# UNITE to End TB

TB Financing in 2014

www.globaltbcaucus.org



#### **KEY NUMBERS (2014)**



People who **Developed TB** 60,320



**People with TB Diagnosed and Treated** 53 %



**Deaths from TB** 

14,087

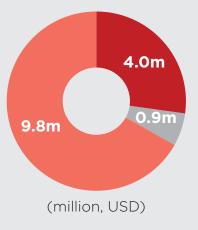


**People with MDR-TB** among those notified

1.100

#### THE FUNDING

- domestic funded
- internationally funded
- funding gap



#### **National TB Budget**

As reported by **National TB Programme** 



## UNITE to End TB



### **AFGHANISTAN**

#### SUPPORT BY GLOBAL FUND TO FIGHT AIDS, TB AND MALARIA

Funding Area	Performance	Funding Recipient	Period of Grant Agreement	Amount, including
Health Systems Strengthening	adequate	The Ministry of Public Health of the Islamic Republic of Afghanistan	1. 4. 2015 -31. 12. 2017	1,653,407 788,673 2,442,080
Health Systems Strengthening	not yet rated	United Nations Development Programme, Afghanistan	1. 4. 2015 -31. 12. 2017	5,149,189 2,935,677 8,084,866
Tuberculosis	adequate	The Ministry of Public Health of the Islamic Republic of Afghanistan	1. 4. 2015 -31. 12. 2017	681,998 1,548,199 2,230,197
Tuberculosis	adequate	United Nations Development Programme, Afghanistan	1. 4. 2015 -31. 12. 2017	4,626,979 6,375,867 11,002,846





Tuberculosis is one of the world's top health challenges and the leading cause of death from an infectious disease globally.

There were **9.6 million new cases** and **1.5 million TB deaths** in 2014.



In September 2015, governments endorsed the UN Global Development Goals, including a target to End TB by 2030. To achieve this target, increased investments for tuberculosis are essential.



Of the **\$13 billion per year required** to fully fund the global TB response called for in the Global Plan to End TB 2016-2020, only \$6.6 billion was funded in 2014.

Increased domestic financing is critical to fill this gap, but many countries depend on the Global Fund to Fight AIDS, TB and Malaria to support their TB response. Governments must fully fund the Global Fund with the \$13 billion required at their fifth replenishment conference taking place in 2016.

The world has a historic opportunity to end the TB epidemic.

Join us in calling on governments to fully fund the fight against TB.



