



ANNUAL REPORT 2015

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH
PHILIPPINES

Department of Health 2016

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ANNUAL REPORT 2015



REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES
DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH



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MESSAGE FROM THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH

We are happy to share with you the Department of Health's 2015 Annual Report.

The leadership and governance of the Aquino administration for the past six years have shaped and advanced the universal health care we have today.

2015 was an exciting year for the public health sector as we continued to develop and implement breakthrough policies to achieve universal health care.

The National Health Insurance Program of the Philippine Health Insurance Corporation (PhilHealth) covered 92 percent of our total population by December 2015. A special milestone for the year was the implementation of the mandatory PhilHealth coverage for senior citizens which benefited 5.4 million Filipino residents 60 years old and above.

The Health Facilities Enhancement Program, with its goal to ensure equitable access to affordable health care, funded 1,828 health facilities nationwide within the year. We provided mobile dental vehicles to local government units and added dentists to our cadre of human resources for health. We also deployed public health associates to monitor the performance of our health systems.

In 2015, we launched the Hypertension and Diabetes clubs which provide maintenance medications for Filipinos with hypertension and diabetes. For the health needs of our priority vulnerable populations, we worked on the High Impact Five (Hi-5) strategy that intensified action on achieving MDGs on maternal care, infant care, child care, HIV/AIDS, and the service delivery network.

Our 2015 Annual Report is a testament to the Department's continuing efforts, in partnership with all our stakeholders, to ensure *"Kalusugang tuloy-tuloy para sa pamilyang Pinoy."*



JANETTE LORETO-GARIN, MD, MBA-H
Secretary of Health



*Together we can do so much
to achieve our lifelong dream
of Universal Health Care.*

PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

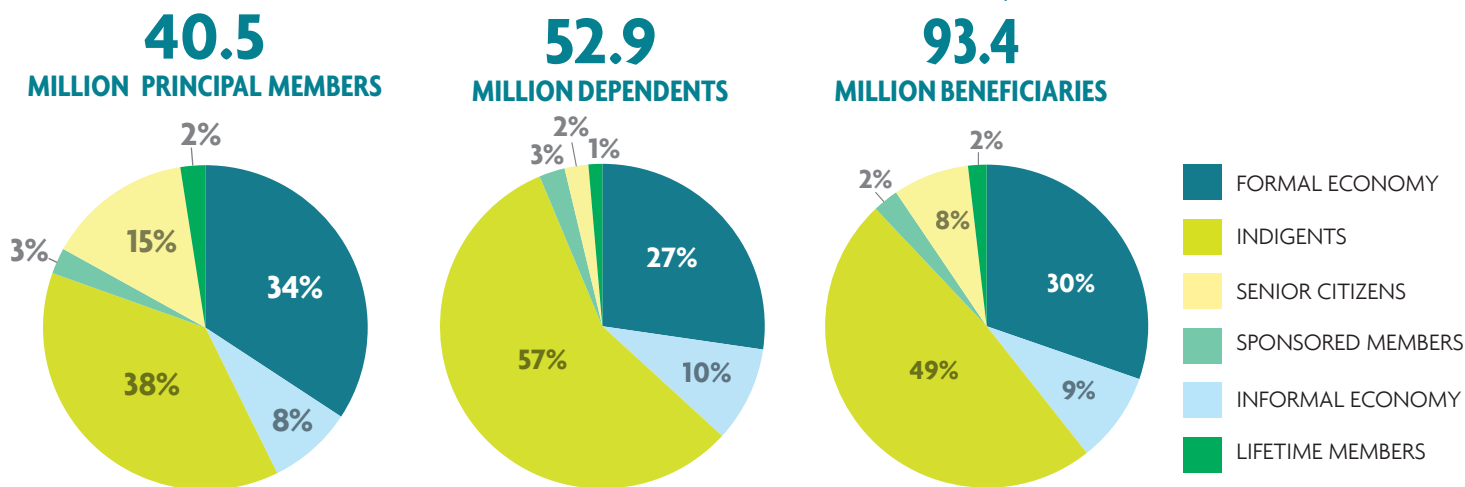
OUTCOME 1: IMPROVED FINANCIAL RISK PROTECTION



NATIONAL HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM

The National Health Insurance Program of the Philippine Health Insurance Corporation (PhilHealth) covered 92 percent or 93.45 million principal members and dependents of the country's 2015 projected population of 101.45 million. Of this total coverage, 45.41 million principal members and dependents were enrolled as national government sponsored members as of December 31, 2015.

PHILHEALTH COVERAGE AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2015



Notes:

The number of indigent members and dependents is based on the Listahanan database of Department of Social Work and Development and is subject to further validation.

The 2015 projected population of 101,449,681 is based on the May 1, 2010 National Statistics Office Census.

Source: PhilHealth

PHILHEALTH BENEFITS

Expanded Z Benefit Package for Colon and Rectum Cancers

In 2015, PhilHealth expanded the coverage of the Z Benefit Package to include the treatment and management of colon and rectum cancers.

For the entire treatment course of colon cancer, the package rate is Php150,000 for Stages I and II (low risk), and Php300,000 for Stages II and III (high risk). PhilHealth also pays Php400,000 for pre-operative clinical Stage I with post-operative pathologic Stages II-III using the linear accelerator as mode of radiotherapy. The benefit package becomes Php320,000 when cobalt is used as the mode of radiotherapy for the same stages.

For the entire treatment course of rectum cancer, PhilHealth pays Php150,000 for Stage I (clinical and pathologic). Clinical stages II-III are covered at Php400,000 when the linear accelerator as mode of radiotherapy is used and at Php320,000 when the cobalt mode of radiotherapy is used.

Point of Care (POC) Enrollment Program

Piloted in eight government hospitals in 2013, the POC enrollment program was continued and expanded by PhilHealth in 2015. Class C-3 (near poor) and D (poor) non-members and members with insufficient qualifying contributions who are confined in government hospitals may be enrolled as health care institution/facility-sponsored members. Their premium contributions are borne by the government facility, provided that they are certified poor by the medical social worker at the time of admission. As of December 2015, a total of 366 health care facilities were participating in the program.

Enhanced Primary Care Package (TSeKaP)

In the early part of 2015, PhilHealth launched an enhanced Primary Care Benefit Package or "Tamang Serbisyo sa Kalusugan ng Pamilya" (TSeKaP). This expanded the Primary Care Benefit 1 and the Primary Care Benefit 2 implemented in 2012 and 2014, respectively. Included in TSeKaP are drugs and medicines for ten common conditions that can be managed at a primary care level: asthma, acute gastroenteritis, upper respiratory tract infection, pneumonia, urinary tract infection, diabetes mellitus, hypertension, dyslipidemia, deworming, and ischemic heart disease.

Electronic medical records are generated for TSeKaP by provider-facilities whose IT systems are connected to PhilHealth.

Extended Dialysis Coverage

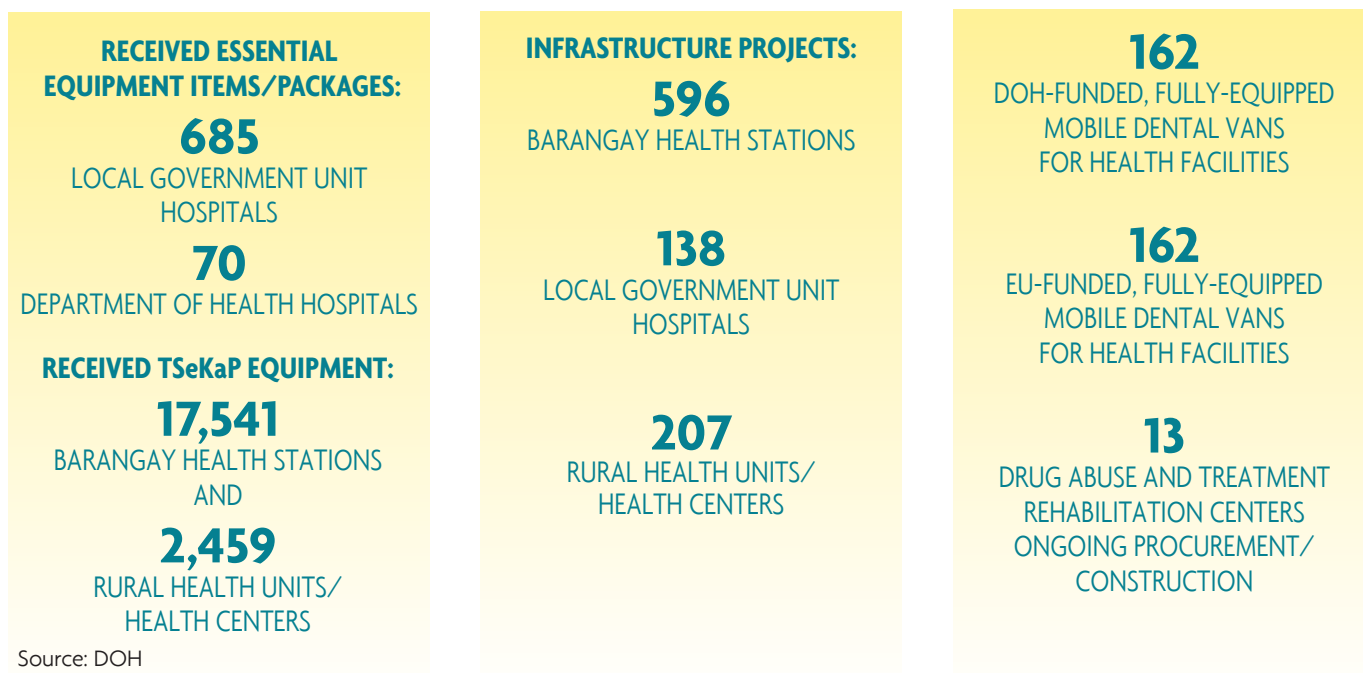
Because of the increased incidence of kidney diseases among Filipinos, PhilHealth has expanded its coverage for hemodialysis from 45 to 90 sessions per year. With this expansion, out-of-pocket expenses for dialysis treatment of PhilHealth members and their qualified dependents are reduced considerably.

OUTCOME 2: GREATER ACCESS TO HEALTH CARE SERVICES



HEALTH FACILITIES ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM

In 2015, the Department took steps to upgrade facilities to meet the Department of Health's licensure and PhilHealth's accreditation requirements.









HEALTH HUMAN RESOURCE DEPLOYMENT PROGRAM

In 2015, the Department continued to deploy physicians, nurses, midwives, and other health professionals to communities that needed them most. For the first time, dentists and medical technologists were included in the deployment.

The year also saw the start of the two-year Public Health Associate Deployment Project. Forty-four priority provinces were selected as focus geographical areas. In these areas, public health associates were deployed to work on monitoring and evaluation mechanisms to ensure timely and adequate logistical support for universal health care policy and program implementation.

Health professionals were also sent to doctorless areas in identified fifth and sixth class municipalities to support various programs such as the Accelerated Sustainable Anti-Poverty Program, Whole of Nation Initiative, and Bottom-Up Budgeting, among others.

	 DOCTORS TO THE BARRIOS	 RURAL HEALTH MIDWIVES PLACEMENT PROGRAM	 REGISTERED NURSES FOR HEALTH ENHANCEMENT AND LOCAL SERVICE (RNHeals)	 PUBLIC HEALTH ASSOCIATES DEPLOYMENT PROGRAM (PHADP)	 DENTIST DEPLOYMENT PROGRAM (DDP)	 MEDICAL TECHNOLOGISTS DEPLOYMENT PROGRAM (MTDP)
2010	67	191				
2011	139	1,117	20,801			
2012	235	2,391	10,000			
2013	276	2,738	21,929			
			NURSE DEPLOYMENT PROGRAM (NDP)			
2014	320	2,700	11,293			
2015	348	3,020	13,371	834	218	79

Source: DOH

OUTCOME 3: PUBLIC HEALTH MILLENIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS (MDGs) ACHIEVED



Hi-5

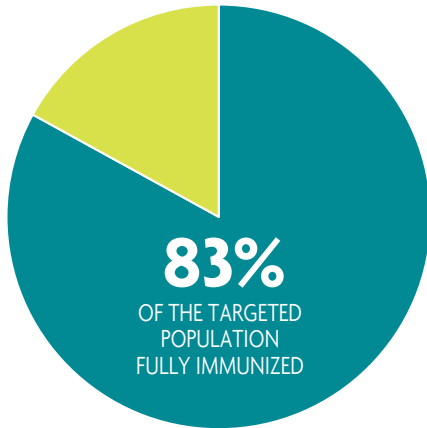
In 2015, the Department intensified its efforts to improve health outcomes among priority vulnerable populations nationwide through the Universal Health Care High Impact Five (Hi-5) strategy. The regional operations strategy has as its theme, "Sa Tuwid na Daan, Kalusugang Tuloy-tuloy para sa Pamilyang Pinoy," and focuses on the five critical areas of maternal care, infant care, child care, HIV/AIDS, and service delivery network.



MDG 4: REDUCE CHILD MORTALITY

Expanded Program on Immunization (EPI)

As part of the essential public health program for the achievement of MDG 4, the Expanded Program on Immunization conducted a nationwide immunization campaign for infants in 2015.



Source: DOH

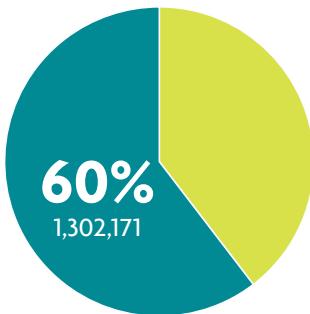
National School-based Immunization Campaign

The National Immunization Program launched a national school-based immunization campaign from August to October 15, 2015. With the theme "Bakuna Para sa Kabataan, Proteksiyon sa Kinabukasan," it provided free immunization against Measles Rubella and Tetanus-diphtheria to Grades 1 and 7 students enrolled in public schools.

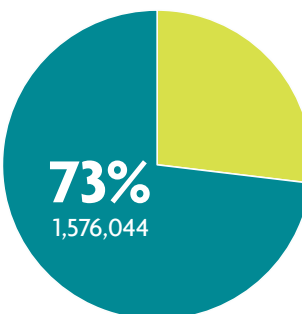


National School-Based Immunization Campaign Report for Measles Rubella (MR) and Tetanus-diphtheria (TD) As of November 23, 2015

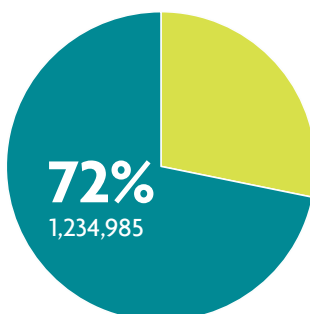
GRADE 1 STUDENTS
VACCINATED AGAINST MR



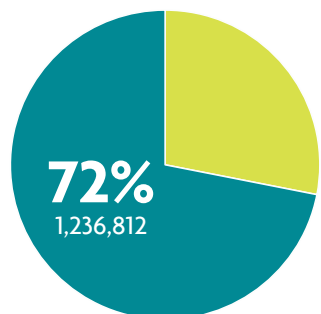
GRADE 1 STUDENTS
VACCINATED AGAINST TD



GRADE 7 STUDENTS
VACCINATED AGAINST MR



GRADE 7 STUDENTS
VACCINATED AGAINST TD



Source: DOH

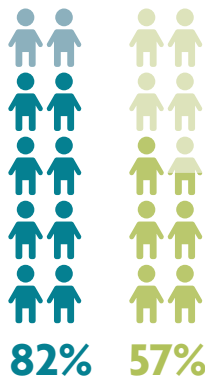
Micronutrient Supplementation

Providing essential vitamins and minerals such as Vitamin A capsules and iron supplements to children under five is a strategy against severe nutritional deficiencies.



PERCENTAGE OF CHILDREN GIVEN VITAMIN A AND IRON SUPPLEMENTS

6-11 MONTH-OLD CHILDREN



12-59 MONTH-OLD CHILDREN

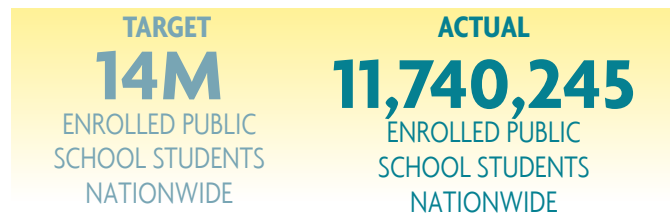


■ April 2015
■ October 2015

Source: DOH

Mass Deworming

In July 2015, the Department of Health together with the Department of Education conducted Oplan: GoodBYE Bulate, a deworming program for Kinder to Grade 6 students.



Reach and Innovative Desired Rational Scores (RAIDeRs)

Hi-5's Reach and Innovative Desired Rational Scores intensified the Department's efforts to reach as many beneficiaries as possible and increase the number of fully immunized children. With the poor vulnerable population as a priority, it focused on tracing defaulters in vaccination and referred them to the different health services needed.



MDG 5: IMPROVE MATERNAL HEALTH

The Department continues to implement and reinforce the three-pronged strategy of Women's Health and Safe Motherhood: deployment of skilled human resources for health, construction and development of health facilities to support the referral system for basic and comprehensive emergency obstetric care, and reproductive or family planning services.

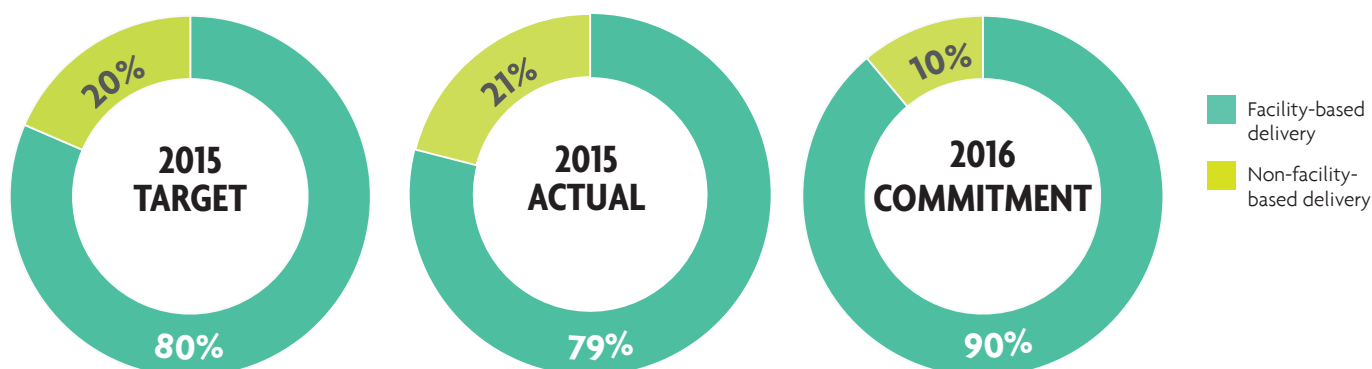
High impact breakthrough activities in regions nationwide were conducted to advocate for (1) Tama, Sigurado, Sapat, Makabuluhang Information System (TSISMIS), a program to ensure positive health outcomes for mothers through regular case monitoring of pregnant women and defaulters, including

provision of essential, accurate and timely information on healthy practices; and (2) RAIDeRS, a program which seeks defaulters in breastfeeding practices for counselling.

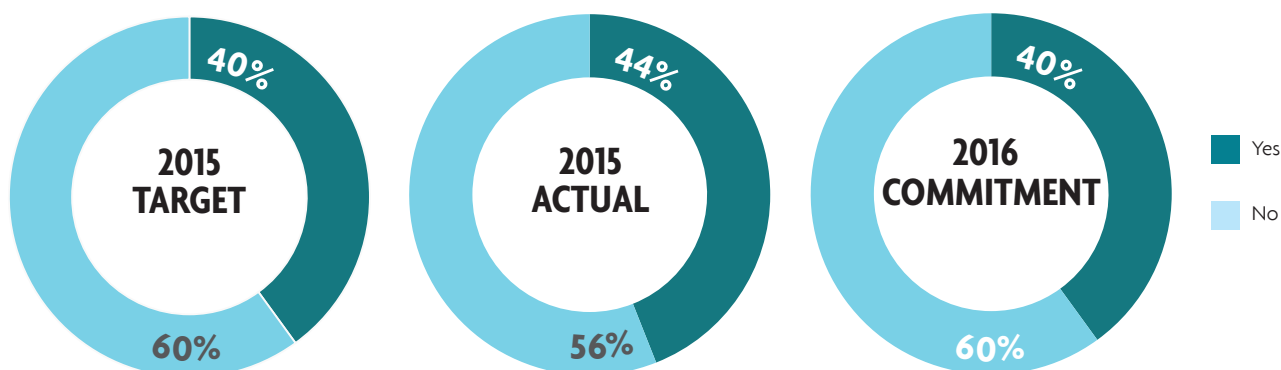
These activities were carried out in cooperation with officials and other health stakeholders in local government units.

The MDG target for maternal mortality rate (MMR) in 2015 was 52 deaths per 100,000 live births. The estimated MMR for the Philippines is 114. Through Hi-5, intensified efforts were undertaken in the areas of advocacy, community involvement, male participation, and women empowerment to improve this figure.

PROPORTION OF PREGNANT WOMEN DELIVERING AT HEALTH FACILITIES*



USE OF MODERN FAMILY PLANNING METHODS**



REDUCTION IN MATERNAL DEATHS FROM 2012 LEVEL

2015 TARGET
57%

2015 ACTUAL
39%

2016 COMMITMENT
60%

* Targets and accomplishments are both national level which includes government and private deliveries in all health facilities (RHUs, hospitals, clinics, etc.)

**Targets and accomplishments are both national level. Methods includes pills, DMPA (Depot Medoxyprogesterone Acetate), condom, IUD (Intrauterine Device), implants, BTL (Bilateral Tubal Ligation), NSV (Non-Scalpel Vasectomy), NFP-LAM (Lactational Amenorrhea Method) and NFP-FBA (Fertility Based Awareness)

Source: DOH KP Roadmap, 2015

MDG 6: COMBAT HIV/AIDS, MALARIA, AND OTHER DISEASES

HIV/AIDS

Though HIV prevalence remains at less than 1.0 percent, DOH explored various approaches to monitor HIV cases.



I-ACT

IA-cknowledge, **C**-hoose to be tested, **T**-ake action to fight campaign against HIV was launched on December 2015. The social media – inspired photo-booth campaign aims to promote HIV testing among the high risk key population of Filipinos 15 to 24 years of age. This age group comprised 186 out of 651 or 29 percent of new reported cases of HIV/AIDS.



H.I.V./A.I.D.S

Harmonious **I**nnovations for **V**ulnerable populations, **A**dvocacy and **I**ntensified **D**iagnostic **T**reatment **S**trategy is part of the Hi-5 strategy used to increase the number of counseled, screened, and tested against HIV. Activities included enhancement of HIV testing facilities, deployment of peer educator or counselor in vulnerable/target areas, as well as peer recruitment or walk-in system to promote diagnostic testing and treatment.



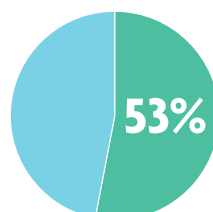
23RD MEETING OF THE ASEAN TASK FORCE ON AIDS

Hosted by Assistant Secretary Dr. Gerardo V. Bayugo on July 28, 2015, the meeting discussed the efforts and actions taken by the ASEAN countries to halt and reverse the spread of HIV/AIDS and to provide universal access to treatment of HIV/AIDS.

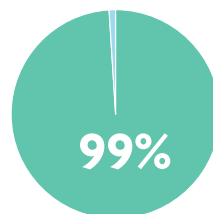
Tuberculosis (TB)

The Department continues its effective fight against TB by tracking its indicators. The Philippine target rate has now been set at 90 percent of TB case detection (all forms) and TB treatment success (all forms).

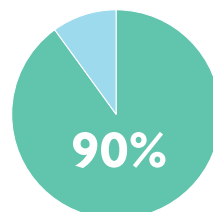
PROPORTION OF TB CASES DETECTED UNDER DOTS



BASELINE

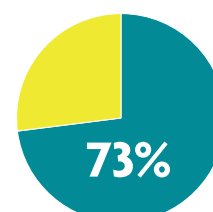


2015 ACTUAL

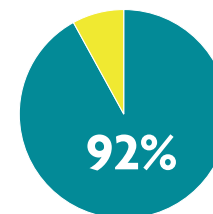


2016 COMMITMENT

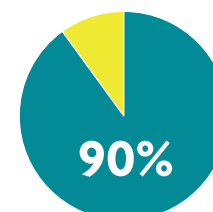
PROPORTION OF TB CASES CURED UNDER DOTS



BASELINE



2015 ACTUAL



2016 COMMITMENT

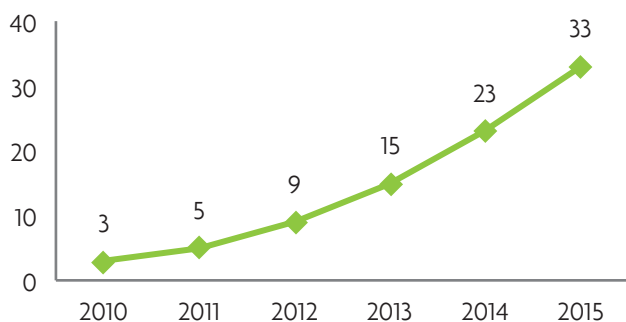
Source: DOH

DISEASE-FREE ZONE INITIATIVES: RABIES, MALARIA, DENGUE, FILARIASIS

Rabies

Ten municipalities were declared rabies-free in 2015 in addition to the twenty three areas reported in 2014. All of the 544,992 reported cases as of November 2015 were given post-exposure prophylaxis against rabies. Efforts are now in place to reach the goal incidence rate of 1.5 cases per million population by 2016.

RABIES-FREE AREAS, 2010-2015



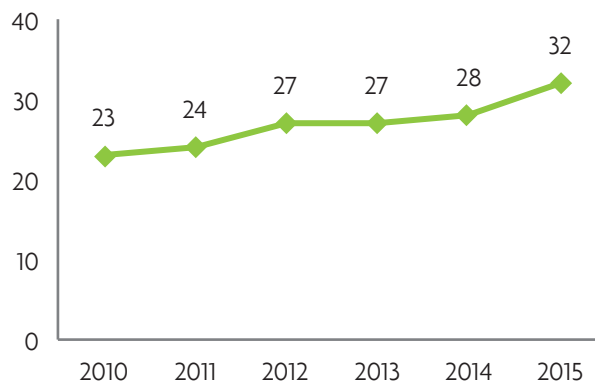
Source: DOH

Malaria

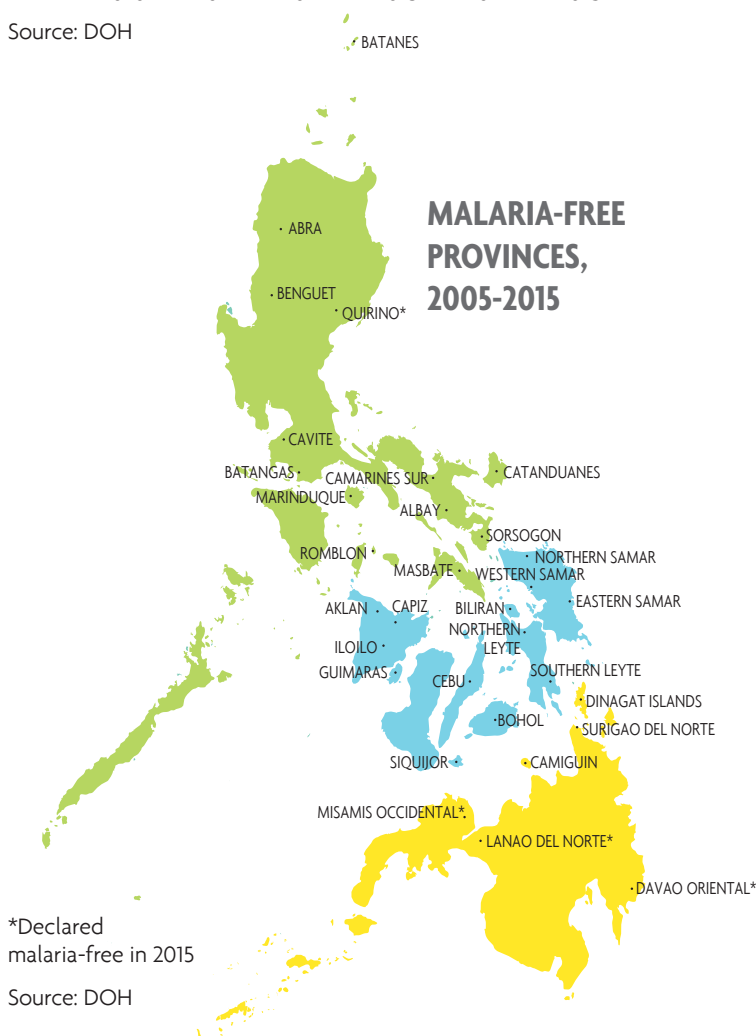
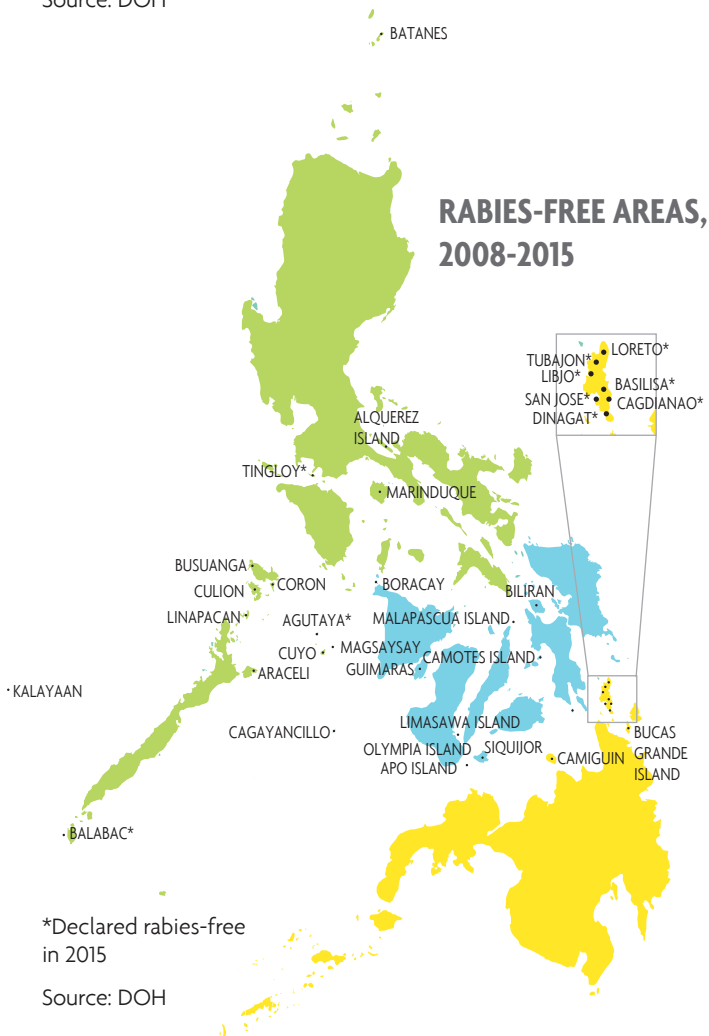
In 2015, 8,160 malaria cases were reported in the country, 57 of which were contracted outside the Philippines.

In the same year, the number of malaria-free provinces totalled 32. These provinces reported no local malaria infection in the last five years and maintained strong surveillance and response for the prevention of disease within their respective areas. By the end of 2017, three more provinces are targeted to be declared as malaria-free. Also, inter-regional collaboration centers have been established to support the efforts of regions and provinces in achieving and sustaining their malaria-free status.

MALARIA-FREE PROVINCES: 2010-2015



Source: DOH



Dengue

Deaths from dengue cases remained very low at 598 deaths or less than 1 percent of recorded dengue cases, equivalent to a case fatality rate of 0.30 percent.

Dengue Tetravalent Vaccine is now registered with the Philippine Food and Drug Administration and will soon be available in the market. The vaccine is approved for the prevention of disease caused by dengue virus serotypes 1, 2, 3, and 4 in individuals 9 to 45 years of age living in endemic areas.

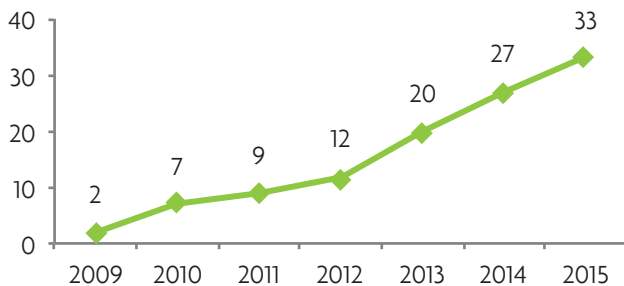
Brigada Kalinisan Para sa Kalusugan - Aksyon Barangay Kontra Dengue

In October 2015, The Department of Health together with the Department of Education, Department of Social Welfare and Development, Department of Interior and Local Government, and the local government unit of Marikina strengthened their partnership for the anti-dengue advocacy campaign in schools and communities. Among the highlights of the campaign was the installation of insecticide treated screens in public schools in Marikina City.

Filariasis

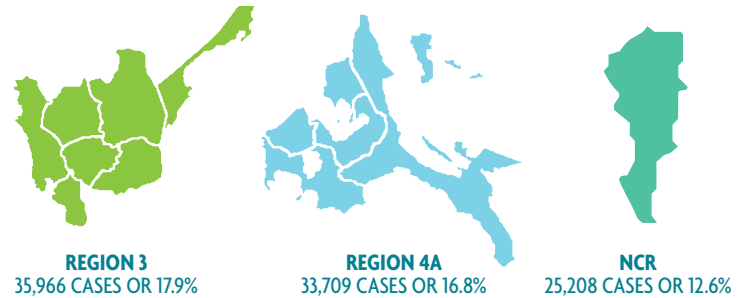
The National Filariasis Elimination Program continued with its intensified efforts to eradicate filariasis by 2018. The number of filariasis-free provinces increased from 27 in 2014 to 33 in 2015. The latest additions to the list were the provinces of Maguindanao, Zamboanga del Sur, Zamboanga Sibugay, Davao Oriental, Sarangani, and Agusan del Norte.

FILARIASIS-FREE PROVINCES: 2009-2015

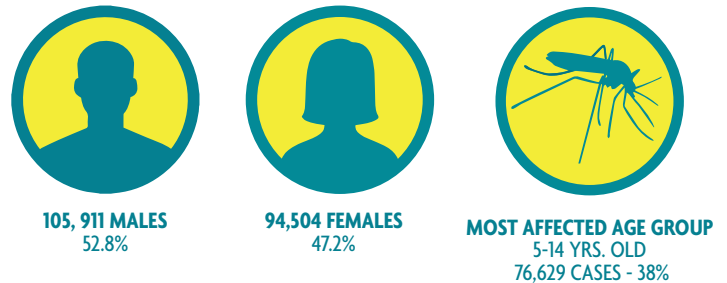


121,580 DENGUE CASES IN 2014 → **200,415** DENGUE CASES IN 2015

AREAS WITH THE MOST DENGUE CASES IN 2015

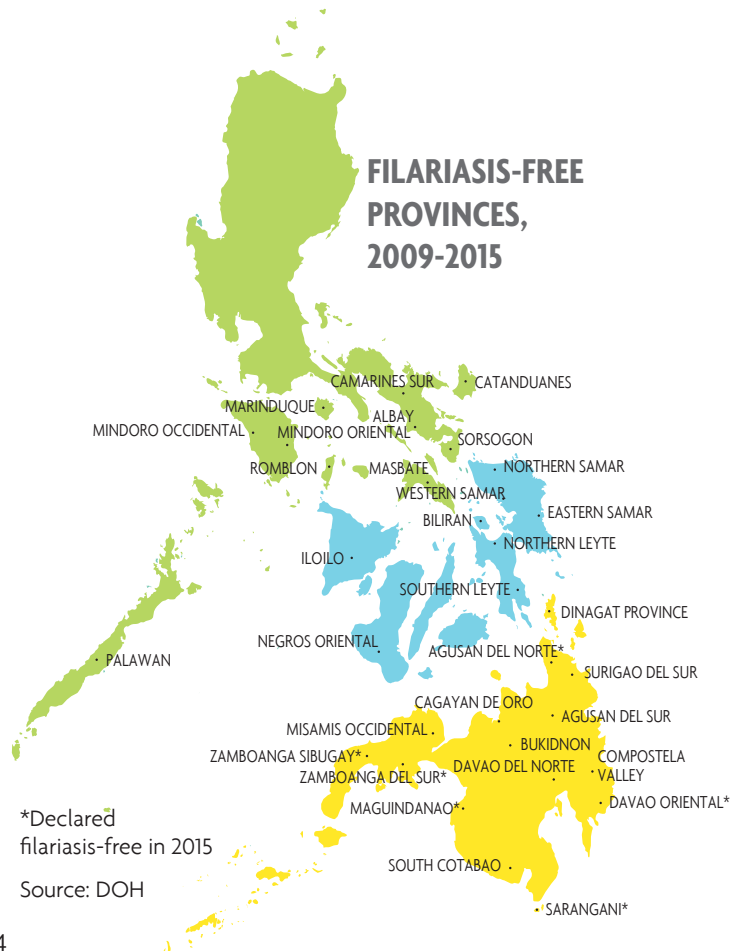


PROFILE OF CASES



Source: DOH

FILARIASIS-FREE PROVINCES, 2009-2015



EMERGING AND RE-EMERGING DISEASES

Ebola

As of April 2015, no Ebola cases were reported in the country.



However, precautions have been taken through intensive screening and a mandatory 21-day quarantine of overseas Filipino workers and travellers coming in from the three heavily affected countries with widespread transmission: Guinea, Liberia, and Sierra Leone.



Issuances and advisories were issued by the Department on ebola virus disease (EVD).



Training was provided on both hospital and community management of EVD to ensure the health and safety of the public, especially the healthcare providers who are directly exposed to possible positive patient encounters. A total of 744 participants attended the training from various institutions and organizations.

Mers-Corona Virus (MERS-CoV)

To ensure public safety, DOH takes necessary measures for the prevention and containment of MERS-CoV in the country. The Bureau of Quarantine and all other Department offices are directed to maintain surveillance activities and instruct travellers coming from MERS-CoV affected countries (Arabian Peninsula, South Korea, and China) to adhere to the observation of self-monitoring and home quarantine.



Travellers are advised to seek immediate consultation at the nearest health facility once they experience any symptoms of MERS-CoV.



The Department has also created Task Force MERS-CoV to heighten the awareness and vigilance of Filipinos against the disease.



In February 2015, the Philippines reported its first laboratory-confirmed case of MERS-CoV to the World Health Organization. The patient was admitted to the Research Institute for Tropical Medicine and no other case has since been identified.

DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AND A CHANGING CLIMATE

National Disaster Consciousness Month



The Department observed the National Disaster Consciousness Month in July 2015 with activities around the theme “Pamilya at Pamayanang Handa, Katuwang sa Pag-unlad ng Bansa.” The Health Emergency Management Bureau spearheaded the earthquake evacuation drills and subsequent fire drills in the Department’s offices. Officials and employees of the DOH central office as well as hospital personnel from Dr. Jose Fabella Memorial Hospital, San Lazaro Hospital, and Jose Reyes Memorial Medical Center took part in the metro-wide earthquake drill.

Climate Change Conference

In March 2015, a three-day National Conference on Climate Change and Water Safety for Health was conducted by the World Health Organization in collaboration with the Department of Health. In support of its theme “Water Safety: a Sustainable Measure of Health Adaptation for Climate Change,” the conference showcased emergency response and recovery and preparedness activities for water safety as part of climate change and health adaptation. The conference featured the recognition of water utilities with water safety plans reviewed by the Department and the signing of a declaration of support by participants.

OUTCOME 4: IMPROVED HEALTH GOVERNANCE



ISO Certification

As of December 2015, 45 out of 70 Department of Health hospitals were ISO certified.

ISO CERTIFIED DOH HOSPITALS	
1. National Kidney and Transplant Institute	24. Western Visayas Sanitarium
2. Quirino Memorial Medical Center	25. San Lorenzo Ruiz Women's Hospital
3. Philippine Children's Medical Center	26. Valenzuela Medical Center
4. Ilocos Training and Regional Medical Center	27. Southern Isabela General Hospital
5. Region 1 Medical Center	28. Talavera Extension Hospital
6. Rizal Medical Center	29. Cotabato Regional Medical Center
7. Mariano Marcos Memorial Hospital and Medical Center	30. Saint Anthony Mother and Child Hospital
8. Paulino J. Garcia Memorial Research & Medical Center	31. Baguio General Hospital and Medical Center
9. Bataan General Hospital	32. Veterans Regional Hospital
10. Eversley Child Sanitarium	33. Talisay District Hospital
11. Jose B. Lingad Memorial Regional Hospital	34. Western Visayas Medical Center
12. East Avenue Medical Center	35. Tondo Medical Center
13. Corazon Locsin Montelibano Memorial Regional Hospital	36. Luis Hora Memorial Hospital
14. Research Institute for Tropical Medicine	37. Dr. Jose Fabella Memorial Hospital
15. Bicol Medical Center	38. Batanes General Hospital
16. Mariveles Mental Hospital	39. Zamboanga City Medical Center
17. Bicol Sanitarium	40. Dr. Jose N. Rodriguez Memorial Hospital
18. Southern Philippines Medical Center	41. Far North Luzon General Hospital and Training Center
19. National Children's Hospital	42. San Lazaro Hospital
20. Batangas Medical Center	43. Northern Mindanao Medical Center
21. Bicol Regional Training and Teaching Hospital	44. Cagayan Valley Medical Center
22. Vicente Sotto Memorial Medical Center	45. Don Jose Monfort Medical Center and Extension Hospital
23. Don Emilio Del Valle Memorial Hospital	

Source: DOH

National Health Summit

The National Health Summit held on August 14, 2015, at Marriott Hotel in Pasay City brought together local chief executives, health officers, and representatives of the non-government and private sectors. The event which was co-sponsored by the European Union recognized the support network needed for Hi-5 implementation. Department of Health Secretary Dr. Janette Garin, Department of Education Secretary Brother Armin Luistro, and Department of Interior and Local Government Manuel Roxas II signed a Memorandum of Understanding for the provision of school-based barangay health stations and dental buses to selected areas nationwide.

Local Government Unit Awards

The Department of Health awarded exemplary provinces, cities, and municipalities with cash prizes in recognition of their valuable contribution to the achievement of universal health care. These local government units were conferred the awards of Excellence in Kalusugan Pangkalahatan, Red Orchid, National Sandugo, and Disease-Free Zone. The awarding ceremony was held at SMX Convention Center, Pasay City on February 20, 2015.

Forum 2015

For the first time, the Philippines hosted the Global Forum of the Council on Health Research for Development (COHRED). The four-day event held at the Philippine International Convention Center from August 24 to 27, 2015, had as its theme, “People at the Center for Research and Innovation for Health,” and as its hosts, COHRED, the Department of Science and Technology, and the Department of Health. Participants included executives from the three host institutions as well as representatives of academic institutions, international agencies, and government and private organizations. Among the topics discussed were emergencies and disasters, research and innovation, and food and nutrition.



World Health Organization Executive Board

Secretary of Health Dr. Janette Loreto-Garin represented the Philippines as a member of the WHO Executive Board. The country was selected to serve for a three-year term from 2015 to 2018. The Executive Board functions as the implementer of the World Health Assembly’s decisions and policies. It also provides technical advice and facilitates the assembly’s work.

Fifth Asia Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC) High Level Meeting 5 on Health and the Economy

The fifth APEC High Level Meeting 5 held at the Waterfront Hotel in Cebu City on August 30-31, 2015 gathered health ministers, as well as public and private stakeholders to discuss the Healthy Asia-Pacific 2020 Roadmap. The group agreed that implementing the “Healthy Asia Pacific 2020 Initiative” would mitigate threats to the Asia-Pacific Region’s people, trade, and economic security.

National Barangay Health Workers Convention



Continuing professional development is needed to be effective and efficient community health workers. The annual convention of barangay health workers (BHWs) was held at Vigan City, Ilocos Sur on May 12 to 13, 2015. During the event which featured the theme “BHWs, Kaagapay sa Kalusugan ng Bawat Pilipino,” the BHW Manual and Handbook was launched.

The First Philippine Antimicrobial Resistance Summit

To address the emerging public health threat of antimicrobial resistance (AMR), the Department brought together key partners to the New World Manila Bay Hotel from November 24 to 25, 2015, for the first AMR Summit in the ASEAN Region. In attendance were professional organizations, civil society groups, public and private sectors, and concerned government agencies. The event with the theme “One Health, One Nation against AMR” was held to increase awareness of AMR and to address the global problem through policy, planning, and research and development.



HEALTH POLICIES ISSUED

Hospitals

ISSUANCE NUMBER	TITLE
A.O. 2015-0046	Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act No. 8543 “An Act Converting the Basilan General Hospital in the Municipality of Isabela, Province of Basilan into a Tertiary Hospital under the Full Administrative and Technical Supervision of DOH Increasing Its Capacity to 100 beds and Appropriating Funds therefor”
A.O. 2015-0041	Implementing Rules and Regulations of RA No. 8200 “An Act Converting the Rizal Memorial District Hospital in Dapitan City into a Tertiary Hospital under the Full Administrative and Technical Supervision of the DOH Which Shall Be Known as the Dr. Jose Rizal Memorial Hospital, and Appropriating Funds therefor”
A.O. 2015-0040	Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act 8412 “An Act Converting the Margosatubig District Hospital in Margosatubig, Zamboanga del Sur into a Regional Hospital to Be Known as the Margosatubig Regional Hospital and to Increase the Bed Capacity to 300 beds and Appropriating Funds therefor”
A.O. 2015-0035	Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act No. 8599 “An Act Converting the Cagayan Valley Regional Hospital into a Medical Center to Be Known as the Cagayan Valley Medical Center and Authorizing the Appropriation of Funds therefor”
A.O. 2015-0034	Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act No. 8454 “An Act Upgrading the Batanes Provincial Hospital in Basco, Batanes to Tertiary Level II Hospital to Be Known as the Batanes General Hospital”
A.O. 2015-0023	Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act No. 8561 “ An Act Upgrading the Bataan Provincial Hospital in the Province of Bataan into a Tertiary Level II Hospital Increasing Its Bed Capacity to 350 under the Direct Control, Supervision and Management of the DOH and Appropriating Funds therefor and for Other Purposes”
A.O. 2015-0022	Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act No. 9240 “An Act Converting the Las Pinas Hospital in Metro Manila into a Medical Center to Be Known as the Las Pinas General Hospital and Satellite Trauma Center and Appropriating Funds therefor”
A.O. 2015-0019	Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act No. 8527 “An Act Increasing the Bed Capacity of Dr. Paulino J. Garcia Memorial Research and Medical Center Extension Hospital in the Municipality of Talavera, Nueva Ecija from 10 to 50 Beds Capacity and Appropriating Funds therefor”
A.O. 2015-0018	Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act No. 8338 “ An Act Upgrading the Southern Isabela District Hospital in Santiago City, Province of Isabela into a Tertiary General Hospital to Be Known as the Southern Isabela General Hospital and Appropriating Funds therefor”
A.O. 2015-0016	Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act No. 9790 “An Act Converting the Culion Sanitarium in the Municipality of Culion, Province of Palawan into the Culion Sanitarium and General Hospital and Appropriating Funds therefor”

Hospitals (continued)

ISSUANCE NUMBER	TITLE
A.O. 2015-0015	Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act No. 8345 “An Act Increasing the Bed Capacity of the EAMC, located in Quezon City, from 350 to 600 Beds, Upgrading the Service Facilities and Professional Health Care therein and Appropriating Funds therefor”
A.O. 2015-0014	Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act No. 9419 “An Act Increasing the Bed Capacity of the Amang Rodriguez Memorial Medical Center from 150 to 300 Beds and Appropriating Funds therefor”
A.O. 2015-0013	Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act No. 8634 “An Act Increasing the Bed Capacity of the Baguio General Hospital and Medical Center, located in Baguio City, from 400 to 500 Beds and Appropriating Funds therefor”
A.O. 2015-0012	Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act No. 8549 “An Act Upgrading the 75 Bed Capacity of Puerto Princesa Provincial Hospital in the City of Puerto Princesa, Province of Palawan into a Tertiary Level Hospital, Increasing the Capacity to 150 Beds, to Be Known as the Ospital ng Palawan and Appropriating Funds therefor”
A.O. 2015-0011	Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act No. 9791 “An Act Amending Republic Act No. 7532 Converting the Batangas Regional Hospital to the Batangas Medical Center, Further Increasing Bed Capacity to 500 Beds and Appropriating Funds therefor”
A.O. 2015-0010	Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act No. 8411 “An Act Amending Republic Act No. 7364 Converting the Ilocos Regional Hospital to Ilocos Training and Regional Medical Center, Further Increasing Bed Capacity to 300 Beds and Appropriating Funds therefor”

Public Health

ISSUANCE NUMBER	TITLE
A.O. 2015-0050	Designation of the Research Institute for Tropical Medicine as the National Reference Laboratory for Rotavirus and Other Enteric Viruses
A.O. 2015-0048	Revised Procedures on Handling Administrative Disciplinary Complaints in the Department of Health
A.O. 2015-0047	Guidelines on the Implementation of the Kapit Bisig Para sa Kalusugan Pangkalahatan [Medical-Surgical Caravan]
A.O. 2015-0044	Reiteration of DOH Policies and Governance Procedures to Address Disease Outbreaks
A.O. 2015-0043	Monitoring and Evaluation Framework on the Implementation of the Universal Health Care-High Impact Five (UHC-HI5) Strategy
A.O. 2015-0042	Guidelines for the Establishment of the Department of Health Academy
A.O. 2015-0039	Guidelines for Managing Tuberculosis Control Program during Emergencies and Disasters
A.O. 2015-0037	National Implementation of Health Data Standards for eHealth Standardization and Information Interoperability
A.O. 2015-0036	Recognition and Terms of Reference of the Subnational Laboratories to Augment Laboratory Support to National Surveillance and Outbreak Investigations

Public Health (continued)

ISSUANCE NUMBER	TITLE
A.O. 2015-0033	Guidelines on the Implementation of the Universal Health Care- High Impact Five (UHC-HI5) Strategy for DOH Hospitals
A.O. 2015-0032	Revised Technical Guidelines for Implementing DOTS Strategies in Jails and Prisons
A.O. 2015-0030	Guidelines on the Implementation of the National School Deworming Day
A.O. 2015-0029	Revised Policies and Guidelines on Hospital TB-DOTS under the National TB Control Program
A.O. 2015-0028	Guidelines on the Implementation of the Universal Health Care-High Impact Five (UHC-HI5) Strategy
A.O. 2015-0027	Guidelines on the Registration and Mapping of Conscientious Objectors and Exempt Health Facilities Pursuant to the Responsible Parenthood and Reproductive Health Act
A.O. 2015-0026	Implementing Guidelines for the Public Health Associate Deployment Program
A.O. 2015-0025	Amended Guidelines for the Implementation of the Medical Assistance to Indigent and Poor Patients in Government Hospitals
A.O. 2015-0024	Implementation Guidelines on Integrated Tuberculosis Information System
A.O. 2015-0021	Guidelines on the Deployment of Physicians Graduating from Residency Training Programs in Department of Health-Retained Teaching and Training Hospitals
A.O. 2015-0020	Guidelines in the Administration of Life-Saving Drugs during Maternal Care Emergencies by Nurses and Midwives in Birthing Centers
A.O. 2015-0017	Guidelines on the Use of National Database of Human Resources for Health Information System
A.O. 2015-0009	National Policy on the Health and Wellness Program for Senior Citizens
A.O. 2014-0037-A	Amendment to Administrative Order No. 2014-0037 on Templates and Guidelines on the Use of Templates of Graphic Health Warnings Pursuant to Republic Act No. 10643 “An Act to Effectively Instill Health Consciousness through Graphic Health Warnings on Tobacco Products” dated October 27, 2014
A.O. 2015-0008	Revised Implementing Guidelines for the Turnover and Closure of Foreign Assisted Projects Prior to Project Closing Date
A.O. 2015-0006	Inclusion of Progestin Subdermal Implant as One of the Modern Methods Recognized by the National Family Planning Program
A.O. 2015-0005	Guidelines on the Performance Evaluation of In-Vitro Diagnostic Reagents (Human Immuno Deficiency Virus (HIV), Hepatitis B Virus (HBV), Hepatitis C Virus (HCV), and Syphilis Screening Confirmatory and Disease Monitoring Test Kits)
A.O. 2015-0004	Revised National Policy on Strengthening the Health and Wellness Program for Persons with Disabilities
A.O. 2015-0002	Creation of a National Implementation Team and Regional Implementation Teams for Republic Act No. 10354 “Responsible Parenthood and Reproductive Health Law of 2012”

Governance

ISSUANCE NUMBER	TITLE
A.O. 2015-0048	Revised Procedures on Handling Administrative Disciplinary Complaints in the Department of Health
A.O. 2015-0037	National Implementation of Health Data Standard for eHealth Standardization and Information Interoperability
A.O. 2015-0017	Guidelines on the Use of National Database of Human Resources for Health Information System (NDHRHIS)
A.O. 2015-0008	Revised Implementing Guidelines for the Turn-Over and Closure of Foreign Assisted Projects (FAPs) Prior to Project Closing Date

Regulation

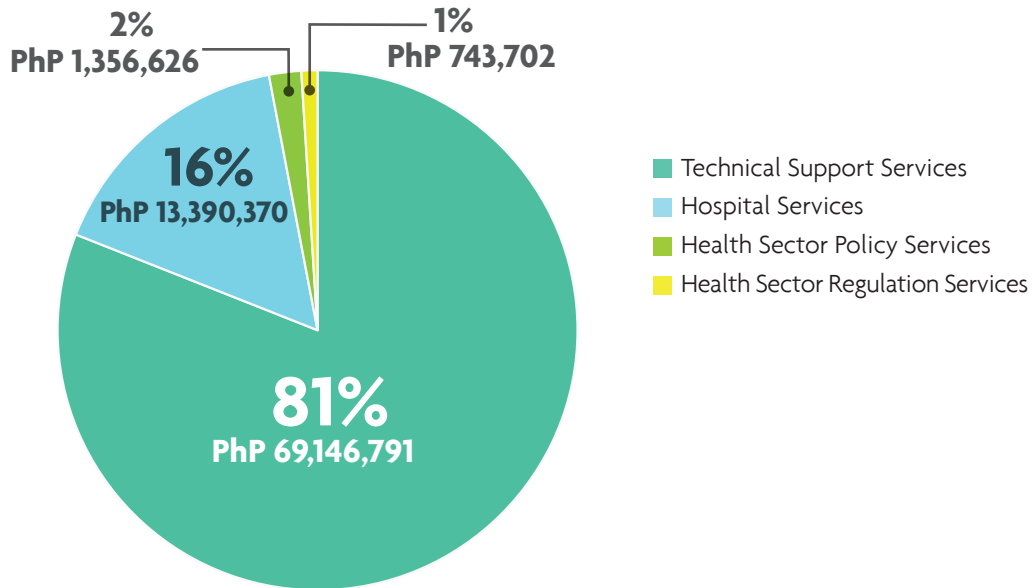
ISSUANCE NUMBER	TITLE
A.O. 2015-0049	Rules and Regulations Governing the Antimicrobial Resistance Surveillance Program Accreditation of Bacteriology Laboratories in the Philippines for the PhilHealth Reimbursement of Select Antibiotics in the Philippine National Drug Formulary
A.O. 2015-0045	New Maximum Allowable Service Fees for Whole Blood and Blood Components in Blood Service Facilities
A.O. 2015-0038	Removing the Requirements of Licensing as Importers, Exporters, Manufacturers, Total Manufacturer, Wholesalers, Distributors, Retailers, or Re-Packers of Those Engaged in Certain Household/Urban Hazardous Substances and from the Requirement of Prior Registration and/or Notification of Said Products
A.O. 2012-0012-A	Amendment to Administrative Order No. 2012-0012 “Rules and Regulations Governing the New Classification of Hospitals and Other Health Facilities in the Philippines”
A.O. 2015-0031	Amended Guidelines for the Implementation of Republic Act No. 747 “An Act to Regulate the Fees to Be Charged against Patients in Government Hospitals and Charity Clinics Classifying Patients according to their Financial Condition”
A.O. 2015-0007	Implementing Rules and Regulations of Republic Act No. 10611 “An Act to Strengthen the Food Safety Regulatory System in the Country to Protect Consumer Health and Facilitate Market Access of Local Food” otherwise known as the “Food Safety Act of 2013”
A.O. 2015-0003	Rescission of Administrative Order No. 2011-0014 “Guidelines on the Certification of Health Facilities with Basic Emergency Obstetrics and Newborn Care (BEmONC) Capacity” dated September 15, 2011
A.O. 2015-0001	Regulations on the Conduct of Fact Finding Activities, Gathering and Monitoring of Information on the Risks and Actions Associated with the Use of Devices including Compliance Monitoring and Post-Marketing Surveillance

Source: DOH

2015 BUDGET

DOH Budget by Major Final Output, 2015

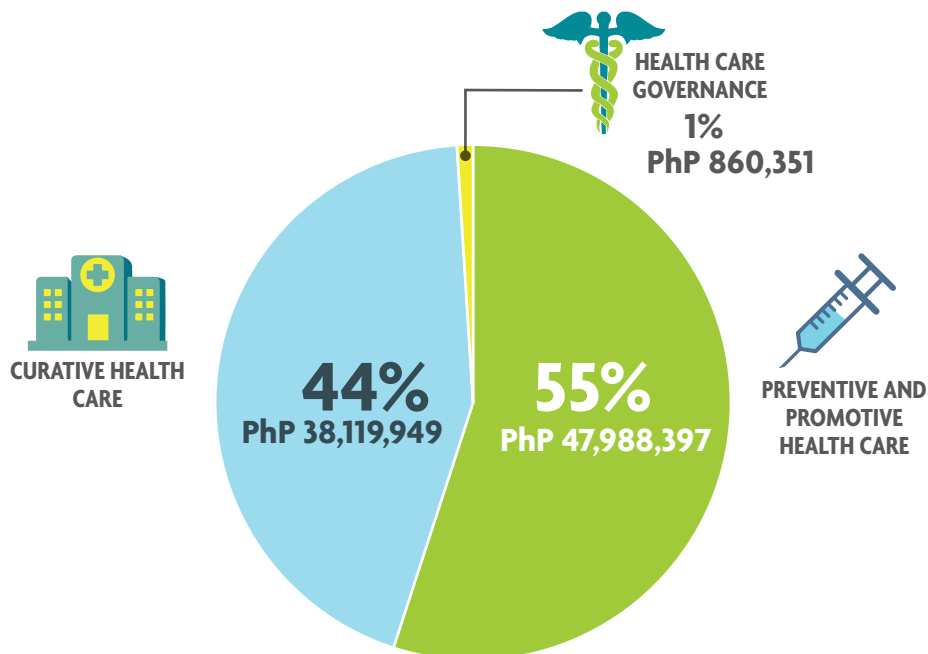
The total budget for 2015 increased by 4 percent from 2014.



Source: DOH

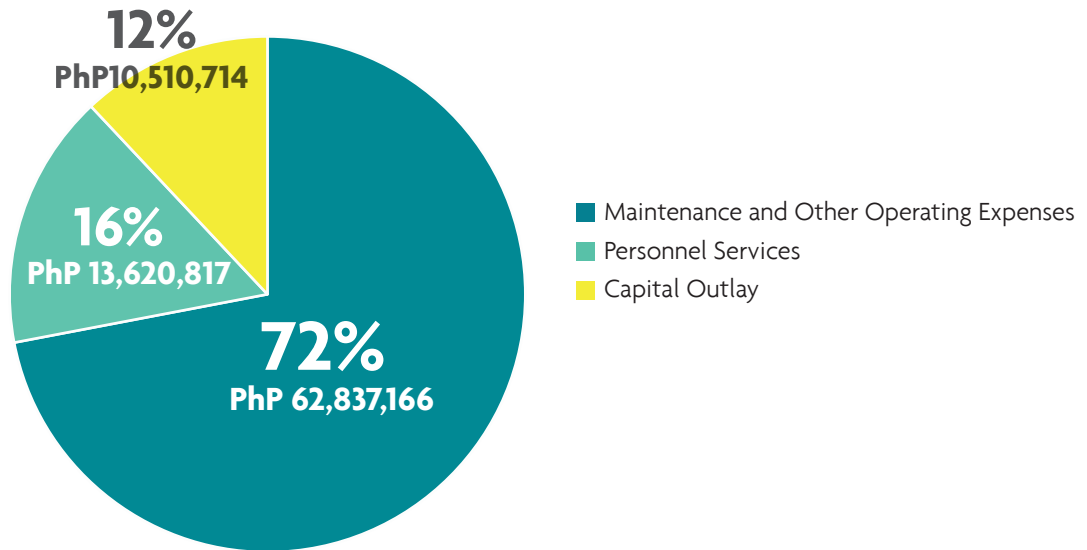
DOH Budget by Continuum of Care, 2015

In 2015, programs funded under preventive and promotive health care included health promotion, national immunization, control of infectious diseases, and regulation. DOH hospital operations and upgrading of DOH and local government unit hospitals nationwide were funded under curative health care. Lastly, health care governance ensured improvement in health systems and timely disease surveillance.



Source: DOH

DOH Budget by Expense Class, 2015



Source: DOH

Sin Tax Incremental Revenue, 2015

ITEM	AMOUNT IN MILLIONS (PhP)		
	2013 BASELINE	2015 GAA	SIN TAX INCREMENT
PhilHealth	12.63	37.19	24.56
Millenium Development Goals (MDP) & Others	24.16	29.44	5.28
Health Facilities Enhancement Program (HFEP)	13.56	10.69	-
Human Resources for Health (HRH)	2.88	4.26	1.38
Medical Assistance Program (MAP) & Health Enhancement Facilities Program (HEFP)	0.00	5.40	5.40
TOTAL (Php)	53.23	86.97	33.74*

* less PhP2.87B which is the difference between the 2013 and 2015 HFEP allocation
Source: DOH

Sin tax incremental revenue contributed PhP 34 billion to the PhP 87 billion budget of the Department of Health in 2015. Additions were made to the 2013 budget levels of PhilHealth (PhP 24 billion), MDGs & Others (PhP 5 billion), and the deployment of HRH (PhP 1 billion). A new budget item, MAP & HEFP, was allotted PhP 5 billion.



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