VIET NAM

EPIDEMIC ESTIMATES

New HIV infections			
New HIV infections (all ages)	16 000	9600	5700
	[14 000–17 000]	[8500–10 000]	[5200–6300]
New HIV infections (0-14)	570	<500	<500
	[<500–730]	[<500–570]	[<200-<500]
New HIV infections (women, 15+)	5100	3200	2100
	[4400–5700]	[2800–3500]	[1800–2300]
New HIV infections (men, 15+)	10 000	5900	3300
	[8900–11 000]	[5200–6400]	[3000–3700]
HIV incidence per 1000 population	0.18 [0.16–0.2]	0.1 [0.09–0.11]	0.06 [0.05–0.07]
AIDS-related deaths			
AIDS-related deaths (all ages)	8500	6100	4700
	[6400–9800]	[4400–7700]	[3200–6200]
AIDS-related deaths (0-14)	<500	<200	<200
	[<200– <500]	[<200– <500]	[<100- <200]
AIDS-related deaths (women, 15+)	2400	1500	1000
	[1700–2900]	[1100–1900]	[690–1400]
AIDS-related deaths (men, 15+)	5800	4400	3500
	[4500–6600]	[3200–5500]	[2500–4700]
People living with HIV			
People living with HIV (all ages)	220 000	230 000	230 000
	[180 000–250 000]	[200 000–260 000]	[200 000–260 000]
People living with HIV (0-14)	3800	5000	5000
	[3200–4400]	[4000–5700]	[4000–5900]
People living with HIV (women, 15+)	61 000	71 000	74 000
	[52 000–69 000]	[62 000–79 000]	[65 000–83 000]
People living with HIV (men, 15+)	150 000	150 000	150 000
	[130 000–170 000]	[130 000–170 000]	[130 000–170 000]
HIV prevalence (15–49)	0.4 [0.3–0.4]	0.3 [0.3–0.4]	0.3 [0.3–0.4]

LAWS AND POLICIES

Laws criminalizing the transmission of, non-disclosure of or exposure to HIV transmission	Yes
Criminalization of sex work among consenting adults	Any criminalization or punitive regulation of sex work
Criminalization of same-sex sexual acts	No specific legislation
Drug use or possession for personal use is an offence	Possession of drugs for personal use or drug use and/or consumption are specified as non-criminal offences
Criminalization of transgender people	Neither criminalized nor prosecuted
Laws or policies restricting the entry, stay and residence of people living with HIV	No
Parental consent for adolescents to access HIV testing	Yes, for adolescents younger than 16 years
Spousal consent for married women to access sexual and reproductive health services	No
Mandatory HIV testing for marriage, work or residence permits or for certain groups	Yes

STIGMA AND DISCRIMINATION

Percentage of women aged 15–49 years who	2011
report discriminatory attitudes towards people	
living with HIV	36.6

2014

29.2

Percentage of people living with HIV denied health services because of their HIV status in the last 12 months

Percentage of people living with HIV who reported a health-care professional told others about their HIV status without their consent

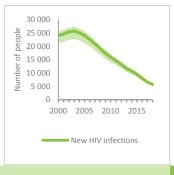
VIOLENCE

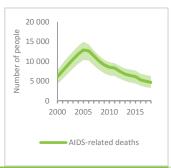
Proportion of ever-married or partnered women aged 15–49 years who experienced physical or sexual violence from a male intimate partner in the past 12 months

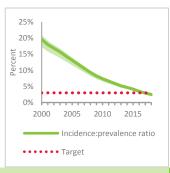
EXPENDITURES

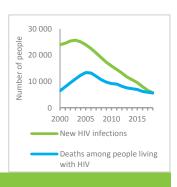
Financing sources						
			International: PEPFAR	International: Global Fund	International: all others	
Last available report: 2012		\$30 327 094	\$28 917 091	\$19 495 015	\$14 805 388	\$95 446 487

EPIDEMIC TRANSITION METRICS









Change in new
HIV infections = since 2010

= -64%

Change in AIDS related deaths since 2010

-45%

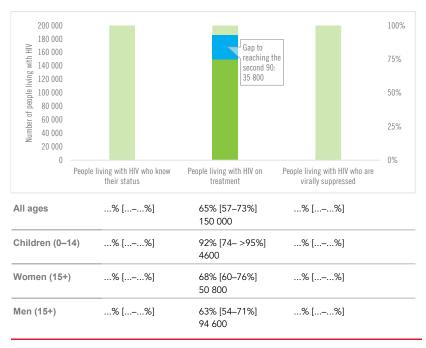
Incidence: prevalence ratio

= 2%

KEY POPULATIONS

Estimated size of population			190 000	
HIV prevalence	3.6%	10.8%	11.0%	
Know their HIV status	50.8%	64.7%	52.6%	
Antiretroviral therapy coverage	21.3%	23.3%	53.4%	
Condom use	85.4%	63.0%	36.5%	
Coverage of HIV prevention programmes	24.8%	24.7%	28.2%	
Avoidance of health care because of stigma and discrimination				
Expenditures (0)				

HIV TESTING AND TREATMENT CASCADE



ELIMINATION OF MOTHER-TO-CHILD TRANSMISSION

Percentage of pregnant women living with HIV	46%	81%
accessing antiretroviral medicines	[37–54%]	[69->95%]
Early infant diagnosis	%	50.8%
Larry Illiant diagnosis	[%]	[43.2-59.8%]

HIV COMORBIDITIES

Estimated number of incident tuberculosis cases among people living with HIV (2017)	4500 [3700 –5400]
People living with HIV who started TB preventive therapy (2017)	31.4%
Cervical cancer screening of women living with HIV	
People coinfected with HIV and hepatitis B virus receiving combined treatment	
People coinfected with HIV and hepatitis C virus starting hepatitis C treatment	

HIV PREVENTION

Adults aged 15+ years with unsuppressed viral load

Knowledge of HIV prevention among young people aged 15–24 years (2014)

— Women	49.3%
— Men	
Condom use at last sex with a non-marital, non-cohabiting partner	
— Women	
— Men	

Women aged 15–49 years who have their demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods

Men aged 15–49 years who are circumcised	Not applicable
Voluntary medical male circumcisions performed according to national standards	Not applicable
People who received PrEP at least once during the reporting period (2018)	2429
Harm reduction	

 Use of sterile injecting equipment at last injection (2017) 	98%
 Needles and syringes distributed per person who injects (2018) 	117
 Coverage of opioid substitution therapy (2018) 	27.5%
— Naloxone available (2019)	Yes
— Safe injection rooms available (2019)	No