UNAIDS DATA **2022** 152

INDONESIA INDONESIA

COUNTRY DATA

	2010	2015	2021
New HIV infections			
New HIV infections (all ages)	50 000	39 000	27 000
	[48 000–53 000]	[37 000–41 000]	[25 000–28 000]
New HIV infections (0–14)	3300	3900	3200
	[2900–3700]	[3400–4400]	[2700–3700]
New HIV infections (15-24)	26 000	20 000	13 000
	[20 000–30 000]	[15 000–23 000]	[9400–15 000]
New HIV infections (women, 15+)	18 000	15 000	9000
	[17 000–20 000]	[14 000–16 000]	[8300–9700]
New HIV infections (men, 15+)	29 000	20 000	14 000
	[27 000–31 000]	[19 000–22 000]	[13 000–15 000]
HIV incidence (all ages) per 1000 population	0.21 [0.20–0.22]	0.15 [0.14–0.16]	0.10 [0.09–0.10]
AIDS-related deaths			
AIDS-related deaths (all ages)	14 000	24 000	26 000
	[13 000–15 000]	[22 000–26 000]	[24 000–29 000]
AIDS-related deaths (0–14)	1900	2600	2400
	[1700–2100]	[2300–2900]	[2000–2800]
AIDS-related deaths (women, 15+)	2900	6200	8800
	[2700–3200]	[5800–6900]	[8100–9800]
AIDS-related deaths (men, 15+)	8900	15 000	14 000
	[8200–9700]	[14 000–16 000]	[13 000–16 000]
People living with HIV			
People living with HIV (all ages)	410 000	520 000	540 000
	[390 000–430 000]	[490 000–550 000]	[510 000–570 000]
People living with HIV (0-14)	8500	15 000	19 000
	[7700–9300]	[13 000–16 000]	[17 000–21 000]
People living with HIV (women, 15+)	130 000	180 000	200 000
	[120 000–130 000]	[170 000–190 000]	[190 000–210 000]
People living with HIV (men, 15+)	270 000	320 000	330 000
	[260 000–280 000]	[310 000–340 000]	[310 000–350 000]
HIV prevalence (15–49)	0.3 [0.3–0.3]	0.4 [0.3–0.4]	0.3 [0.3–0.4]

Yes Any criminalization or punitive regulation of sex work Yes, penalty not specified
Any criminalization or punitive regulation of sex work
regulation of sex work
Yes, penalty not specified
Yes
No
Prohibit short- and/or long-stay and require HIV testing or disclosure for some permits
Yes
No
No

STIGMA AND DISCRIMINATION

Percentage of women aged 15–49 years who report discriminatory attitudes towards people living with HIV	 2017
	 68.7
Percentage of people living with HIV who	2019
report experienced stigma and discrimination in the general community in the last 12 months	4.6
Percentage of people living with HIV who report experiences of HIV-related	•••
discrimination in health-care settings	

GENDER INEQUALITY AND VIOLENCE

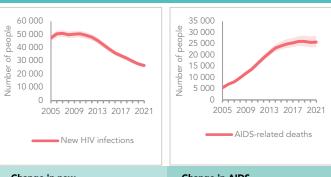
Proportion of ever-married or partnered women aged 15–49 years who experienced physical or sexual violence from a male intimate partner in the past 12 months	
Percentage of women and men aged 15 to 49 years who agree that a husband is justified in	2017
hitting or beating his wife for specific reasons	32.00

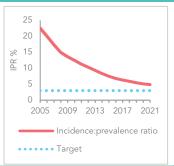
EXPENDITURES						
		Fina	ncing sources			
	Domestic private	Domestic public	International: PEPFAR	International: Global Fund	International: all others	Total
Last available report: 2020	US\$ 0	US\$ 83 439 232	US\$ 7 513 602	US\$ 64 399 760	US\$ 2 373 169	US\$ 157 725 763

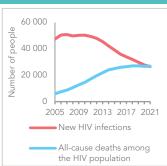
(Refers to women only)

ASIA AND THE PACIFIC 153

EPIDEMIC TRANSITION METRICS







Change in new
HIV infections = -47%
since 2010

Change in AIDSrelated deaths since 2010

Incidence:
prevalence = 4.9
ratio (%)

Incidence: mortality ratio*

* The incidence:mortality ratio is not published if the country has not achieved antiretroviral therapy coverage of 91% or higher (the testing and treatment target for 2025).

KEY POPULATIONS						
	Sex workers	Men who have sex with men	People who inject drugs	Transgender people	Prisoners	
Estimated size of population	277 600		34 500	34 700	268 000	
HIV prevalence	2.1%	17.9%	13.7%	11.9%	0.7%	
HIV testing and status awareness	38.6%	55.5%	57.2%	65.0%		
Antiretroviral therapy coverage	22.4%	37.9%		34.4%	0.3%	
Condom use	66.8%	69.6%	34.1%	68.9%		
Coverage of HIV prevention programmes						
Avoidance of health care because of stigma and discrimination						
Expenditures in US\$ (2020)	3 458 406	4 243 639	798 200	822 685	10 643	

HIV COMORBIDITIES	40.000
Estimated number of incident tuberculosis cases among people living with HIV (2020)	18 000 [7700 –32 000]
People living with HIV who started TB preventive therapy (2020)	17 274
Cervical cancer screening of women living with HIV	
People coinfected with HIV and hepatitis C virus starting hepatitis C treatment	

	V IES	/ IIII V		ATMENT CAS	CADL
	600 000				
≥H	500 000				
ng with	400 000				
Number of people living with HIV	300 000				
	200 000				
Numb	100 000				
	0				
		People	living with HIV who know their status	People living with HIV on treatment	People living with HIV who are virally suppressed
All ages			% [%]	28% [26–30%]	% [%]
				153 016	***
Children (0-14)		14)	% [%]	25% [22–27%]	% [%]
				4657	
Women (15+)		-)	% [%]	24% [23–26%]	% [%]
				48 290	
Men (15+)			% [%]	31% [29–33%]	% [%]
				100 069	

HIV PREVENTION	
Adults aged 15+ years with unsuppressed viral load	
Knowledge of HIV prevention among young people aged 15–24 years	
— Women	
— Men	
Condom use at last sex with a non-marital, non-cohabiting partner among people aged 15–49 years	
— Women	
— Men	
Women aged 15–49 years who have their demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (2017)	77%
Men aged 15–49 years who are circumcised	Not applicable
Voluntary medical male circumcisions performed according to national standards	Not applicable
People who received PrEP at least once during the reporting period	
Harm reduction	
 Use of sterile injecting equipment at last injection (2019) 	89.8%
 Needles and syringes distributed per person who injects (2021) 	1
 Coverage of agonist opioid methadone therapy (2021) 	1.6%

— Naloxone available (2022)

No

ELIMINATION OF VERTICAL TRANSMISSION					
	2015	2021			
Percentage of pregnant women living with HIV accessing antiretroviral medicines	8% [7–9%]	15% [13–17%]			
Final vertical transmission rate including during breastfeeding	32.4% [31.0–33.7%]	30.8% [29.4–32.3%]			
Early infant diagnosis	6.1% [5.5–7.1%]	5.2% [4.6–6.1%]			