

HIV EPIDEMIC AND RESPONSE IN ASIA AND THE PACIFIC

Regional Posters prepared by UNAIDS Asia-Pacific and Data Hub for the 11th
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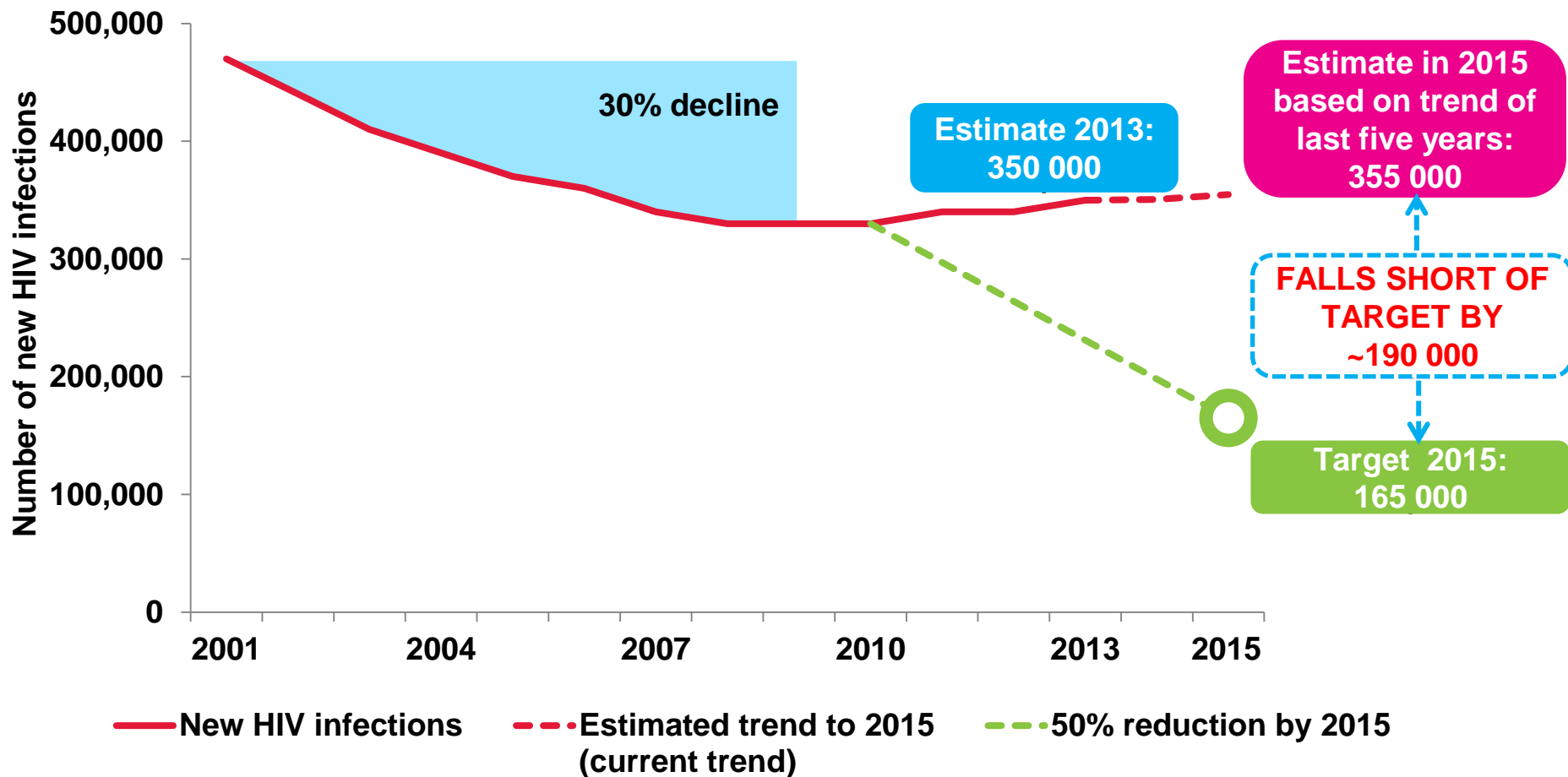


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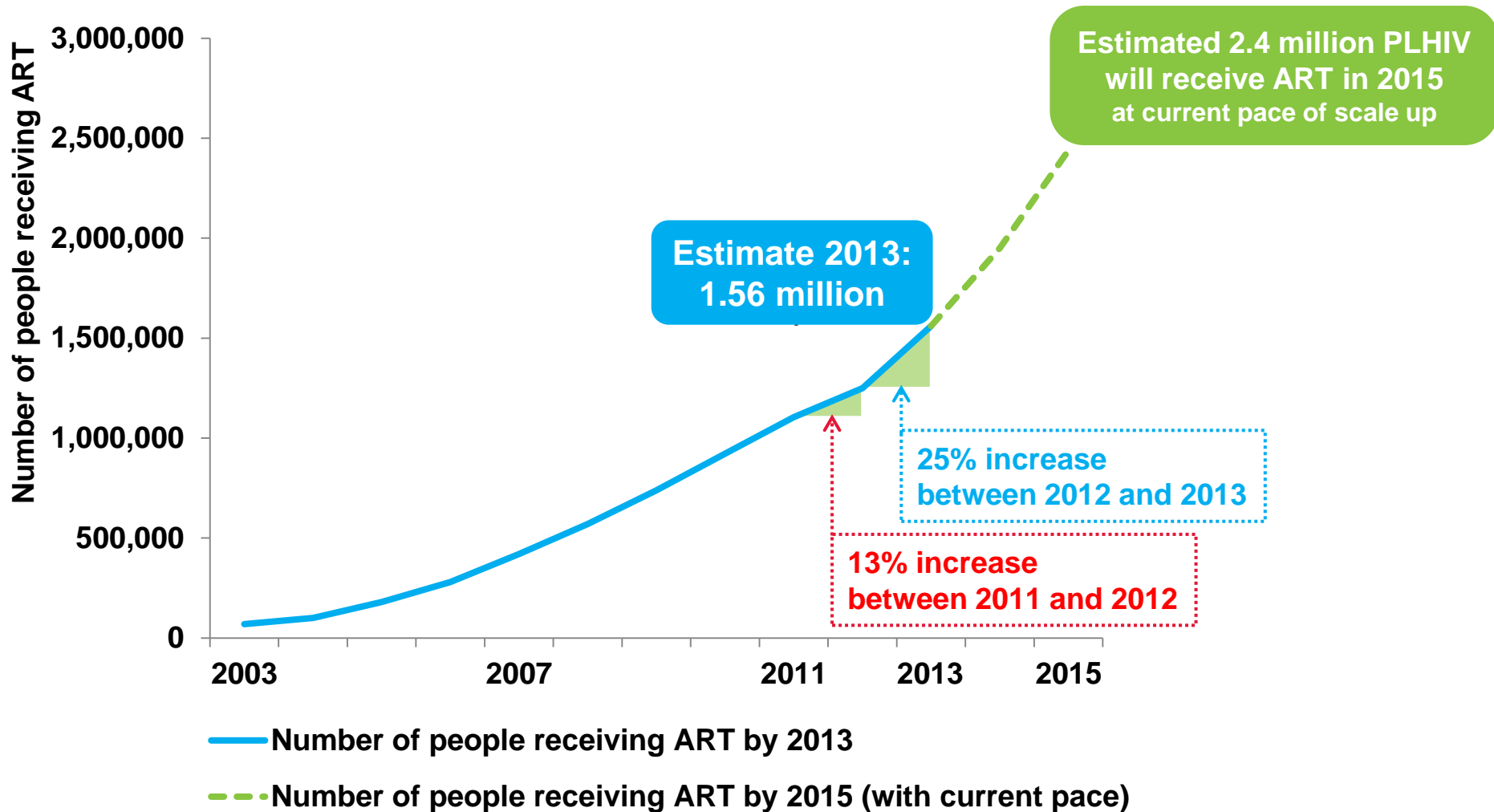
ENDING AIDS BY 2030

Intensive action and innovation needed



REACHING 90 – 90 – 90

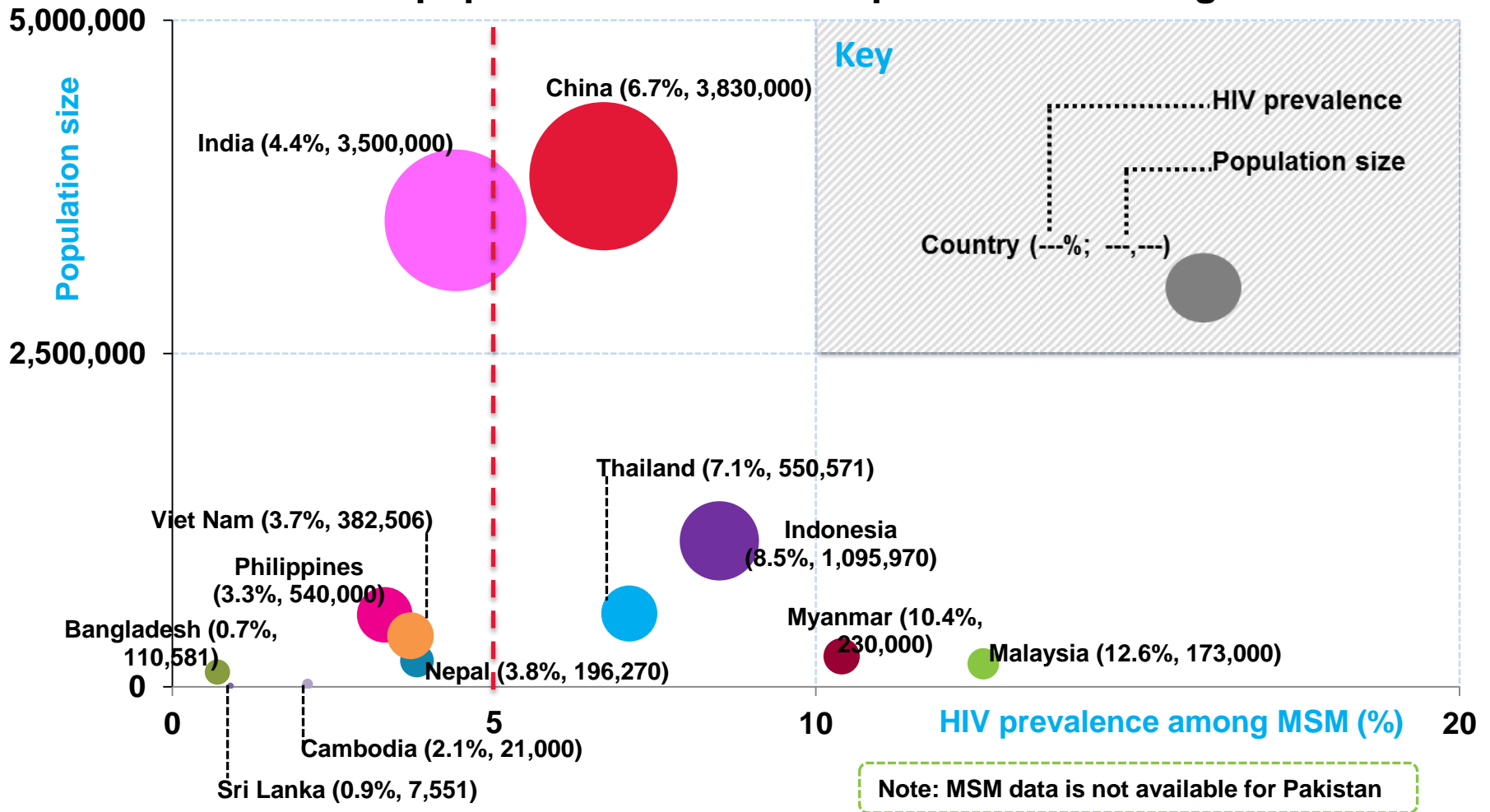
Insufficient scale-up will leave half the people living with HIV without access to treatment by 2015



Focus on the right populations

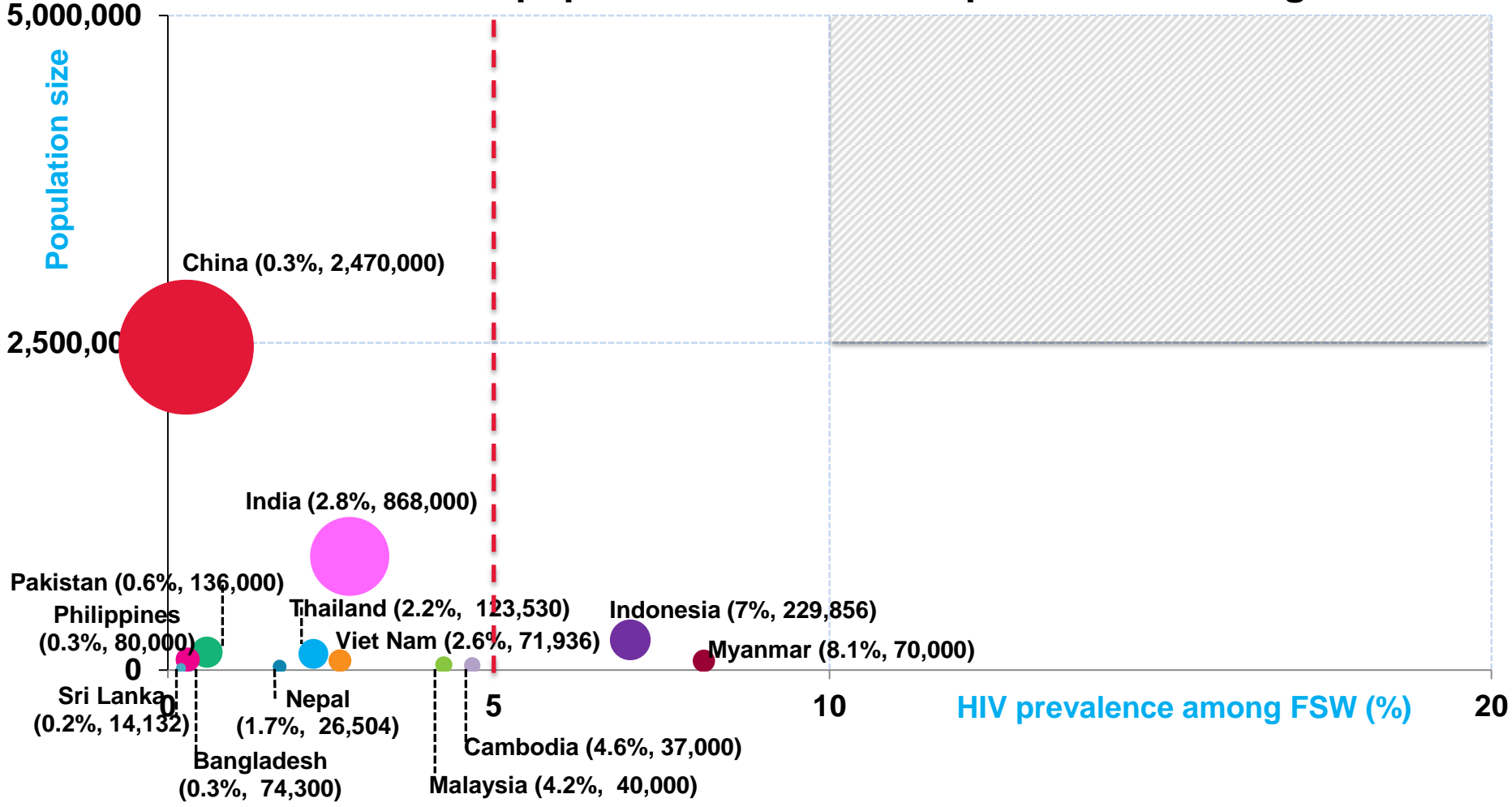
Men who have sex with men are the largest key population at higher risk, with rising HIV prevalence

Estimated population size and HIV prevalence among MSM



Women who sell sex are at risk of HIV infection; male clients remain uncounted, with no interventions

Estimated population size and HIV prevalence among FSW



Source: Prepared by www.aidsdatahub.org based on 1)UNAIDS. (2012). Global Report: UNAIDS Report on the Global AIDS Epidemic 2012.; 2) National Population Size Estimation Reports and 3) Country Global AIDS Response Progress Reports 2013 and 2014

People who inject drugs, the smallest of key populations, can all be provided with harm reduction to limit the spread of HIV

Estimated population size and HIV prevalence among PWID

