# NEPAL

# **EPIDEMIC ESTIMATES**

New HIV infections			
New HIV infections (all ages)	2100	1200	900
	[1900–2300]	[1100–1300]	[800–980]
New HIV infections (0-14)	<500	<200	<100
	[<200– <500]	[<200– <200]	[<100- <200]
New HIV infections (women, 15+)	850	<500	<500
	[740–940]	[<500- <500]	[<500-<500]
New HIV infections (men, 15+)	1000	680	530
	[910–1100]	[600–740]	[<500–580]
HIV incidence per 1000 population	0.08 [0.07–0.09]	0.04 [0.04–0.05]	0.03 [0.03–0.03]
AIDS-related deaths			
AIDS-related deaths (all ages)	1400	1100	910
	[1200–1700]	[920–1400]	[700–1200]
AIDS-related deaths (0-14)	<200	<100	<100
	[<200– <200]	[<100– <200]	[<100–<100]
AIDS-related deaths (women, 15+)	<500	<500	<200
	[<500– <500]	[<200– <500]	[<200–<500]
AIDS-related deaths (men, 15+)	1000	850	680
	[840–1200]	[680–1100]	[540–910]
People living with HIV			
People living with HIV (all ages)	31 000	31 000	30 000
	[27 000–36 000]	[27 000–36 000]	[26 000–34 000]
People living with HIV (0-14)	1400	1500	1400
	[1300–1700]	[1400–1800]	[1200–1600]
People living with HIV (women, 15+)	9800	11 000	12 000
	[8700–11 000]	[9900–13 000]	[10 000–13 000]
People living with HIV (men, 15+)	20 000	18 000	17 000
	[17 000–24 000]	[16 000–21 000]	[15 000–20 000]
HIV prevalence (15–49)	0.2 [0.2–0.2]	0.2 [0.1–0.2]	0.1 [0.1–0.2]

# LAWS AND POLICIES

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Laws criminalizing the transmission of, non-disclosure of or exposure to HIV transmission	Yes
Criminalization of sex work among consenting adults	Any criminalization or punitive regulation of sex work
Criminalization of same-sex sexual acts	Laws penalizing same-sex sexual acts have been decriminalized or never existed
Drug use or possession for personal use is an offence	Possession of drugs for personal use or drug use and/or consumption are specified as criminal offences
Criminalization of transgender people	Neither criminalized nor prosecuted
Laws or policies restricting the entry, stay and residence of people living with HIV	No
Parental consent for adolescents to access HIV testing	Yes, for adolescents younger than 16 years
Spousal consent for married women to access sexual and reproductive health services	No
Mandatory HIV testing for marriage, work or residence permits or for certain groups	No

#### STIGMA AND DISCRIMINATION

years who report discriminatory attitudes	2011	2016	
towards people living with HIV	28.3	38	
Percentage of people living with HIV denied health services because of their HIV status in the last 12 months			
Percentage of people living with HIV who reported a health-care professional told others about their HIV status without their consent			

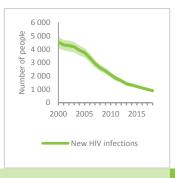
# **VIOLENCE**

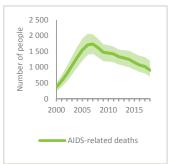
Proportion of ever-married or partnered	2011	2016
women aged 15-49 years who experienced		
physical or sexual violence from a male		
intimate partner in the past 12 months	14.3	11.2

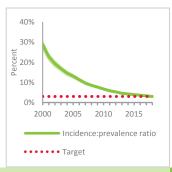
## **EXPENDITURES**

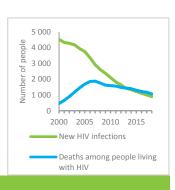
Financing sources						
Last available report: 2018		\$2 335 783		\$10 571 595	\$2 852 016	\$15 759 395

#### **EPIDEMIC TRANSITION METRICS**









Change in new HIV infections = -57 since 2010

Change in AIDSrelated deaths since 2010

-37%

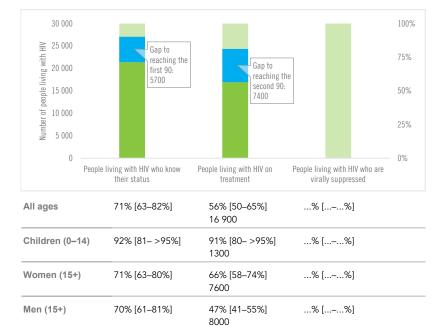
Incidence: prevalence

3%

# **KEY POPULATIONS**

Estimated size of population					22 000
HIV prevalence	4.2%	5.0%	8.8%	8.5%	
Know their HIV status	95.2%	89.6%	98.3%	89.4%	
Antiretroviral therapy coverage					
Condom use	88.2%	94.6%	48.9%	91.5%	
Coverage of HIV prevention programmes	34.8%	79.7%	67.8%	29.8%	
Avoidance of health care because of stigma and discrimination					
Expenditures (2014)	\$200 879	\$875 761	\$1 825 145		

## HIV TESTING AND TREATMENT CASCADE



#### **ELIMINATION OF MOTHER-TO-CHILD TRANSMISSION**

	2010	2018
Percentage of pregnant women living with HIV	14%	51%
accessing antiretroviral medicines	[11–16%]	[43–60%]
Early infant diagnosis	3.3%	70.8%
Larry Illiant diagnosis	[2.7-4.1%]	[59.6-83.3%]

## **HIV COMORBIDITIES**

Estimated number of incident tuberculosis cases among people living with HIV (2017)	870 [480–1400]
People living with HIV who started TB preventive therapy (2017)	
Cervical cancer screening of women living with HIV	
People coinfected with HIV and hepatitis B virus receiving combined treatment	
People coinfected with HIV and hepatitis C virus starting hepatitis C treatment	

#### **HIV PREVENTION**

Adults aged 15+ years with unsuppressed viral load

Knowledge of HIV prevention among young people aged 15–24 years (2016)

— Women	20.7%
— Men	27.1%

Condom use at last sex with a non-marital, non-cohabiting partner (2016)

— Women	
— Men	67.6%

Women aged 15–49 years who have their demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods (2016) 56.3%

Men aged 15–49 years who are circumcised Applicable

Voluntary medical male circumcisions Not performed according to national standards Applicable

People who received PrEP at least once during the reporting period

Harm reduction

Use of sterile injecting equipment at last injection (2017)	97.6%
<ul> <li>Needles and syringes distributed per person who injects (2018)</li> </ul>	85

Coverage of opioid substitution therapy (2018)
Naloxone available (2019)
No

— Safe injection rooms available (2019)