09218881119 (045) 491-8970 loc. 247
	Batangas Medical Center (BATMC Wellness Zone)	Kumintang Ibaba, Batangas City	(043) 740-8307 loc 1121/
	Calamba Doctors Hospital (Plus Life Center)	San Cristobal Bridge, Calamba, Laguna	(049) 545 7371
4A	General Emilio Aguinaldo Memorial Hospital	Brgy Luciano Trece Martires Cavite	(046) 6860856/ 09773325852
	Laguna Medical Center (LMC HACT Clinic)	J. De Leon St, Santa Cruz, Laguna	(049) 543-3351 / 09178465901
	Ospital ng Biñan (ONB HIV Treatment Hub)	Canlalay Bridge, Biñan, Laguna	(049) 511-4119
	Quezon Medical Center (Live Positive Wellness Center)	Brgy XI, Quezon Avenue, Lucena, Quezon Province	(042) 717-6323 loc. 342
	Dr. Damian Reyes Provincial Hospital (Triple Heart Treatment Hub)	National Highway, Boac, Marinduque	09209721385
	Ospital ng Palawan (Red Top Center)	220 Malvar St. Puerto Princesa City	(048) 434-6864 / (048) 434-2
4B	Occidental Mindoro Provincial Hospital (ARUGA Clinic)	Paluan Road, Mamburao, Occidental Mindoro	(043) 711-1116
	Oriental Mindoro Provincial Hospital (Purple Rain Clinic)	Sta. Isabel, Calapan City, Oriental Mindoro	09164691469
	Romblon Provincial Hospital (Red Shelter Ctinic)	Odiongan, Romblon	09272107040
	Bicol Regional Training and Teaching Hospital	Rizal St., Legazpi City	(052) 483-0017 loc. 4227
5	Bicol Medical Center	BMC Road, Naga, Camarines Sur	(054) 811-7800
	Masbate Provincial Hospital - St. Aloysius Gonzaga	Provincial Health Office Road, Brgy Kalipay, Masbate City	(056) 333-1590/ 09082061334 09193383397/ 09212434425
	Angel Salazar Memorial General Hospital	Tobias A. Fornier St, San Jose de Buenavista, Antique	(036) 540 7133
	Corazon Locsin Montelibano Memorial Regional Hospital	2nd flr. OPD Bldg. Lacson St. cor Burgos, Bacolod City	(034) 707-2280
6	Dr. Rafael Tumbokon Memorial Hospital	Mabini St., Kalibo, Aklan	(036) 268-6299
	The Medical City - Iloilo (i-REACT Clinic Iloilo)	Locsin St., Molo, Iloilo City	(033) 500-1000
	Western Visayas Medical Center	Q. Abeto St., Mandurriao, Iloilo City	(033) 321-1631
	Cebu Provincial Hospital - Balamban	Pilapil Street, Balamban, Cebu	09275372900
	Cebu Provincial Hospital - Carcar	Baracca St. Pob. 2 Carcar City, Cebu	(032) 4878334
	Chong Hua Hospital - Mandaue (ART Club 802)	Int'l Mantawi Drive. Rec. Area, Bgy. Subangdaku, Mandaue	(032) 233-8000 loc. 8880
	Eversley Childs Sanitarium and General Hospital	Upper Jagobiao Rd, Mandaue City, Cebu	(032) 346 2468
7	Gov. Celestino Gallares Memorial Hospital	M. Parras St., Tagbilaran City	(038) 411-4868
	Negros Oriental Provincial Hospital	Real St., Dumaguete City, Negros Oriental	(6335) 225-0950/225-0949
	Talisay District Hospital	San Isidro, Dakbayan sa Talisay	(032) 273 3226
	Vicente Sotto Memorial Medical Center	B. Rodriguez St., Cebu City	(032) 254-4155 /
		• • •	(032) 253-9891 to 96 loc. 102
	Visayas Community Medical Center (Balay Malingkawasnon)	Osmeña Blvd., Cebu City	(032) 253 1901
	U Department Memorandum No. 2010. 0200		

** As per DOH Department Memorandum No. 2019-0380



DOH Designated HIV Treatment Hubs & Primary HIV Care Facilities**

Treatment Hubs (outpatient and inpatient care & treatment)

Region	Name of Facility	Address	Contact numbers
	Biliran Provincial Health Office (Reproductive Health Clinic)	Naval, Biliran	(053) 561-5983
	Divine Word Hospital	Avenida Veteranos St. Tacloban City	(053) 321-4228
	Eastern Samar Provincial Hospital	Borongan, Eastern Samar	(055) 560-9869
	Eastern Visayas Regional Medical Center	Magsaysay Blvd., Tacloban City	(053) 321-3121 / (053) 321-3363
	Felipe Abrigo Memorial Hospital	Hillsview, Guiuan, Eastern Samar	(055) 271-2180
8	Hilongos District Hospital	CV Alcuiwo St., Hilongos, Leyte	(053) 336-2102
	Leyte Provincial Hospital	Pawing, Palo Leyte	09064786313
	Northern Samar Provincial Hospital	Catarman, Northern Samar	(055) 500-9770
	Salvacion Oppus Yniguez Memorial Hospital	Dakbayan Maasin, Southern Leyte	09471515248
	Samar Provincial Hospital	Imelda Road Catbalogan City Proper Catbalogan, Samar	09173031276
	St. Camillus Hospital	Maharlika highway Brgy Trinidad Calbayog, Samar	(055) 209-3906
	Corazon C. Aquino Memorial Hospital	Basong Dipolog, Zamboanga del Norte	(065) 212-5555
9	Margosatubig Regional Hospital	F. Nightingale St, Margosatubig, 7035 ZDS	09177001500/09452954381
	Zamboanga City Medical Center	Dr. Evangelista St., Sta. Catalina, Zamboanga City	(062) 991-2934
	Adventist Medical Center (HAVEN)	Andres Bonficacio Ave, Sn Miguel, Iligan	09177025990
	Bukidnon Provincial Medical Center	Sayre Highway, Malaybalay, Bukidnon	09177198179
10	Mayor Hilarion A. Ramiro Sr. Regional and Teaching Hospital	Bacolod , 7200 Ozamis City , Misamis Occidental	(088) 521 0022
	Northern Mindanao Medical Center	Provincial Capitol Compound, Cagayan de Oro City	(082) 856-4147
	Davao Doctors Hospital (ARTU)	118 E Quirino Avenue, Poblacion District, Davao City	(082) 222 8000
44	Davao Regional Medical Center (RED STAR Clinic)	Apokon, Tagum City, Davao del Norte	(084) 400-3347 / 09239598931
11	Southern Philippines Medical Center	J. P. Laurel St., Bajada, Davao City	(082) 227-2731 loc. 5140 / (082)
			321-7061
	Allah Valley Medical Specialists Center	Purok Villegas, General Santos Drive, Koronadal City	(002) 552 1257
	Amado B. Diaz Provincial Foundation Hospital	Roosevelt St. Poblacion 4, Midsayap North Cotabato	(083) 552-1357
12	Cotabato Provincial Hospital	Amas, Kidapawan City	09302567522
	Dr. Arturo P. Pingoy Medical Center	General Santos Drive, Zone IV,Koronadal City	09174090537
	Dr. Jorge P. Royeca Hospital	E. Fernandez St. Bgy. Lagao, General Santos City	(083) 552-1357
	South Cotabato Provincial Hospital (IPHO-SCPH HACT Clinic)	Aguinaldo St., Koronadal City, South Cotabato	(083) 228-4571
	Amai Pakpak Medical Center	Marawi City, Lanao del Sur	09178871029
BARMM	Cotabato Regional and Medical Center	RH-11, Sinsuat Ave., Cotabato City	09178946224
	Cotabato Sanitarium Hospital	Bgy. Ungap, Sultan Kudarat, Maguindanao	09054085742
CAR	Baguio General Hospital and Medical Center	Governor Pack Road., Baguio City	(074) 442-4216 loc. 381 / 09155816480
er int	Notre dame de Chartes Hospital	Assumption Rd. Baguio City	09177085433
	Adela Serra Ty Memorial Medical Center (SDS Wellness Ctr.)	Capitol Hills, Telaje, Tandag, Surigao del Sur	(086) 211-4306
	Butuan Medical Center (Pallative and Wellness Care Center)	Km 5 Baan, Butuan City	09173208799
CARAGA	CARAGA Regional Hospital (OP Wellness Center)	Rizal St. National Road, Surigao City	(086) 826-0568 / 09173068186
	Democrito O. Plaza Memorial Hospital (Heart Room)	P2, Patin-ay, Prosperidad, Agusan del Sur	09274698162
	Asian Hospital and Medical Center (General Medicine Clinic)	2205 Civic Drive, Filinvest City, Alabang	(02) 771 9000 loc 8154/
	•		09989641964
	Dr. Jose N. Rodriguez Memorial Hospital	St. Joseph Avenue, Tala Caloocan	09209824758/ 09253547547
	Lung Center of the Philippines	Quezon Ave., Diliman, Quezon City	09189158378/ 09267398000 (02) 888-8999 loc. 2134 (CTTM)/
	Makati Medical Center (Center for Tropical & Travel Medicine)	#2 Amorsolo St., Legaspi Village, Makati City	09178014314
	Manila Doctors Hospital	667 United Nations Avenue, Ermita Manila	(02) 558-0888 loc. 4480
	Mary Johnston Hospital	1221 Juan Nolasco Street, Tondo Manila	(02) 245-4021 loc 385/412
	Philippine General Hospital (SAGIP - Unit)	Taft Ave., Manila	(02) 554-8400 loc. 3249
NCR	Quezon City General Hospital	Seminary Road, EDSA	(02) 863-0800
NCK	Research Institute for Tropical Medicine	Filinvest Corporate City, Alabang, Muntinlupa City	(02) 807-2628 loc. 332
	Rizal Medical Center (OPD Annex)	Pasig Blvd, Pasig City	09361944238/ 09326019341
	San Lazaro Hospital (H4 OPD Clinic)	Quiricada St., Sta. Cruz, Manila	(02) 310-3128
	San Juan de Dios Hospital (Holy Mother of Light Center)	2772 Roxas Blvd. Brgy. 76, Pasay City	09190002166/ 09298511346
	St. Luke's Medical Center - Quezon City (CHBC Room 2)	279 E. Rodriguez Sr. Ave, Quezon City	09498817626
	St. Luke's Medical Center - Global City (Room 1276)	Rizal Drive cor. 32nd & 5th Ave.,Taguig City	(02) 789-7700
	Sta. Ana Hospital	New Panaderos St., Sta. Ana, Manila	(02) 516-6790
	The Medical City - Ortigas (i-REACT Clinic Pasig)	Ortigas Ave., Pasig City	(02) 988-1000 loc. 6765

** As per DOH Department Memorandum No. 2019-0380



DOH Designated HIV Treatment Hubs & Primary HIV Care Facilities**

Primary HIV Care Facilities (outpatient care & treatment)

1	Lacasandile Medical Clinic and Diagnostic Center	Address Bgy. Lacong National Highway, Tagudin Ilocos Sur	09062518009
2	Santiago City Health Office	Santiago-Tuguegarao Road, San Andres, Santiago, 3311	(078) 305 2775
-	Angeles City Reproductive Health and Wellness Center and Primary HIV Care Clinic (Bale Angeleño)	C. Surla St., Balibago, Angeles City	09260726899/ 09325479455
	Family Planning Organization of the Philippines - CAPUTOL CARES	39 Rizal Ave, Bgy Maimpis, San Fernando Pampanga	09323194911/ 09959720968/ 09209815156/ 09232529712
	Guiguinto RHU II Primary Care Clinic Center (Gintong Kanlungan)	2nd Flr, RHU II, Green Estate Subdivision, Guiguinto, Bulacan	(044)760-3450/ 09325478488 09260726900
-	Mabalacat RHU II (Lingap Balacat)	Brgy. Dau, Mabalacat City Pampanga	09991067475 / 09260726596
3	Meycauayan City Primary HIV Care Clinic	Peso St., St. Michael Homes, Pandayan, Meycauayan, Bulacan	09272324119/ 09232982649
	Moncada Rural Health 1	Poblacion 1 Moncada, Tarlac	(045)06061417/ 09088818284
	Ospital ng Lungsod ng San Jose del Monte (Villa Esperanza)	Sapang Palay, San Jose Del Monte, Bulacan	09236335634
	RE De Jesus Multi-Specialty Clinic and Diagnostic Center (The Green Clinic)	Brgy. Caypombo (Back of LBC Caypombo), Sta.Maria, Bulacan	(044) 815-3145/ 0936804004
	RHU 1 Marilao Bulacan (Kanaryong Silungan)	2nd Floor, RHU 1, Northbound NLEX Road, Marilao, Bulacan	09256070888
	Antipolo Social Hygiene Clinic	M. Santos St., Brgy. San Roque, Antipolo City	(02) 8696-4097
	Bacoor Social Hygiene Clinic	Floraville Subdivision, Panapaan 1, Bacoor City	09499940184
	Cainta Reproductive Wellness - Social Hygiene Clinic	Municipal Cmpd A. Bonifacio Ave. Brgy. Sto. Domingo, Cainta	(02) 696 2607
4A	Dasmariñas City Health Office I (SHC)	Zone 2, Manggubat St., City Health Office I, Dasmariñas, Cavite	(046) 416-0279/ 09171656457
	Imus Social Hygiene Clinic	Medicion 1C, Velarde Subdivision, Imus	(046) 434-4057/ 0926701353 09258787158
	Rodriguez Municipal Health Office	J.P Rizal St. Baliote Rodriguez Rizal	09209215204/ 09228768220
	San Pablo Social Hygiene Clinic	City Governance Bldg, Apolinario Mabini Ext, Barangay 5A, San Pablo City	(049) 562 8116/ (049) 562 78
6	Family Planning Organization of the Philippines - Community Health Care Birthing Center and Laboratory	Dulalia Bldg., Brgy. Maria Clara Iloilo City	09175170111
	Cebu Social Hygiene Clinic	General Maxilom Avenue Extension, Carreta, Cebu City	(032) 233-0987/ 0925559166
7	Danao City Social Hygiene Clinic (Get Well Resource Center)	Danao City Hall, F. Ralota St., Poblacion	09176326694/ 09330266694
7	Mandaue City Social Hygiene Clinic	Mandaue City Health Office, F.B. Kabahog St. Centro Mandaue City	(032) 268-2489/ 0928507740
	Talisay City SHC	Multi Purpose Bldg, Brgy. Poblacion, Talisay City	(032) 4915567/ (032)2734704
8	Ormoc City Health Office	CHO Aunubing Street, Barangay Cogon, Ormoc City, Leyte	09171126000
10	HIV/AIDS Primary Care Services Integration of Maramag	Dionisio Micayabas St. Maramag Bukidnon	09177025990
11	Davao Reproductive Health and Wellness Center	Emilio Jacinto St., Poblacion District, Davao City, Davao del Sur	(082) 222-4187
10	Kalamansig Rural Health Unit	Poblacion Kalamansig, Sultan Kudarat Province	(064) 204-6113
12	General Santos City Social Hygiene Clinic	City Health Office, Fernandez St., Lagao, General Santos City	(083) 302-8115
	Batasan Hills Super Health Center (SHC)	#1 IBP Road, Batasan Hills, Quezon City	09322959752/09232790558
	Klinika Bernardo	Ermin Garcia St., Brgy. Pinagkaisahan, Quezon City	09324033412
	Klinika Novaliches	2nd flr. Bautista Building, 8 Dona Isaura, Novaliches, Quezon City	09985734877
	Klinika Project 7	39 Bansalangin St., Veterans Village, Project 7, Quezon City	09178561158
	Las Piñas Social Hygiene Clinic	Barrio Hall, Alabang-Zapote Road, Almansa, Las Piñas City	(02) 800-6406
	Love Yourself - Anglo Clinic	3rd floor, Anglo Bldg. Shaw Blvd, Mandaluyong	09278926611
	Malabon City Social Hygiene Clinic	PBM Cpd. Dagat-dagatan cor. Maya-maya St. Lungos Malabon	(02) 373-3431
	Mandaluyong Social Hygiene Clinic	20 M. Lerma St. cor. Vicencio St, Mandaluyong City	(02) 546-7799
	Manila Social Hygiene Clinic	208 Quiricada St., Sta. Cruz, Manila	(02) 711-6942
NCR	Marikina City Satellite Treatment Hub	Marikina Healthy City Center, Shoe Ave., Sto. Niño, Marikina City	(02) 948-8925 / 09175631722
	Muntinlupa Reproductive Health and Wellness Center	2nd Flr, Putatan Health Center, Ntl. Rd, Putatan, Muntinlupa City	(02) 834-5997
	Parañaque City Social Hygiene Clinic	3rd Floor Paranaque City Hall, San Antonio Valley 1, San Antonio, Sucat	(02) 826-8229/ (02) 826 8219
	Pasay City Social Hygiene Clinic	2nd Flr. Doña Elvira Lagrosa Health Center, FB Harrison Pasay	(02) 809-3671
	Pasig City Treatment Hub (PATH)	CHAMP Bldg, Caruncho Ave, Pasig City	(02) 798-2572
	Project 7 Social Hygiene Clinic	39 Bansalangin St., Veterans Village, Project 7, Quezon City	09204227596/ 09998415060
	San Juan City Social Hygiene Clinic	2nd Floor Batis Health Center, F. Manala St. San Juan City	09176678163/09277645343
	Sustained Health Initiatives of the Phils. (SHIP Clinic)	565 Shaw Blvd. Highway Hills, Mandaluyong City	(02) 3491-7349/ 09178281278
	Taguig Social Hygiene Clinic	TND Village Corner P. Cruz, Tuktukan	(02) 642-1262/ 09267542917

** As per DOH Department Memorandum No. 2019-0380

Other facilities providing outpatient HIV care and treatment

Region	Name of Facility	Address	Contact Information
6	Roxas City Health Office	y Health Office Bangbang Street, Inzo Arnaldo Village Roxas City (036) 621- (036) 621-0	
CAR	Baguio Reproductive Health and Wellness Center	T. Alonzo St. Baguio City	(042) 442 4542
	Bernardo Social Hygiene Clinic	Ermin Garcia St., Brgy. Pinagkaisahan, Quezon City	09193635919
NCR	Klinika Batasan (Sundown Clinic)	#1 IBP Road, Batasan Hills, Quezon City	09366573531/ 09228012958
	Taguig City Drop-in Center	Service Road, Western Bicutan	(02) 642-1262/ 09267542917